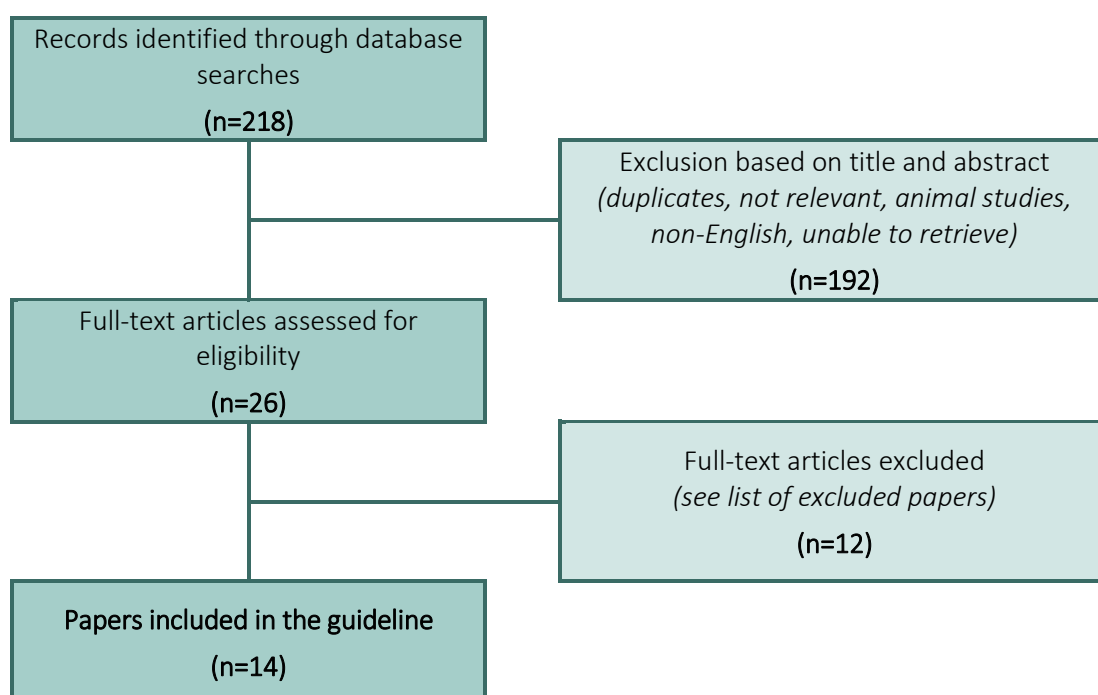


# Annex 7: Literature study: flowcharts, list of excluded studies

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## 1. ARE HEALTH BEHAVIOUR MODIFICATIONS RELEVANT FOR REDUCING THE RISK OF MISCARRIAGE IN WOMEN WITH A HISTORY OF RPL?

### Flowchart

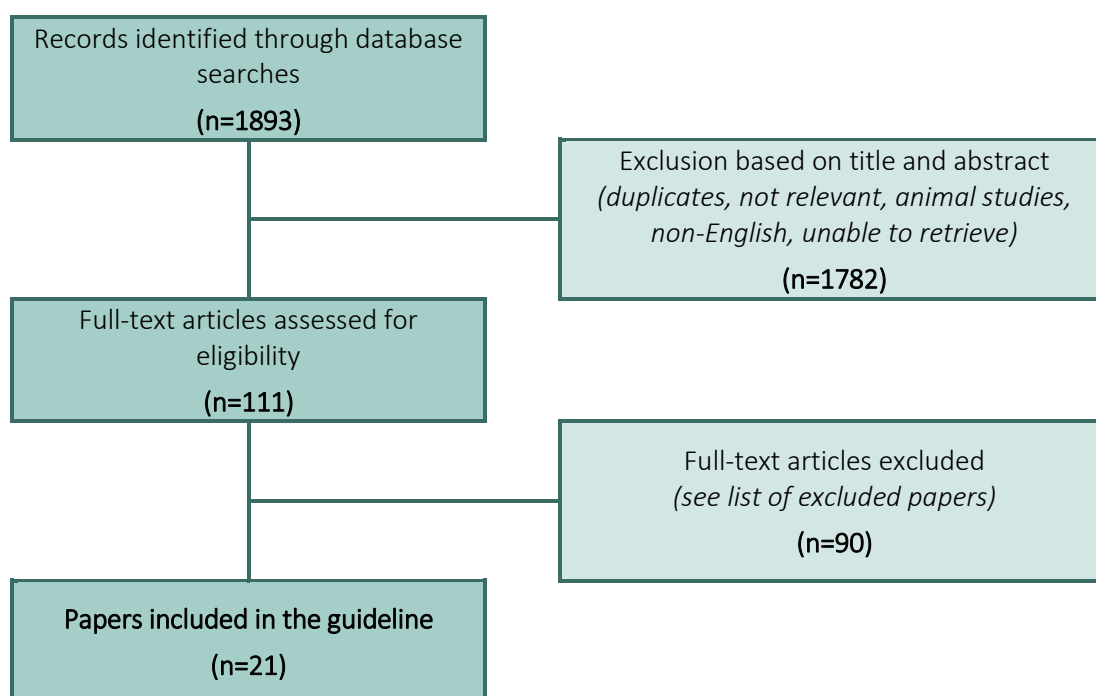


## List of excluded papers

|   | EXCLUSION CRITERION      |
|---|--------------------------|
| Bailey BA, Byrom AR. Factors predicting birth weight in a low-risk sample: the role of modifiable pregnancy health behaviors. <i>Maternal and child health journal</i> 2007;11: 173-179.  | Not RPL                  |
| Benedict MD, Missmer SA, Vahratian A, Berry KF, Vitonis AF, Cramer DW, Meeker JD. Secondhand tobacco smoke exposure is associated with increased risk of failed implantation and reduced IVF success. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2011;26: 2525-2531.       | Not RPL                  |
| Cavallo F, Russo R, Zotti C, Camerlengo A, Ruggenini AM. Moderate alcohol consumption and spontaneous abortion. <i>Alcohol and alcoholism</i> 1995;30: 195-201.   | Not RPL                  |
| de Weerd S, Steegers-Theunissen RP, de Boo TM, Thomas CM, Steegers EA. Maternal periconceptional biochemical and hematological parameters, vitamin profiles and pregnancy outcome. <i>European journal of clinical nutrition</i> 2003;57: 1128-1134.      | Not RPL                  |
| Derbyshire E, Abdula S. Habitual caffeine intake in women of childbearing age. <i>Journal of human nutrition and dietetics</i> 2008;21: 159-164.  | Not RPL                  |
| Fedorcsak P, Storeng R, Dale PO, Tanbo T, Abyholm T. Obesity is a risk factor for early pregnancy loss after IVF or ICSI. <i>Acta obstetrica et gynecologica Scandinavica</i> 2000;79: 43-48.   | Pregnancy loss after ART |
| Hebel JR, Nowicki P, Sexton M. The effect of antismoking intervention during pregnancy: an assessment of interactions with maternal characteristics <i>American journal of epidemiology</i> . 1985, pp. 135-148.  | Not RPL                  |
| Henriksen TB, Hjollund NH, Jensen TK, Bonde JP, Andersson AM, Kolstad H, Ernst E, Giwercman A, Skakkebaek NE, Olsen J. Alcohol consumption at the time of conception and spontaneous abortion. <i>American journal of epidemiology</i> 2004;160: 661-667. | Not RPL                  |
| Jukic AM, Weinberg CR, Baird DD, Wilcox AJ. The association of maternal factors with delayed implantation and the initial rise of urinary human chorionic gonadotrophin. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2011;26: 920-926.                                      | Not RPL                  |
| Juutilainen J, Hatfield T, Laara E. Evaluating alternative exposure indices in epidemiologic studies on extremely low-frequency magnetic fields. <i>Bioelectromagnetics</i> 1996;17: 138-143.   | Not RPL                  |
| Kirkham C, Harris S, Grzybowski S. Evidence-based prenatal care: Part I. General prenatal care and counseling issues. <i>American family physician</i> 2005;71: 1307-1316.  | Not RPL                  |
| Reindollar RH. Contemporary issues for spontaneous abortion. Does recurrent abortion exist? <i>Obstetrics and gynecology clinics of North America</i> 2000;27: 541-554.   | Narrative                |

## 2. WHAT ARE THE KNOWN RISK FACTORS OF RPL?

### Flowchart



## List of excluded papers

|  | EXCLUSION CRITERION  |
|--|--|
| Determinants of cervical Chlamydia trachomatis infection in Italy. The Italian MEGIC Group. <i>Genitourinary medicine</i> 1993;69: 123-125.  | Chlamydia trachomatis infection                                  |
| Absalan F, Ghannadi A, Kazerooni M, Parifar R, Jamalzadeh F, Amiri S. Value of sperm chromatin dispersion test in couples with unexplained recurrent abortion. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 2012;29: 11-14.  | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
| Ajayi OO, Charles-Davies MA, Arinola OG. Progesterone, selected heavy metals and micronutrients in pregnant Nigerian women with a history of recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>African health sciences</i> 2012;12: 153-159.  | too small to draw conclusions                                    |
| Alijotas-Reig J, Garrido-Gimenez C. Current concepts and new trends in the diagnosis and management of recurrent miscarriage. <i>Obstetrical &amp; gynecological survey</i> 2013;68: 445-466.  | Review of unacceptable quality                                   |
| Andalib A, Rezaie A, Oreizi F, Shafiei K, Baluchi S. A study on stress, depression and NK cytotoxic potential in women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Iranian journal of allergy, asthma, and immunology</i> 2006;5: 9-16.  | stress versus immune system only not relevant                    |
| Baker VL, Luke B, Brown MB, Alvero R, Frattarelli JL, Usadi R, Grainger DA, Armstrong AY. Multivariate analysis of factors affecting probability of pregnancy and live birth with in vitro fertilization: an analysis of the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology Clinic Outcomes Reporting System. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2010;94: 1410-1416. | IVF  |
| Baltaci V, Aygun N, Akyol D, Karakaya AE, Sardas S. Chromosomal aberrations and alkaline comet assay in families with habitual abortion. <i>Mutation research</i> 1998;417: 47-55.   | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
| Barraud-Lange V, Pont JC, Ziyat A, Pocate K, Sifer C, Cedrin-Durnerin I, Fechtali B, Ducot B, Wolf JP. Seminal leukocytes are Good Samaritans for spermatozoa. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2011;96: 1315-1319.  | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
| Bellver J, Meseguer M, Muriel L, Garcia-Herrero S, Barreto MA, Garda AL, Remohi J, Pellicer A, Garrido N. Y chromosome microdeletions, sperm DNA fragmentation and sperm oxidative stress as causes of recurrent spontaneous abortion of unknown etiology. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2010;25: 1713-1721.   | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
| Bellver J, Rossal LP, Bosch E, Zuniga A, Corona JT, Melendez F, Gomez E, Simon C, Remohi J, Pellicer A. Obesity and the risk of spontaneous abortion after oocyte donation. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2003;79: 1136-1140.   | Included in question 1   |
| Bhattacharya SM. Association of various sperm parameters with unexplained repeated early pregnancy loss—which is most important? <i>International urology and nephrology</i> 2008;40: 391-395.   | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
| Bhattacharya SM. Hypo-osmotic swelling test and unexplained repeat early pregnancy loss. <i>The journal of obstetrics and gynaecology research</i> 2010;36: 119-122.   | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
| Boots C, Stephenson MD. Does obesity increase the risk of miscarriage in spontaneous conception: a systematic review. <i>Seminars in reproductive medicine</i> 2011;29: 507-513.   | Included in question 1   |
| Boots CE, Bernardi LA, Stephenson MD. Frequency of euploid miscarriage is increased in obese women with recurrent early pregnancy loss. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2014;102: 455-459.  | Included in question 1   |
| Brahem S, Mehdi M, Landolsi H, Mougou S, Elghezal H, Saad A. Semen parameters and sperm DNA fragmentation as causes of recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Urology</i> 2011;78: 792-796.  | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
| Carrell DT, Liu L, Peterson CM, Jones KP, Hatasaka HH, Erickson L, Campbell B. Sperm DNA fragmentation is increased in couples with unexplained recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Archives of andrology</i> 2003;49: 49-55.   | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
| Carrell DT, Wilcox AL, Lowy L, Peterson CM, Jones KP, Erickson L, Campbell B, Branch DW, Hatasaka HH. Elevated sperm chromosome aneuploidy and apoptosis in patients with unexplained recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 2003;101: 1229-1235.  | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |

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|---|---|
| Chaichian S, Shoaee S, Saremi A, Pedar S, Firouzi F. Factors influencing success rate of leukocyte immunization and anti-paternal antibodies in spontaneous recurrent miscarriage. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2007;57: 169-176.                           | history of infectious disease only  |
| Chakraborty P, Goswami SK, Rajani S, Sharma S, Kabir SN, Chakravarty B, Jana K. Recurrent pregnancy loss in polycystic ovary syndrome: role of hyperhomocysteinemia and insulin resistance. <i>PloS one</i> 2013;8: e64446.   | case control both groups have PCOS  |
| Chen ZJ, Shi Y. Polycystic ovary syndrome. <i>Frontiers of medicine in China</i> 2010;4: 280-284.   | Review of unacceptable quality  |
| Clifford K, Rai R, Watson H, Regan L. An informative protocol for the investigation of recurrent miscarriage: preliminary experience of 500 consecutive cases. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1994;9: 1328-1332.   | 500 women with RM no control  |
| Collodel G, Giannerini V, Antonio Pascarelli N, Federico MG, Comodo F, Moretti E. TEM and FISH studies in sperm from men of couples with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Andrologia</i> 2009;41: 352-360.  | not about environmental exposure  |
| Coughlan C, Walters S, Ledger W, Li TC. A comparison of psychological stress among women with and without reproductive failure. <i>International journal of gynaecology and obstetrics</i> 2014;124: 143-147.   | RPL versus RIF  |
| Craig M. Stress and recurrent miscarriage. <i>Stress (Amsterdam, Netherlands)</i> 2001;4: 205-213.  | Included studies too poor to draw conclusions   |
| de Weerd S, Steegers-Theunissen RP, de Boo TM, Thomas CM, Steegers EA. Maternal periconceptional biochemical and hematological parameters, vitamin profiles and pregnancy outcome. <i>European journal of clinical nutrition</i> 2003;57: 1128-1134.                              | Not relevant for the question   |
| Diejomaoh M, Jirous J, Al-Azemi M, Baig S, Gupta M, Tallat A. The relationship of recurrent spontaneous miscarriage with reproductive failure. <i>Medical principles and practice : international journal of the Kuwait University, Health Science Centre</i> 2003;12: 107-111.   | No controls   |
| Diejomaoh MF, Al-Azemi M, Jirous J, Bandar A, Egbase P, Al-Sweih N, Al-Othman S. The aetiology and pattern of recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Journal of obstetrics and gynaecology : the journal of the Institute of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> 2002;22: 62-67.                 | No controls   |
| Fedorcsak P, Dale PO, Storeng R, Ertzeid G, Bjercke S, Oldereid N, Omeland AK, Abyholm T, Tanbo T. Impact of overweight and underweight on assisted reproduction treatment. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2004;19: 2523-2528.   | ART   |
| Fedorcsak P, Storeng R, Dale PO, Tanbo T, Abyholm T. Obesity is a risk factor for early pregnancy loss after IVF or ICSI. <i>Acta obstetrica et gynecologica Scandinavica</i> 2000;79: 43-48.   | obesity independent risk factor for miscarriage in IVF patients                       |
| Fraga CG, Motchnik PA, Wyrobek AJ, Rempel DM, Ames BN. Smoking and low antioxidant levels increase oxidative damage to sperm DNA. <i>Mutation research</i> 1996;351: 199-203.   | sperm damage not miscarriage  |
| Furness DL, Dekker GA, Roberts CT. DNA damage and health in pregnancy. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2011;89: 153-162.  | review article not other papers quoted<br>opinion that toxins probably important only |
| Gerhard I, Daniel V, Link S, Monga B, Runnebaum B. Chlorinated hydrocarbons in women with repeated miscarriages. <i>Environmental health perspectives</i> 1998;106: 675-681.  | no adequate controls  |
| Gil-Villa AM, Cardona-Maya W, Agarwal A, Sharma R, Cadavid A. Assessment of sperm factors possibly involved in early recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2010;94: 1465-1472.   | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here                      |
| Glueck CJ, Wang P, Bornovali S, Goldenberg N, Sieve L. Polycystic ovary syndrome, the G1691A factor V Leiden mutation, and plasminogen activator inhibitor activity: associations with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Metabolism: clinical and experimental</i> 2003;52: 1627-1632. | Similar to Glueck 2004  |
| Glueck CJ, Wang P, Goldenberg N, Sieve L. Pregnancy loss, polycystic ovary syndrome, thrombophilia, hypofibrinolysis, enoxaparin, metformin. <i>Clinical and applied thrombosis/hemostasis</i> 2004;10: 323-334.  | 24 women with multiple treatments   |
| Gopalkrishnan K, Padwal V, Meherji PK, Gokral JS, Shah R, Juneja HS. Poor quality of sperm as it affects repeated early pregnancy loss. <i>Archives of andrology</i> 2000;45: 111-117.  | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here                      |
| Hakim RB, Gray RH, Zacur H. Infertility and early pregnancy loss. <i>American journal of obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1995;172: 1510-1517.   | 148 women trying spontaneous pregnancy:<br>not relevant                               |

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|---|---|
| Homburg R. Pregnancy complications in PCOS. Best practice & research Clinical endocrinology & metabolism 2006;20: 281-292.  | pcos  |
| Hourvitz A, Lerner-Geva L, Elizur SE, Baum M, Levron J, David B, Meirow D, Yaron R, Dor J. Role of embryo quality in predicting early pregnancy loss following assisted reproductive technology. Reproductive biomedicine online 2006;13: 504-509.  | After IVF, not RPL  |
| Johnson P, Pearce JM. Recurrent spontaneous abortion and polycystic ovarian disease: comparison of two regimens to induce ovulation. BMJ 1990;300: 154-156.   | treatment   |
| Kazerooni T, Asadi N, Jadid L, Kazerooni M, Ghanadi A, Ghaffarpassand F, Kazerooni Y, Zolghadr J. Evaluation of sperm's chromatin quality with acridine orange test, chromomycin A3 and aniline blue staining in couples with unexplained recurrent abortion. Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics 2009;26: 591-596. | test rather than association  |
| Ke RW. Endocrine basis for recurrent pregnancy loss. Obstetrics and gynecology clinics of North America 2014;41: 103-112.   | PCOS – discussed in other chapter                                       |
| Kumar K, Deka D, Singh A, Mitra DK, Vanitha BR, Dada R. Predictive value of DNA integrity analysis in idiopathic recurrent pregnancy loss following spontaneous conception. Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics 2012;29: 861-867.   | Review of unacceptable quality  |
| Lashen H, Fear K, Sturdee DW. Obesity is associated with increased risk of first trimester and recurrent miscarriage: matched case-control study. Human reproduction 2004;19: 1644-1646.  | Included in question 1  |
| Leslie PW, Campbell KL, Little MA. Pregnancy loss in Nomadic and settled women in Turkana, Kenya: a prospective study. Human biology 1993;65: 237-254.  | Not relevant  |
| Madhappan B, Kempuraj D, Christodoulou S, Tsapikidis S, Boucher W, Karagiannis V, Athanassiou A, Theoharides TC. High levels of intrauterine corticotropin-releasing hormone, urocortin, tryptase, and interleukin-8 in spontaneous abortions. Endocrinology 2003;144: 2285-2290.   | hypothesis generating   |
| Marquard K, Westphal LM, Milki AA, Lathi RB. Etiology of recurrent pregnancy loss in women over the age of 35 years. Fertility and sterility 2010;94: 1473-1477.  | age over 35 most miscarriages fetal cause – relevant for other chapters |
| Maryam K, Bouzari Z, Basirat Z, Kashifard M, Zadeh MZ. The comparison of insulin resistance frequency in patients with recurrent early pregnancy loss to normal individuals. BMC research notes 2012;5: 133.  | Relevance unclear   |
| McGregor JA, French JI, Parker R, Draper D, Patterson E, Jones W, Thorsgard K, McFee J. Prevention of premature birth by screening and treatment for common genital tract infections: results of a prospective controlled evaluation. American journal of obstetrics and gynecology 1995;173: 157-167.                        | screening too late to stop early miscarriage                            |
| Meeker JD, Maity A, Missmer SA, Williams PL, Mahalingaiah S, Ehrlich S, Berry KF, Altshul L, Perry MJ, Cramer DW et al. Serum concentrations of polychlorinated biphenyls in relation to in vitro fertilization outcomes. Environmental health perspectives 2011;119: 1010-1016.  | PCB effect failed implantation  |
| Metwally M, Saravelos SH, Ledger WL, Li TC. Body mass index and risk of miscarriage in women with recurrent miscarriage. Fertility and sterility 2010;94: 290-295.  | Included in question 1  |
| Metwally M, Tuckerman EM, Laird SM, Ledger WL, Li TC. Impact of high body mass index on endometrial morphology and function in the peri-implantation period in women with recurrent miscarriage. Reproductive biomedicine online 2007;14: 328-334.  | More recent study of the same group included                            |
| Pandey S, Pandey S, Maheshwari A, Bhattacharya S. The impact of female obesity on the outcome of fertility treatment. Journal of human reproductive sciences 2010;3: 62-67.   | Included in question 1  |
| Perin PM, Maluf M, Czeresnia CE, Januario DA, Saldiva PH. Impact of short-term preconceptional exposure to particulate air pollution on treatment outcome in couples undergoing in vitro fertilization and embryo transfer (IVF/ET). Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics 2010;27: 371-382.                          | Small study   |
| Perin PM, Maluf M, Czeresnia CE, Nicolosi Foltran Januario DA, Nascimento Saldiva PH. Effects of exposure to high levels of particulate air pollution during the follicular phase of the conception cycle on pregnancy outcome in   | Small study   |



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| couples undergoing in vitro fertilization and embryo transfer. Fertility and sterility 2010;93: 301-303.   |  |
| Pons I, Cercas R, Villas C, Brana C, Fernandez-Shaw S. One abstinence day decreases sperm DNA fragmentation in 90 % of selected patients. Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics 2013;30: 1211-1218.  | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here             |
| Ribas-Maynou J, Garcia-Peiro A, Fernandez-Encinas A, Amengual MJ, Prada E, Cortes P, Navarro J, Benet J. Double stranded sperm DNA breaks, measured by Comet assay, are associated with unexplained recurrent miscarriage in couples without a female factor. PloS one 2012;7: e44679. | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here             |
| Robinson L, Gallos ID, Conner SJ, Rajkhowa M, Miller D, Lewis S, Kirkman-Brown J, Coomarasamy A. The effect of sperm DNA fragmentation on miscarriage rates: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Human reproduction 2012;27: 2908-2917.   | Topic discussed in the male factor chapter                                   |
| Rogenhofer N, Engels L, Bogdanova N, Tuttelmann F, Thaler CJ, Markoff A. Independent association of the M2/ANXA5 haplotype with recurrent pregnancy loss (RPL) in PCOS patients. Metabolism: clinical and experimental 2013;62: 1057-1060.   | Not relevant to question   |
| Rubio C, Gil-Salom M, Simon C, Vidal F, Rodrigo L, Minguez Y, Remohi J, Pellicer A. Incidence of sperm chromosomal abnormalities in a risk population: relationship with sperm quality and ICSI outcome. Human reproduction 2001;16: 2084-2092.  | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here             |
| Ruixue W, Hongli Z, Zhihong Z, Rulin D, Dongfeng G, Ruizhi L. The impact of semen quality, occupational exposure to environmental factors and lifestyle on recurrent pregnancy loss. Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics 2013;30: 1513-1518.                                 | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here             |
| Ruixue W, Hongli Z, Zhihong Z, Rulin D, Dongfeng G, Ruizhi L. The impact of semen quality, occupational exposure to environmental factors and lifestyle on recurrent pregnancy loss. Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics 2013;30: 1513-1518.                                 | Very small study   |
| Sagle M, Bishop K, Ridley N, Alexander FM, Michel M, Bonney RC, Beard RW, Franks S. Recurrent early miscarriage and polycystic ovaries. BMJ (Clinical research ed) 1988;297: 1027-1028.  | very small poorly controlled study   |
| Saxena P, Misro MM, Chaki SP, Chopra K, Roy S, Nandan D. Is abnormal sperm function an indicator among couples with recurrent pregnancy loss? Fertility and sterility 2008;90: 1854-1858.  | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here             |
| Saxena P, Misro MM, Roy S, Chopra K, Sinha D, Nandan D, Trivedi SS. Possible role of male factors in recurrent pregnancy loss. Indian journal of physiology and pharmacology 2008;52: 274-282.   | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here             |
| Sbracia S, Cozza G, Grasso JA, Mastrone M, Scarpellini F. Semen parameters and sperm morphology in men in unexplained recurrent spontaneous abortion, before and during a 3 year follow-up period. Human reproduction 1996;11: 117-120.  | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here             |
| Schaumburg I, Boldsen JL. Waiting time to pregnancy and pregnancy outcome among Danish workers in the textile, clothing, and footwear industries. Scandinavian journal of social medicine 1992;20: 110-114.  | compared delay in time to conception with miscarriage not exposure to toxins |
| Schieve LA, Cohen B, Nannini A, Ferre C, Reynolds MA, Zhang Z, Jeng G, Macaluso M, Wright VC. A population-based study of maternal and perinatal outcomes associated with assisted reproductive technology in Massachusetts. Maternal and child health journal 2007;11: 517-525.       | After IVF – not RPL  |
| Schwartz D, Mayaux MJ, Guihard-Moscato ML, Czyglik F, David G. Abortion rate in A.I.D. and semen characteristics: a study of 1345 pregnancies. Andrologia 1986;18: 292-298.  | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here             |
| Shy CM. Epidemiological studies of neurotoxic, reproductive, and carcinogenic effects of complex mixtures. Environmental health perspectives 1993;101 Suppl 4: 183-186.  | vague review only  |
| Simpson JL. Incidence and timing of pregnancy losses: relevance to evaluating safety of early prenatal diagnosis. American journal of medical genetics 1990;35: 165-173.   | Not relevant   |
| Simpson JL, Gray RH, Queenan JT, Barbato M, Perez A, Mena P, Kambic RT, Pardo F, Stevenson W, Li C et al. Further evidence that infection is an infrequent cause of first trimester spontaneous abortion. Human reproduction 1996;11: 2058-2060.                                       | only clinically diagnosed infections   |

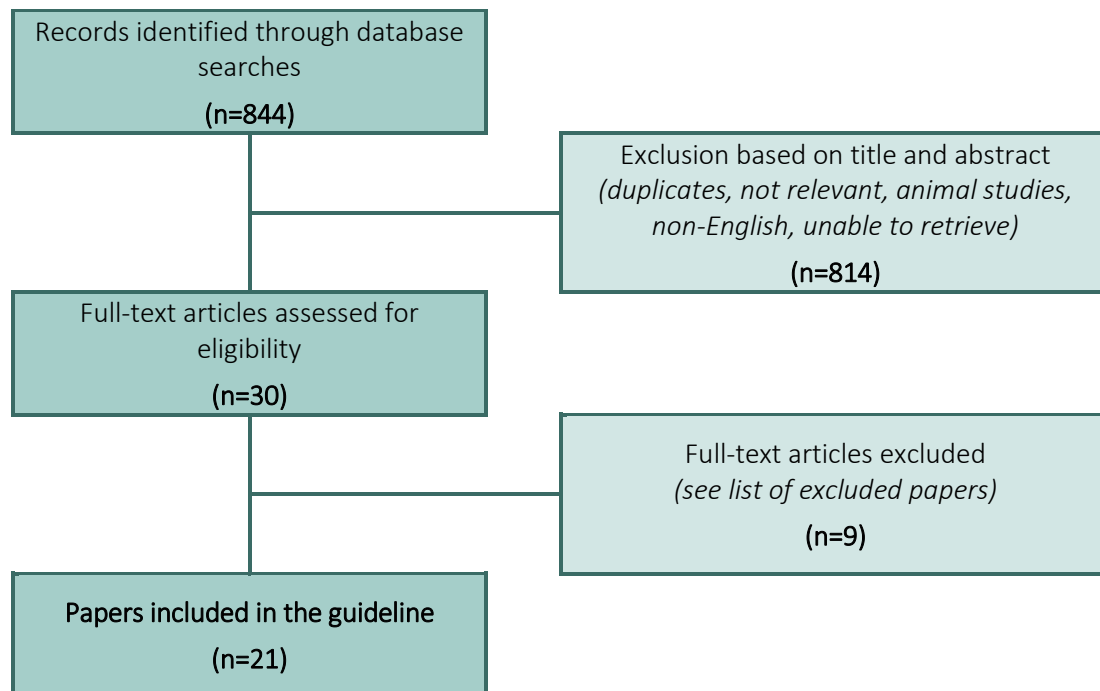
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|--|--|
| Smits LJ, Nelen WL, Wouters MG, Straatman H, Jongbloet PH, Zielhuis GA. Conditions at conception in women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Social biology</i> 1998;45: 143-149.  | Not relevant   |
| Stallman HM, McDermott BM, Beckmann MM, Kay Wilson M, Adam K. Women who miscarry: The effectiveness and clinical utility of the Kessler 10 questionnaire in screening for ongoing psychological distress. <i>The Australian &amp; New Zealand journal of obstetrics &amp; gynaecology</i> 2010;50: 70-76.            | not relevant measuring stress in single miscarriage only         |
| Stephenson MD. Frequency of factors associated with habitual abortion in 197 couples. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1996;66: 24-29.   | only one patient   |
| Sun L, Lv H, Wei W, Zhang D, Guan Y. Angiotensin-converting enzyme D/I and plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 4G/5G gene polymorphisms are associated with increased risk of spontaneous abortions in polycystic ovarian syndrome. <i>Journal of endocrinological investigation</i> 2010;33: 77-82.                   | Not relevant to question   |
| Talebi AR, Vahidi S, Aflatoonian A, Ghasemi N, Ghasemzadeh J, Firoozabadi RD, Moein MR. Cytochemical evaluation of sperm chromatin and DNA integrity in couples with unexplained recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>Andrologia</i> 2012;44 Suppl 1: 462-470.  | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
| Trkova M, Kapras J, Bobkova K, Stankova J, Mejsnarova B. Increased micronuclei frequencies in couples with reproductive failure. <i>Reproductive toxicology</i> (Elmsford, NY) 2000;14: 331-335.   | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
| Ueno S, Ezoe K, Abe T, Yabuuchi A, Uchiyama K, Okuno T, Kobayashi T, Kato K. Maternal age and initial beta-hCG levels predict pregnancy outcome after single vitrified-warmed blastocyst transfer. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 2014;31: 1175-1181.  | no analysis miscarriage rates                                    |
| van den Boogaard E, Cohn DM, Korevaar JC, Dawood F, Vissenberg R, Middeldorp S, Goddijn M, Farquharson RG. Number and sequence of preceding miscarriages and maternal age for the prediction of antiphospholipid syndrome in women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2013;99: 188-192.      | Not relevant   |
| Vansenne F, Goddijn M, Redeker B, Snijder S, Gerssen-Schoorl K, Lemmink H, Leschot NJ, van der Veen F, Bossuyt PM, de Borgie CA. Knowledge and perceived risks in couples undergoing genetic testing after recurrent miscarriage or for poor semen quality. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2011;23: 525-533. | about knowledge of genetic testing only                          |
| Velissariou V, Lyberatou E, Antonopoulou E, Polymilis C. Chromosome breakage in individuals with single-cell structural aberrations and habitual abortions. <i>Gynecologic and obstetric investigation</i> 1993;36: 71-74.   | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
| Venkatesh S, Thilagavathi J, Kumar K, Deka D, Talwar P, Dada R. Cytogenetic, Y chromosome microdeletion, sperm chromatin and oxidative stress analysis in male partners of couples experiencing recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2011;284: 1577-1584.                   | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
| Venners SA, Wang X, Chen C, Wang L, Chen D, Guang W, Huang A, Ryan L, O'Connor J, Lasley B et al. Paternal smoking and pregnancy loss: a prospective study using a biomarker of pregnancy. <i>American journal of epidemiology</i> 2004;159: 993-1001.   | Included in question 1   |
| Verstraelen H, Senok AC. Vaginal lactobacilli, probiotics, and IVF. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2005;11: 674-675.   | not relevant   |
| Wang X, Chen C, Wang L, Chen D, Guang W, French J. Conception, early pregnancy loss, and time to clinical pregnancy: a population-based prospective study. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2003;79: 577-584.  | Not relevant   |
| Windham GC, Waller K, Anderson M, Fenster L, Mendola P, Swan S. Chlorination by-products in drinking water and menstrual cycle function. <i>Environmental health perspectives</i> 2003;111: 935-941; discussion A409.  | menstrual cycle length as outcome only not miscarriage           |
| Zhang BY, Wei YS, Niu JM, Li Y, Miao ZL, Wang ZN. Risk factors for unexplained recurrent spontaneous abortion in a population from southern China. <i>International journal of gynaecology and obstetrics: the official organ of the International Federation of Gynaecology and Obstetrics</i> 2010;108: 135-138.   | Included in question 1   |
| Zhang L, Wang L, Zhang X, Xu G, Zhang W, Wang K, Wang Q, Qiu Y, Li J, Gai L. Sperm chromatin integrity may predict future fertility for unexplained recurrent spontaneous abortion patients. <i>International journal of andrology</i> 2012;35: 752-757.   | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |



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| Zini A. Are sperm chromatin and DNA defects relevant in the clinic? <b>Systems biology in reproductive medicine</b> 2011;57: 78-85. | Semen quality – discussed in male factor chapter – excluded here |
|---|--|

### 3. WHAT IS THE VALUE OF MEDICAL AND FAMILY HISTORY TAKING IN ESTABLISHING THE PROGNOSIS OF RPL?

#### Flowchart

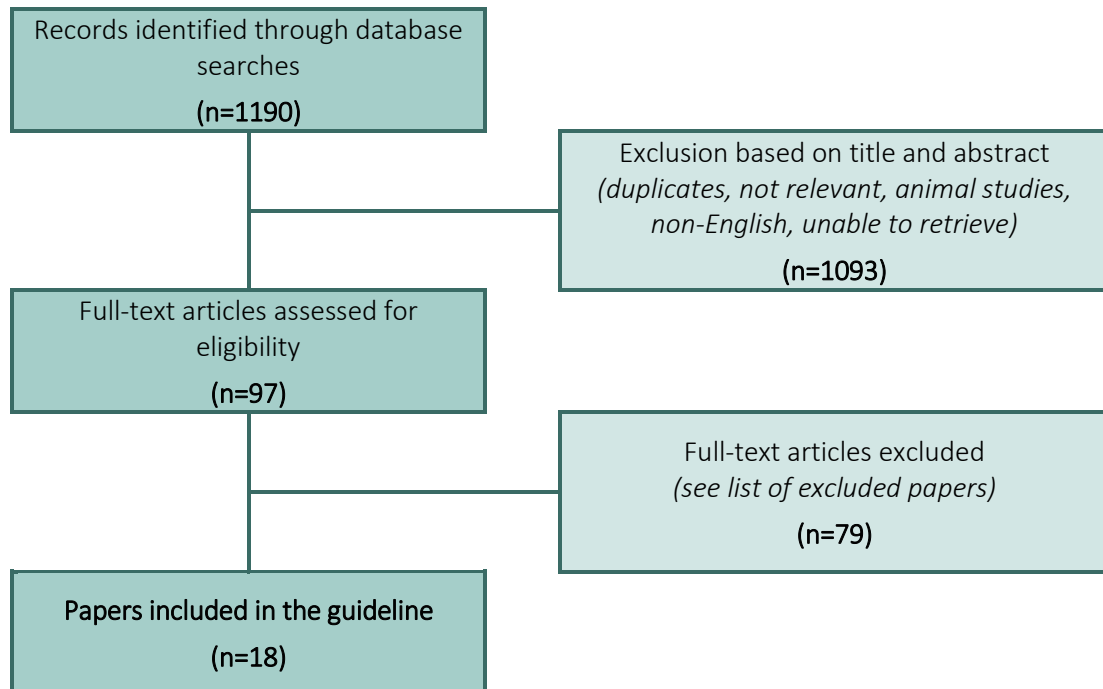


## List of excluded papers

|   | EXCLUSION CRITERIA   |
|---|--|
| Bentolila Y, Ratzon R, Shoham-Vardi I, Serjienko R, Mazor M, Bashiri A. Effect of interpregnancy interval on outcomes of pregnancy after recurrent pregnancy loss. The journal of maternal-fetal & neonatal medicine 2013;26: 1459-1464.  | No information on length of follow-up, no adjustment for # PL.   |
| Cauchi MN, Pepperell R, Kloss M, Lim D. Predictors of pregnancy success in repeated miscarriage. American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989) 1991;26: 72-75.  | The study doesn't provide sufficient data.   |
| Cowchock FS, Smith JB. Predictors for live birth after unexplained spontaneous abortions: correlations between immunologic test results, obstetric histories, and outcome of next pregnancy without treatment. American journal of obstetrics and gynecology 1992;167: 1208-1212. | Excluded based on low quality  |
| Houwert-de Jong MH, Termijtelen A, Eskes TK, Mantingh A, Bruinse HW. The natural course of habitual abortion. European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology 1989;33: 221-228.  | Not relevant for the question  |
| Miskovic S, Culic V, Konjevoda P, Pavelic J. Positive reproductive family history for spontaneous abortion: predictor for recurrent miscarriage in young couples. European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology 2012;161: 182-186.                         | life time incidence of PL among relatives to per pregnancy rates of miscarriage in the general population – not relevant |
| Nielsen HS, Andersen AM, Kolte AM, Christiansen OB. A firstborn boy is suggestive of a strong prognostic factor in secondary recurrent miscarriage: a confirmatory study. Fertility and sterility 2008;89: 907-911.   | Discussed in immunology chapter  |
| Tulppala M, Palosuo T, Ramsay T, Miettinen A, Salonen R, Ylikorkala O. A prospective study of 63 couples with a history of recurrent spontaneous abortion: contributing factors and outcome of subsequent pregnancies. Human reproduction 1993;8: 764-770.                        | No relevant date   |
| van Oppenraaij RH, Jauniaux E, Christiansen OB, Horcajadas JA, Farquharson RG, Exalto N. Predicting adverse obstetric outcome after early pregnancy events and complications: a review. Human reproduction update 2009;15: 409-421.   | Not RPL specific   |
| Vlaanderen W, Treffers PE. Prognosis of subsequent pregnancies after recurrent spontaneous abortion in first trimester. British medical journal (Clinical research ed) 1987;295: 92-93.   | Unacceptable quality   |

#### 4. WHAT IS THE VALUE OF SCREENING FOR GENETIC FACTORS IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF RPL?

##### Flowchart



## List of excluded papers

|   | EXCLUSION CRITERIA                                |
|---|---|
| Abuelo DN, Barsel-Bowers G. Prognosis for couples who have experienced repeated pregnancy loss. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1983;40: 844-845.  | Older study                                       |
| Agrawal S, Parveen F, Faridi RM, Prakash S. Interleukin-1 gene cluster variants and recurrent pregnancy loss among North Indian women: retrospective study and meta-analysis. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2012;24: 342-351.  | Unacceptable quality                              |
| Aldrich CL, Stephenson MD, Karrison T, Odem RR, Branch DW, Scott JR, Schreiber JR, Ober C. HLA-G genotypes and pregnancy outcome in couples with unexplained recurrent miscarriage <i>Molecular human reproduction</i> . 2001, pp. 1167-1172.   | HLA G alleles sharing                             |
| Al-Khateeb GM, Sater MS, Finan RR, Mustafa FE, Al-Busaidi AS, Al-Sulaiti MA, Almawi WY. Analysis of interleukin-18 promoter polymorphisms and changes in interleukin-18 serum levels underscores the involvement of interleukin-18 in recurrent spontaneous miscarriage. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2011;96: 921-926.   | IL 18 polymorphisms                               |
| Andreasen L, Christiansen OB, Niemann I, Bolund L, Sunde L. NLRP7 or KHDC3L genes and the etiology of molar pregnancies and recurrent miscarriage. <i>Molecular human reproduction</i> 2013;19: 773-781.  | Molar pregnancies                                 |
| Angiolucci M, Murru R, Melis G, Carcassi C, Mais V. Association between different morphological types and abnormal karyotypes in early pregnancy loss. <i>Ultrasound in obstetrics &amp; gynecology : the official journal of the International Society of Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> 2011;37: 219-225.  | Not all RPL                                       |
| Benzacken B, Carbillon L, Dupont C, Siffroi JP, Monier-Gavelle F, Bucourt M, Uzan M, Wolf JP. Lack of submicroscopic rearrangements involving telomeres in reproductive failures. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2002;17: 1154-1157.   | Not relevant                                      |
| Bruyere H, Rajcan-Separovic E, Doyle J, Pantzar T, Langlois S. Familial cryptic translocation (2;17) ascertained through recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>American journal of medical genetics Part A</i> 2003;123a: 285-289.  | Case study - 3 miscarriages and 2 neonatal deaths |
| Bug S, Solfrank B, Schmitz F, Pricelius J, Stecher M, Craig A, Botcherby M, Nevinny-Stickel-Hinzpeter C. Diagnostic utility of novel combined arrays for genome-wide simultaneous detection of aneuploidy and uniparental isodisomy in losses of pregnancy. <i>Molecular cytogenetics</i> 2014;7: 43.   | compariosn testing group to heterogenous          |
| Caramins MC, Saville T, Shakeshaft R, Mullan GL, Miller B, Yip MY, Buckley MF. A comparison of molecular and cytogenetic techniques for the diagnosis of pregnancy loss. <i>Genetics in medicine : official journal of the American College of Medical Genetics</i> 2011;13: 46-51.   | Not all POC from RPL patients                     |
| Carp H, Feldman B, Oelsner G, Schiff E. Parental karyotype and subsequent live births in recurrent miscarriage. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2004;81: 1296-1301.  | More recent studies available                     |
| Carp H, Guetta E, Dorf H, Soriano D, Barkai G, Schiff E. Embryonic karyotype in recurrent miscarriage with parental karyotypic aberrations. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2006;85: 446-450.  | G banding   |
| Carp H, Toder V, Aviram A, Daniely M, Mashlach S, Barkai G. Karyotype of the abortus in recurrent miscarriage. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2001;75: 678-682.   | Included in overview Van den Berg 2012            |
| Clark DA, Daya S, Coulam CB, Gunby J. Implication of abnormal human trophoblast karyotype for the evidence-based approach to the understanding, investigation, and treatment of recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>The Recurrent Miscarriage Immunotherapy Trialists Group. American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989)</i> 1996;35: 495-498. | editorial   |

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| Clifford K, Rai R, Watson H, Regan L. An informative protocol for the investigation of recurrent miscarriage: preliminary experience of 500 consecutive cases. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1994;9: 1328-1332.  | Inconsistencies in paper  |
| Daniely M, Aviram-Goldring A, Barkai G, Goldman B. Detection of chromosomal aberration in fetuses arising from recurrent spontaneous abortion by comparative genomic hybridization. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1998;13: 805-809.  | technical   |
| De Gregori M, Ciccone R, Magini P, Pramparo T, Gimelli S, Messa J, Novara F, Vetro A, Rossi E, Maraschio P et al. Cryptic deletions are a common finding in "balanced" reciprocal and complex chromosome rearrangements: a study of 59 patients. <i>Journal of medical genetics</i> 2007;44: 750-762.                      | Technical   |
| Fan W, Li S, Huang Z, Chen Q. Relationship between HLA-G polymorphism and susceptibility to recurrent miscarriage: a meta-analysis of non-family-based studies (Provisional abstract) <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> . 2014, pp. 173-184.  | HLA- G 14 bp - but more studies needed  |
| Finan RR, Al-Irhayim Z, Mustafa FE, Al-Zaman I, Mohammed FA, Al-Khateeb GM, Madan S, Issa AA, Almawi WY. Tumor necrosis factor-alpha polymorphisms in women with idiopathic recurrent miscarriage. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2010;84: 186-192.   | underpowered  |
| Franssen MT, Korevaar JC, Tjoa WM, Leschot NJ, Bossuyt PM, Knecht AC, Suykerbuyk RF, Hochstenbach R, van der Veen F, Goddijn M. Inherited unbalanced structural chromosome abnormalities at prenatal chromosome analysis are rarely ascertained through recurrent miscarriage. <i>Prenatal diagnosis</i> 2008;28: 408-411. | Prenatal chromosome analysis  |
| Fryns JP, Van Buggenhout G. Structural chromosome rearrangements in couples with recurrent fetal wastage. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 1998;81: 171-176.  | Prevalence study  |
| Gada Saxena S, Desai K, Shewale L, Ranjan P, Saranath D. Chromosomal aberrations in 2000 couples of Indian ethnicity with reproductive failure. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2012;25: 209-218.   | Prevalance in India   |
| Goddijn M, Joosten JH, Knecht AC, van der Veen F, Franssen MT, Bonsel GJ, Leschot NJ. Clinical relevance of diagnosing structural chromosome abnormalities in couples with repeated miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2004;19: 1013-1017.   | No offspring unbalanced   |
| Granfors M, Karypidis H, Hosseini F, Skjöldebrand-Sparre L, Stavreus-Evers A, Bremme K, Landgren BM, Sundstrom-Poromaa I, Wikstrom AK, Akerud H. Phosphodiesterase 8B gene polymorphism in women with recurrent miscarriage: a retrospective case control study. <i>BMC medical genetics</i> 2012;13: 121.                 | Specific gene polymorphism  |
| Hayashi Y, Sasaki H, Suzuki S, Nishiyama T, Kitaori T, Mizutani E, Suzumori N, Sugiura-Ogasawara M. Genotyping analyses for polymorphisms of ANXA5 gene in patients with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2013;100: 1018-1024.   | Association between SNP5 and RM but subsequent LB rate was same with our without; Not worth testing |
| Jaslow CR, Carney JL, Kuttah WH. Diagnostic factors identified in 1020 women with two versus three or more recurrent pregnancy losses. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2010;93: 1234-1243.  | Prevalence study  |
| Jauniaux E, Farquharson RG, Christiansen OB, Exalto N. Evidence-based guidelines for the investigation and medical treatment of recurrent miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2006;21: 2216-2222.   | guideline   |
| Kajii T, Ferrier A. Cytogenetics of aborters and abortuses. <i>American journal of obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1978;131: 33-38.  | Older study   |
| Kalousek DK. Clinical significance of morphologic and genetic examination of spontaneously aborted embryos. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989)</i> 1998;39: 108-119.   | Not relevant  |
| Kano T, Mori T, Kimura A. Gender ratio distortion in abortuses and live births from patients with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989)</i> 2009;62: 125-127.   | scientific method not described   |
| Karvela M, Papadopoulou S, Tsaliki E, Konstantakou E, Hatzaki A, Florentin-Arar L, Lamnissou K. Endothelial nitric oxide synthase gene   | Specific gene polymorphism  |



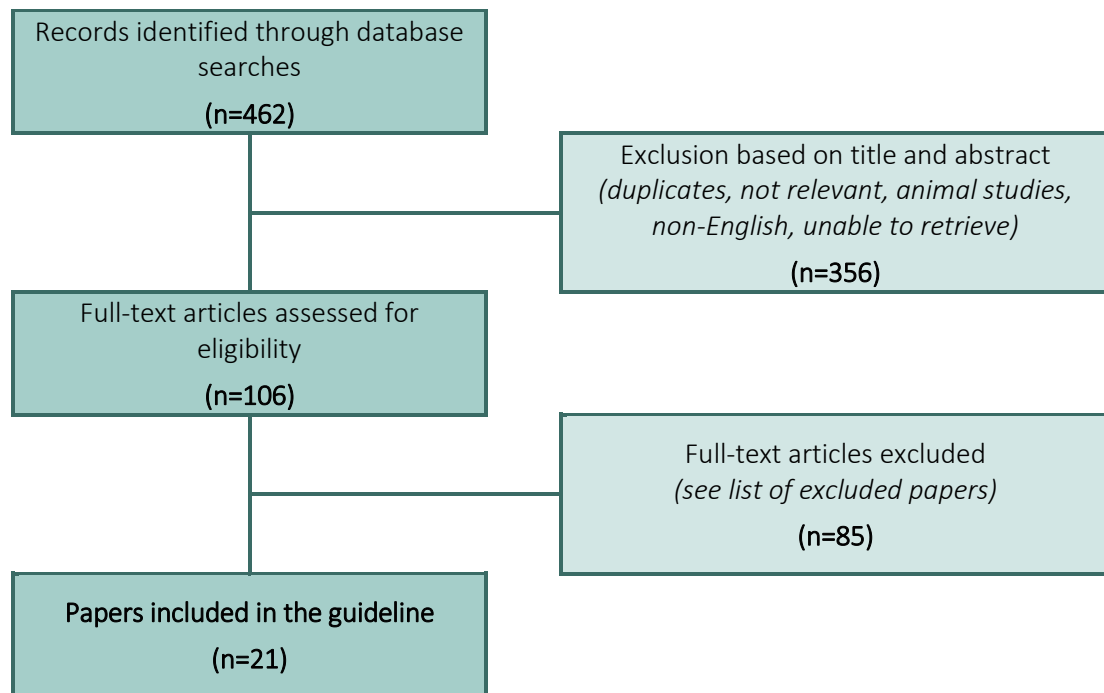
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| polymorphisms in recurrent spontaneous abortions. Archives of gynecology and obstetrics 2008;278: 349-352.   |   |
| Kochhar PK, Ghosh P. Reproductive outcome of couples with recurrent miscarriage and balanced chromosomal abnormalities. The journal of obstetrics and gynaecology research 2013;39: 113-120.   | Prevalance in India                         |
| Kuo PL, Guo HR. Mechanism of recurrent spontaneous abortions in women with mosaicism of X-chromosome aneuploidies. Fertility and sterility 2004;82: 1594-1601.   | RPL X chromosome mosaicism                  |
| Laurino MY, Bennett RL, Saraiya DS, Baumeister L, Doyle DL, Leppig K, Pettersen B, Resta R, Shields L, Uhrich S et al. Genetic evaluation and counseling of couples with recurrent miscarriage: recommendations of the National Society of Genetic Counselors. Journal of genetic counseling 2005;14: 165-181.     | Unacceptable quality                        |
| Lee MH, Park SY, Kim YM, Kim JM, Han JY, Kim MY, Ryu HM. Prenatal diagnosis of a familial complex chromosomal rearrangement involving chromosomes 5, 10, 16 and 18. Prenatal diagnosis 2002;22: 102-104.   | G banding                                   |
| Liu C, Wang J, Zhou S, Wang B, Ma X. Association between -238 but not -308 polymorphism of Tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-alpha)v and unexplained recurrent spontaneous abortion (URSA) in Chinese population. Reproductive biology and endocrinology : RB&E 2010;8: 114.  | Specific gene polymorphism                  |
| Magdoud K, Dendana M, Herbepin V, Hizem S, Ben Jazia K, Messaoudi S, Almawi WY, Touraine R, Mahjoub T. Identification of specific vascular endothelial growth factor susceptible and protective haplotypes associated with recurrent spontaneous miscarriages. Human reproduction 2012;27: 1536-1541.              | Specific gene polymorphism                  |
| Marquard K, Westphal LM, Milki AA, Lathi RB. Etiology of recurrent pregnancy loss in women over the age of 35 years. Fertility and sterility 2010;94: 1473-1477.   | Recommend karyotyping POC from RPL patients |
| Medica I, Ostojic S, Perez N, Kastrin A, Peterlin B. Association between genetic polymorphisms in cytokine genes and recurrent miscarriage--a meta-analysis. Reproductive biomedicine online 2009;19: 406-414.   | Specific gene polymorphism                  |
| Meng HX, Qi MG, Yi YY, Liu YP. Association between apolipoprotein E gene polymorphism and the risk of recurrent pregnancy loss: a meta-analysis. Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics 2013;30: 1547-1552.   | Specific gene polymorphism                  |
| Messaed C, Chebaro W, Di Roberto RB, Rittore C, Cheung A, Arseneau J, Schneider A, Chen MF, Bernishke K, Surti U et al. NLRP7 in the spectrum of reproductive wastage: rare non-synonymous variants confer genetic susceptibility to recurrent reproductive wastage. Journal of medical genetics 2011;48: 540-548. | Molar pregnancies                           |
| Messaoudi S, Dandana M, Magdoud K, Meddeb S, Ben Slama N, Hizem S, Mahjoub T. Interleukin-18 promoter polymorphisms and risk of idiopathic recurrent pregnancy loss in a Tunisian population. Journal of reproductive immunology 2012;93: 109-113.   | Specific gene polymorphism                  |
| Meza-Espinoza JP, Anguiano LO, Rivera H. Chromosomal abnormalities in couples with reproductive disorders. Gynecologic and obstetric investigation 2008;66: 237-240.   | Prevalance in Mexico                        |
| Miskovic S, Culic V, Konjevoda P, Pavelic J. Positive reproductive family history for spontaneous abortion: predictor for recurrent miscarriage in young couples. European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology 2012;161: 182-186.  | No conclusion                               |
| Morikawa M, Yamada H, Kato EH, Shimada S, Yamada T, Minakami H. Embryo loss pattern is predominant in miscarriages with normal chromosome karyotype among women with repeated miscarriage. Human reproduction 2004;19: 2644-2647.  | No maternal contamination testing           |
| Nair RR, Khanna A, Singh K. Association of interleukin 1 receptor antagonist (IL1RN) gene polymorphism with recurrent pregnancy loss risk in the North Indian Population and a meta-analysis. Molecular biology reports 2014;41: 5719-5727.  | Specific gene polymorphism                  |
| Nayak S, Pavone ME, Milad M, Kazer R. Aneuploidy rates in failed pregnancies following assisted reproductive technology. Journal of women's health (2002) 2011;20: 1239-1243.  | Not RPL                                     |

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| Ogasawara M, Aoki K, Okada S, Suzumori K. Embryonic karyotype of abortuses in relation to the number of previous miscarriages. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2000;73: 300-304.   | Included in overview Van den Berg 2012        |
| Palmirotta R, La Farina F, Ferroni P, Ludovici G, Nigro C, Savonarola A, Raparelli V, Riondino S, Rampini MR, Guadagni F et al. TNFA gene promoter polymorphisms and susceptibility to recurrent pregnancy loss in Italian women. <i>Reproductive sciences (Thousand Oaks, Calif)</i> 2010;17: 659-666.                           | Specific gene polymorphism                    |
| Parveen F, Shukla A, Agarwal S. Cytokine gene polymorphisms in northern Indian women with recurrent miscarriages. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2013;99: 433-440.  | Specific gene polymorphism                    |
| Roos A, von Kaisenberg CS, Eggermann T, Schwanitz G, Loffler C, Weise A, Mrasek K, Junge A, Caliebe A, Belitz B et al. Analysis of SYCP3 encoding synaptonemal complex protein 3 in human aneuploidies. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2013;288: 1153-1158.   | Specific gene polymorphism                    |
| Rubio C, Simon C, Vidal F, Rodrigo L, Pehlivan T, Remohi J, Pellicer A. Chromosomal abnormalities and embryo development in recurrent miscarriage couples. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2003;18: 182-188.  | Prevalence aneuploidy                         |
| Rull K, Christiansen OB, Nagirnaja L, Steffensen R, Margus T, Laan M. A modest but significant effect of CGB5 gene promoter polymorphisms in modulating the risk of recurrent miscarriage. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2013;99: 1930-1936.e1936.   | Specific gene polymorphism                    |
| Sider D, Wilson WG, Sudduth K, Atkin JF, Kelly TE. Cytogenetic studies in couples with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Southern medical journal</i> 1988;81: 1521-1524.  | Older study                                   |
| Smith A, Gaha TJ. Data on families of chromosome translocation carriers ascertained because of habitual spontaneous abortion. <i>The Australian &amp; New Zealand journal of obstetrics &amp; gynaecology</i> 1990;30: 57-62.   | Older study                                   |
| Steck T, Giess R, Suetterlin MW, Bolland M, Wiest S, Poehls UG, Dietl J. Leukaemia inhibitory factor (LIF) gene mutations in women with unexplained infertility and recurrent failure of implantation after IVF and embryo transfer. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 2004;112: 69-73. | RIF after IVF - not RPL                       |
| Stephenson MD, Awartani KA, Robinson WP. Cytogenetic analysis of miscarriages from couples with recurrent miscarriage: a case-control study. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2002;17: 446-451.  | Included in overview Van den Berg 2012        |
| Stern JJ, Dorfmann AD, Gutierrez-Najar AJ, Cerrillo M, Coulam CB. Frequency of abnormal karyotypes among abortuses from women with and without a history of recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1996;65: 250-253.  | Included in overview Van den Berg 2012        |
| Su MT, Lin SH, Chen YC, Kuo PL. Genetic association studies of ACE and PAI-1 genes in women with recurrent pregnancy loss: a systematic review and meta-analysis (Provisional abstract) <i>Thrombosis and haemostasis</i> . 2013, pp. 8-15.   | Specific gene polymorphism                    |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M. Reciprocal translocation carriers in recurrent miscarriage parents may yield an unbalanced fetal chromosome pattern. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2004;19: 2171-2172; author reply 2172.  | G banding                                     |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Ozaki Y, Kitaori T, Kumagai K, Suzuki S. Midline uterine defect size is correlated with miscarriage of euploid embryos in recurrent cases. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2010;93: 1983-1988.  | G banding                                     |
| Sullivan AE, Silver RM, LaCoursiere DY, Porter TF, Branch DW. Recurrent fetal aneuploidy and recurrent miscarriage. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 2004;104: 784-788.   | Included in overview Van den Berg 2012        |
| Takakuwa K, Asano K, Arakawa M, Yasuda M, Hasegawa I, Tanaka K. Chromosome analysis of aborted conceptuses of recurrent aborters positive for anticardiolipin antibody. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1997;68: 54-58.  | G banding                                     |
| Trkova M, Kapras J, Bobkova K, Stankova J, Mejnarova B. Increased micronuclei frequencies in couples with reproductive failure. <i>Reproductive toxicology (Elmsford, NY)</i> 2000;14: 331-335.   | Increase micronucleus instability inf and RPL |
| Tunc E, Demirhan O, Demir C, Tastemir D. Cytogenetic study of recurrent miscarriages and their parents. <i>Genetika</i> 2007;43: 545-552.   | G banding                                     |

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| Vaiman D. Genetic regulation of recurrent spontaneous abortion in humans. Biomedical journal 2014.   | Opinion paper   |
| van den Boogaard E, Hermens RP, Verhoeve HR, Kremer JA, van der Veen F, Knecht AC, Goddijn M. Selective karyotyping in recurrent miscarriage: are recommended guidelines adopted in daily clinical practice? Human reproduction 2011;26: 1965-1970.  | Selective karyotyping                                   |
| van Leeuwen M, Vansenne F, Korevaar JC, van der Veen F, Goddijn M, Mol BW. Economic analysis of chromosome testing in couples with recurrent miscarriage to prevent handicapped offspring. Human reproduction 2013;28: 1737-1742.  | Economic analysis                                       |
| Vansenne F, de Borgie CA, Korevaar JC, Franssen MT, Pajkrt E, Hansson KB, Leschot NJ, Bossuyt PM, van der Veen F, Goddijn M. Low uptake of prenatal diagnosis after established carrier status of a balanced structural chromosome abnormality in couples with recurrent miscarriage. Fertility and sterility 2010;94: 296-300.e291-293. | Not relevant PND established pregnancy                  |
| Wang JY, Zhen DK, Zilberstein ME, Falco VM, Bianchi DW. Non-invasive exclusion of fetal aneuploidy in an at-risk couple with a balanced translocation. Molecular human reproduction 2000;6: 103-106.   | Technical   |
| Wang X, Jiang W, Zhang D. Association of 14-bp insertion/deletion polymorphism of HLA-G gene with unexplained recurrent spontaneous abortion: A meta-analysis Tissue antigens. 2013, pp. 108-115.  | Specific gene polymorphism                              |
| Wang X, Li B, Wang J, Lei J, Liu C, Ma Y, Zhao H. Evidence that miR-133a causes recurrent spontaneous abortion by reducing HLA-G expression. Reproductive biomedicine online 2012;25: 415-424.   | miRNA expression  |
| Wang Z, Wang P, Wang X, He X, Wang Z, Xu D, Hu J, Wang B. Significant association between angiotensin-converting enzyme gene insertion/deletion polymorphism and risk of recurrent miscarriage: a systematic review and meta-analysis (Provisional abstract) Metabolism: clinical and experimental. 2013, pp. epub.                      | Specific gene polymorphism                              |
| Waters JJ, Campbell PL, Crocker AJ, Campbell CM. Phenotypic effects of balanced X-autosome translocations in females: a retrospective survey of 104 cases reported from UK laboratories. Human genetics 2001;108: 318-327.   | Unable to ascertain RM link as group not separated out. |
| Yang C, Fangfang W, Jie L, Yanlong Y, Jie W, Xuefei L, Xuerong Z, Yanling H. Angiotensin-converting enzyme insertion/deletion (I/D) polymorphisms and recurrent pregnancy loss: a meta-analysis (Provisional abstract) Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics. 2012, pp. 1167-1173.   | Specific gene polymorphism                              |
| Yuce H, Tekedereli I, Elyas H. Cytogenetic results of recurrent spontaneous abortions in Turkey. Medical science monitor : international medical journal of experimental and clinical research 2007;13: Cr286-289.   | Prevalence study in Turkey                              |
| Zammiti W, Mtiraoui N, Cochery-Nouvellon E, Mahjoub T, Almawi WY, Gris JC. Association of -592C/A, -819C/T and -1082A/G interleukin-10 promoter polymorphisms with idiopathic recurrent spontaneous abortion. Molecular human reproduction 2006;12: 771-776.   | Specific gene polymorphism                              |
| Zammiti W, Mtiraoui N, Khairi H, Gris JC, Almawi WY, Mahjoub T. Associations between tumor necrosis factor-alpha and lymphotoxin-alpha polymorphisms and idiopathic recurrent miscarriage. Reproduction (Cambridge, England) 2008;135: 397-403.  | Specific gene polymorphism                              |
| Zhang B, Liu T, Wang Z. Association of tumor necrosis factor-alpha gene promoter polymorphisms (-308G/A, -238G/A) with recurrent spontaneous abortion: a meta-analysis. Human immunology 2012;73: 574-579.   | Specific gene polymorphism                              |

## 5. WHAT IS THE VALUE OF THROMBOPHILIA SCREENING IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF RPL? (INCLUDING AIM AND INDICATIONS)

### Flowchart



## List of excluded papers

|   | EXCLUSION CRITERIA   |
|---|--|
| Abraitis V, Simoliuniene R, Mongirdiene A, Makari S. Prevalence of activated protein C resistance among women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Medicina</i> 2004;40: 225-231.   | Similar data available from reviews                              |
| Adams M. Measurement of lupus anticoagulants: an update on quality in laboratory testing. <i>Seminars in thrombosis and hemostasis</i> 2013;39: 267-271.  | Non-systematic review  |
| Aksoy M, Tek I, Karabulut H, Berker B, Soylemez F. The role of thrombophilia related to Factor V Leiden and Factor II G20210A mutations in recurrent abortions. <i>J Pak Med Assoc</i> 2005;55: 104-108.  | Excluded in review Bradley 2012: reported consanguinity in cases |
| Al Samarrai AA, Hilmi FA, Al-Allawi NA, Murad AF. Antiphospholipid antibodies in iraqi women with recurrent mid-trimester abortions. <i>Journal of laboratory physicians</i> 2012;4: 78-82.   | Similar data available from reviews                              |
| Alarcon-Segovia D. The antiphospholipid story. <i>The Journal of rheumatology</i> 2003;30: 1893-1896.   | editorial  |
| Ayyub M, Khan MN, Anwar M, Waqar A, Ali W, Hussain T, Luqman M, Sultana N, Karamat KA, Saif MW. Clinicopathological features of lupus anticoagulant; experience at AFIP during last seven years. <i>Medical science monitor : international medical journal of experimental and clinical research</i> 2005;11: Cr536-539. | Not RPL  |
| Bajaj PS, Veenstra DL. A risk-benefit analysis of factor V Leiden testing to improve pregnancy outcomes: a case study of the capabilities of decision modeling in genomics. <i>Genetics in medicine : official journal of the American College of Medical Genetics</i> 2013;15: 374-381.                                  | Not relevant   |
| Balasch J. Antiphospholipid antibodies: a major advance in the management of recurrent abortion. <i>Autoimmunity reviews</i> 2004;3: 228-233.   | Non-systematic review  |
| Bao SH, Wang XP, Lin QD, Di W, Xu L, Ding CW. The investigation on the value of repeat and combination test of ACA and anti-beta2-GPI antibody in women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989)</i> 2008;60: 372-378.                                   | Similar data available from reviews                              |
| Behjati R, Modarressi MH, Jeddi-Tehrani M, Dokoohaki P, Ghasemi J, Zarnani AH, Aarabi M, Memariani T, Ghaffari M, Akhondi MA. Thrombophilic mutations in Iranian patients with infertility and recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Annals of hematology</i> 2006;85: 268-271.  | Included in review Gao 2015                                      |
| Bogdanova N, Markoff A. Hereditary thrombophilic risk factors for recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Journal of community genetics</i> 2010;1: 47-53.   | Non-systematic review  |
| Branch DW, Gibson M, Silver RM. Clinical practice. Recurrent miscarriage. <i>The New England journal of medicine</i> 2010;363: 1740-1747.   | Case report  |
| Brenner B. Thrombophilia and pregnancy loss in first intended pregnancy. <i>Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis : JTH</i> 2005;3: 2176-2177.  | commentary   |
| Bricker L, Farquharson RG. Types of pregnancy loss in recurrent miscarriage: implications for research and clinical practice. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2002;17: 1345-1350.   | Not relevant   |
| Cervera R, Balasch J. Bidirectional effects on autoimmunity and reproduction. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 2008;14: 359-366.  | Not relevant   |
| Chakraborty P, Goswami SK, Rajani S, Sharma S, Kabir SN, Chakravarty B, Jana K. Recurrent pregnancy loss in polycystic ovary syndrome: role of hyperhomocysteinemia and insulin resistance. <i>PloS one</i> 2013;8: e64446.   | More relevant for PCOS   |
| Chen H, Nie S, Lu M. Association between plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 gene polymorphisms and recurrent pregnancy loss: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2015;73: 292-300.   | PAI I gene polymorphism  |
| Chen Q, Stone PR, Woon ST, Ching LM, Hung S, McCowan LM, Chamley LW. Antiphospholipid antibodies bind to activated but not resting  | Basic science  |

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| endothelial cells: is an independent triggering event required to induce antiphospholipid antibody-mediated disease? <i>Thrombosis research</i> . 2004, pp. 101-111.   |  |
| Ciacchi C, Tortora R, Scudiero O, Di Fiore R, Salvatore F, Castaldo G. Early pregnancy loss in celiac women: The role of genetic markers of thrombophilia. <i>Digestive and liver disease : official journal of the Italian Society of Gastroenterology and the Italian Association for the Study of the Liver</i> 2009;41: 717-720. | Celiac disease   |
| Clark CA, Davidovits J, Spitzer KA, Laskin CA. The lupus anticoagulant: results from 2257 patients attending a high-risk pregnancy clinic. <i>Blood</i> 2013;122: 341-347; quiz 466.   | Not RPL  |
| de Moerloose P, Casini A, Neerman-Arbez M. Congenital fibrinogen disorders: an update. <i>Seminars in thrombosis and hemostasis</i> 2013;39: 585-595.  | Non-systematic review  |
| Diejomaoh MF, Al-Azemi MM, Bandar A, Egbase PE, Jirous J, Al-Othman S, Bukhadour N, Al-Sweih N. A favorable outcome of pregnancies in women with primary and secondary recurrent pregnancy loss associated with antiphospholipid syndrome. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2002;266: 61-66.                             | Treatment/prognosis  |
| Drakeley AJ, Quenby S, Farquharson RG. Mid-trimester loss--appraisal of a screening protocol. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1998;13: 1975-1980.  | Not relevant   |
| Emmi G, Silvestri E, Squatrito D, Ciucciarelli L, Cameli AM, Denas G, D'Elia MM, Pengo V, Emmi L, Prisco D. An approach to differential diagnosis of antiphospholipid antibody syndrome and related conditions. <i>TheScientificWorldJournal</i> 2014;2014: 341342.  | Not specific for RPL   |
| Espana F, Villa P, Mira Y, Grancha S, Royo M, Estelles A, Vaya A, Aznar J. Factor V Leiden and antibodies against phospholipids and protein S in a young woman with recurrent thromboses and abortion. <i>Haematologica</i> 1999;84: 80-84.  | Case report  |
| Farahmand K, Totonchi M, Hashemi M, Reyhani Sabet F, Kalantari H, Gourabi H, Mohseni Meybodi A. Thrombophilic genes alterations as risk factor for recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>The journal of maternal-fetal &amp; neonatal medicine</i> 2016;29: 1269-1273.  | Similar data available in reviews                            |
| Ferroni P, La Farina F, Palmirotta R, Martini F, Raparelli V, Nigro C, Riondino S, Rampini MR, Basili S, Guadagni F. Predictive value of thrombopath determination in women with infertility and pregnancy complications. <i>Clinica chimica acta</i> 2010;411: 37-42.   | Not RPL only   |
| Franklin RD, Hollier N, Kutteh WH. beta2-Glycoprotein 1 as a marker of antiphospholipid syndrome in women with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2000;73: 531-535.  | Correlation between $\beta$ 2-GP1-Ab and antiphospholipid Ab |
| Galli M, Barbui T. Antiphospholipid syndrome: definition and treatment. <i>Seminars in thrombosis and hemostasis</i> 2003;29: 195-204.   | Non-systematic review  |
| Glueck CJ, Wang P, Bornovali S, Goldenberg N, Sieve L. Polycystic ovary syndrome, the G1691A factor V Leiden mutation, and plasminogen activator inhibitor activity: associations with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Metabolism: clinical and experimental</i> 2003;52: 1627-1632.  | PCOS rather than thrombophilia                               |
| Grandone E, Colaizzo D, Lo Bue A, Cappucci F, Cittadini E, Margaglione M. Clinical relevance of inherited thrombophilia in implantation failure: who needs to be screened? <i>Haematologica</i> 2003;88: E135.   | Letter   |
| Hillis CM, Schimmer AD, Couban S, Crowther MA. The Canadian Choosing Wisely campaign: the Canadian Hematology Society's top five tests and treatments. <i>Annals of hematology</i> 2015;94: 541-545.   | Committee opinion  |
| Hossain N, Shamsi T, Khan N, Naz A. Thrombophilia investigation in Pakistani women with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>The journal of obstetrics and gynaecology research</i> 2013;39: 121-125.  | Similar data available in reviews                            |
| Jaslow CR, Carney JL, Kutteh WH. Diagnostic factors identified in 1020 women with two versus three or more recurrent pregnancy losses. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2010;93: 1234-1243.  | Similar data available in reviews                            |
| Jeschke U, Toth B, Rogenhofer N, Scholz C, Wurfel W, Thaler CJ, Makrigiannakis A. Recurrent miscarriage: current concepts in diagnosis and treatment. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2010;85: 25-32.  | Non-systematic review  |



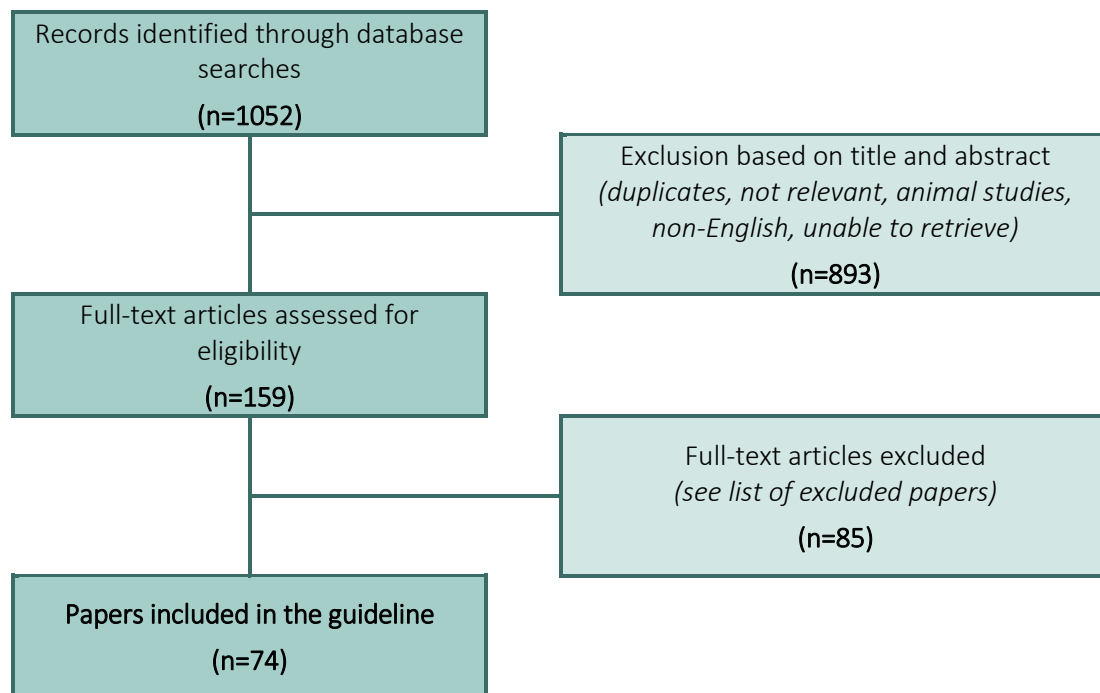
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| Krause M, Sonntag B, Klamroth R, Heinecke A, Scholz C, Langer C, Scharrer I, Greb RR, von Eckardstein A, Nowak-Gottl U. Lipoprotein (a) and other prothrombotic risk factors in Caucasian women with unexplained recurrent miscarriage. Results of a multicentre case-control study. <i>Thrombosis and haemostasis</i> 2005;93: 867-871. | Included in review Bradley 2012 and Gao 2015          |
| Martinelli I, Battaglioli T, Mannucci PM. Screening of thrombophilia in women with failure of embryo implantation: far from being recommended. <i>Haematologica</i> 2003;88: E136.   | Letter  |
| Martinez-Zamora MA, Tassies D, Creus M, Reverter JC, Puerto B, Monteagudo J, Carmona F, Balasch J. Higher levels of procoagulant microparticles in women with recurrent miscarriage are not associated with antiphospholipid antibodies. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2016;31: 46-52.   | Not relevant  |
| Mercier E, Quere I, Mares P, Gris JC. Primary recurrent miscarriages: anti-beta2-glycoprotein I IgG antibodies induce an acquired activated protein C resistance that can be detected by the modified activated protein C resistance test. <i>Blood</i> 1998;92: 2993-2994.  | Technical aspects                                     |
| Middeldorp S. Is thrombophilia testing useful? <i>Hematology</i> 2011;2011: 150-155.   | Non-systematic review                                 |
| Middeldorp S. Thrombosis in women: what are the knowledge gaps in 2013? <i>Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis : JTH</i> 2013;11 Suppl 1: 180-191.   | Non-systematic review                                 |
| Mitic G, Kovac M, Povazan L, Magic Z, Djordjevic V, Salatic I, Mitic I, Novakov-Mikic A. Inherited thrombophilia is associated with pregnancy losses that occur after 12th gestational week in Serbian population. <i>Clinical and applied thrombosis/hemostasis</i> 2010;16: 435-439.   | Included in review Bradley 2012                       |
| Mohamed MA, El Moaty MA, El Kholy AF, Mohamed SA, Ali AI. Thrombophilic gene mutations in women with repeated spontaneous miscarriage. <i>Genetic testing and molecular biomarkers</i> 2010;14: 593-597.   | Included in review Bradley 2012 and Gao 2015          |
| Moini A, Tadayon S, Tehranian A, Yeganeh LM, Akhoond MR, Yazdi RS. Association of thrombophilia and polycystic ovarian syndrome in women with history of recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Gynecological endocrinology</i> 2012;28: 590-593.  | Focused on association between thrombophilia and PCOS |
| Mumusoglu S, Beksac MS, Ekiz A, Ozdemir P, Hascelik G. Does the presence of autoantibodies without autoimmune diseases and hereditary thrombophilia have an effect on recurrent pregnancy loss? <i>The journal of maternal-fetal &amp; neonatal medicine</i> 2015: 1-6.  | Not relevant  |
| Munakata Y, Saito T, Matsuda K, Seino J, Shibata S, Sasaki T. Detection of complement-fixing antiphospholipid antibodies in association with thrombosis. <i>Thrombosis and haemostasis</i> 2000;83: 728-731.   | Not RPL   |
| Myers B, Gould J. The place of beta 2 glycoprotein 1 in the assessment of antiphospholipid syndrome. <i>Blood coagulation &amp; fibrinolysis : an international journal in haemostasis and thrombosis</i> 2003;14: 1-2.  | Only subgroup had RPL                                 |
| Nayfe R, Uthman I, Aoun J, Saad Aldin E, Merashli M, Khamashta MA. Seronegative antiphospholipid syndrome. <i>Rheumatology</i> 2013;52: 1358-1367.   | RPL not discussed                                     |
| Norrie G, Farquharson RG, Greaves M. Screening and treatment for heritable thrombophilia in pregnancy failure: inconsistencies among UK early pregnancy units. <i>British journal of haematology</i> 2009;144: 241-244.  | Clinical practice                                     |
| Ocak Z, Ozlu T, Ozyurt O. Association of recurrent pregnancy loss with chromosomal abnormalities and hereditary thrombophilias. <i>African health sciences</i> 2013;13: 447-452.   | Similar data available in reviews                     |
| Ogasawara MS, Aoki K, Katano K, Ozaki Y, Suzumori K. Factor XII but not protein C, protein S, antithrombin III, or factor XIII is a predictor of recurrent miscarriage. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2001;75: 916-919.   | Similar data available in reviews                     |
| Oshiro BT, Silver RM, Scott JR, Yu H, Branch DW. Antiphospholipid antibodies and fetal death. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1996;87: 489-493.   | Not relevant  |
| Palomo I, Segovia F, Ortega C, Pierangeli S. Antiphospholipid syndrome: a comprehensive review of a complex and multisystemic disease. <i>Clinical and experimental rheumatology</i> 2009;27: 668-677.   | Non-systematic review                                 |
| Pantham P, Abrahams VM, Chamley LW. Role of antiphospholipid antibodies in autoimmune reproductive failure. <i>Reproduction</i> 2016.  | Not RPL   |

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| Pasquier E, Bardin N, De Saint Martin L, Le Martelot MT, Bohec C, Roche S, Mottier D, Dignat-George F. The first assessment of soluble CD146 in women with unexplained pregnancy loss. A new insight? <i>Thrombosis and haemostasis</i> 2005;94: 1280-1284.                        | Not relevant: Soluble CD146 plasma levels |
| Pengo V, Ruffatti A. Laboratory diagnosis of antiphospholipid syndrome. <i>Reumatismo</i> 2007;59: 187-191.  | editorial                                 |
| Pierangeli SS, Harris EN. A quarter of a century in anticardiolipin antibody testing and attempted standardization has led us to here, which is? <i>Seminars in thrombosis and hemostasis</i> 2008;34: 313-328.  | Non-systematic review                     |
| Quenby S, Farquharson RG, Dawood F, Hughes AM, Topping J. Recurrent miscarriage and long-term thrombosis risk: a case-control study. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2005;20: 1729-1732.   | Incidence of thrombosis in RPL            |
| Rai R, Tuddenham E, Backos M, Jivraj S, El'Gaddal S, Choy S, Cork B, Regan L. Thromboelastography, whole-blood haemostasis and recurrent miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2003;18: 2540-2543.  | Not relevant : Thromboelastography        |
| Rai RS, Regan L, Clifford K, Pickering W, Dave M, Mackie I, McNally T, Cohen H. Antiphospholipid antibodies and beta 2-glycoprotein-I in 500 women with recurrent miscarriage: results of a comprehensive screening approach. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1995;10: 2001-2005.        | Similar results available from reviews    |
| Rawat A, Sikka M, Rusia U, Guleria K. Lupus anticoagulants and anticardiolipin antibodies in Indian women with spontaneous, recurrent fetal loss. <i>Indian journal of hematology &amp; blood transfusion</i> 2015;31: 281-285.  | Not RPL only                              |
| Reber G, de Moerloose P. Anti-beta2-glycoprotein I antibodies--when and how should they be measured? <i>Thrombosis research</i> 2004;114: 527-531.   | Non-systematic review                     |
| Rogenhofer N, Engels L, Bogdanova N, Tuttelmann F, Thaler CJ, Markoff A. Independent association of the M2/ANXA5 haplotype with recurrent pregnancy loss (RPL) in PCOS patients. <i>Metabolism: clinical and experimental</i> 2013;62: 1057-1060.                                  | Not relevant: M2 haplotype of ANXA5 gene  |
| Ruffatti A, Tonello M, Del Ross T, Cavazzana A, Grava C, Noventa F, Tona F, Illiceto S, Pengo V. Antibody profile and clinical course in primary antiphospholipid syndrome with pregnancy morbidity. <i>Thrombosis and haemostasis</i> 2006;96: 337-341.                           | Not RPL                                   |
| Sahin H, Akpak YK, Berber U, Gun I, Demirel D, Ergur AR. Expression of P-cadherin (cadherin-3) and E-selectin in the villous trophoblast of first trimester human placenta. <i>Journal of the Turkish German Gynecological Association</i> 2014;15: 13-17.                         | Not RPL                                   |
| Sebire NJ, Backos M, El Gaddal S, Goldin RD, Regan L. Placental pathology, antiphospholipid antibodies, and pregnancy outcome in recurrent miscarriage patients. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 2003;101: 258-263.   | Placental pathological examination        |
| Sehirali S, Inal MM, Yildirim Y, Balim Z, Kosova B, Karamizrak T, Sancı M, Topcuoglu N, Tinar S. Prothrombin G20210A mutation in cases with recurrent miscarriage: a study of the mediterranean population. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2005;273: 170-173.        | Included in review Gao 2015               |
| Shovman O, Gilburd B, Barzilai O, Langevitz P, Shoenfeld Y. Novel insights into associations of antibodies against cardiolipin and beta2-glycoprotein I with clinical features of antiphospholipid syndrome. <i>Clinical reviews in allergy &amp; immunology</i> 2007;32: 145-152. | Non-systematic review                     |
| Simcox LE, Ormesher L, Tower C, Greer IA. Thrombophilia and Pregnancy Complications. <i>International journal of molecular sciences</i> 2015;16: 28418-28428.  | Not RPL                                   |
| Skeith L, Carrier M, Kaaja R, Martinelli I, Petroff D, Schleussner E, Laskin CA, Rodger MA. A meta-analysis of low-molecular-weight heparin to prevent pregnancy loss in women with inherited thrombophilia. <i>Blood</i> 2016.  | treatment                                 |
| Soare AM, Popa C. Deficiencies of proteins C, S and antithrombin and activated protein C resistance--their involvement in the occurrence of Arterial thromboses. <i>Journal of medicine and life</i> 2010;3: 412-415.  | Not RPL                                   |

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| Soldo V, Cutura N, Zamurovic M. Defect of methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase in a patient with ten habitual miscarriages: a case report. <i>Clinical and experimental obstetrics &amp; gynecology</i> 2012;39: 556-558.  | Case report  |
| Steeegers-Theunissen RP, Van Iersel CA, Peer PG, Nelen WL, Steegers EA. Hyperhomocysteinemia, pregnancy complications, and the timing of investigation. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 2004;104: 336-343.   | Not RPL  |
| Stevens SM, Woller SC, Bauer KA, Kasthuri R, Cushman M, Streiff M, Lim W, Douketis JD. Guidance for the evaluation and treatment of hereditary and acquired thrombophilia. <i>Journal of thrombosis and thrombolysis</i> 2016;41: 154-164.  | Guideline  |
| Su MT, Lin SH, Chen YC, Kuo PL. Genetic association studies of ACE and PAI-1 genes in women with recurrent pregnancy loss: a systematic review and meta-analysis (Provisional abstract) <i>Thrombosis and haemostasis</i> . 2013, pp. 8-15.   | PAI I gene polymorphism                                  |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Ozaki Y, Nakanishi T, Sato T, Suzumori N, Kumagai K. Occasional antiphospholipid antibody positive patients with recurrent pregnancy loss also merit aspirin therapy: a retrospective cohort-control study. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2008;59: 235-241. | Intervention study                                       |
| Tincani A, Bazzani C, Zingarelli S, Lojcono A. Lupus and the antiphospholipid syndrome in pregnancy and obstetrics: clinical characteristics, diagnosis, pathogenesis, and treatment. <i>Seminars in thrombosis and hemostasis</i> 2008;34: 267-273.  | Non-systematic review                                    |
| Toth B, Vocke F, Rogenhofer N, Friese K, Thaler CJ, Lohse P. Paternal thrombophilic gene mutations are not associated with recurrent miscarriage. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989)</i> 2008;60: 325-332.  | Included in review Bradley 2012 and Gao 2015             |
| Unfried G, Griesmacher A, Weismüller W, Nagele F, Huber JC, Tempfer CB. The C677T polymorphism of the methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase gene and idiopathic recurrent miscarriage <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> . 2002, pp. 614-619.   | Similar results available from reviews                   |
| Wang X, Ma Z, Lin Q. Inherited thrombophilia in recurrent spontaneous abortion among Chinese women. <i>International journal of gynaecology and obstetrics: the official organ of the International Federation of Gynaecology and Obstetrics</i> 2006;92: 264-265.                                    | Included in review Chen 2016                             |
| Woodham PC, Boggess KA, Gardner MO, Doyle NM. Routine antenatal thrombophilia screening in high-risk pregnancies: a decision analysis. <i>American journal of perinatology</i> 2011;28: 495-500.  | Not RPL  |
| Yamada H, Kato EH, Ebina Y, Kishida T, Hoshi N, Kobashi G, Sakuragi N, Fujimoto S. Factor XII deficiency in women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Gynecologic and obstetric investigation</i> 2000;49: 80-83.  | Not relevant : FXII deficiency                           |
| Yilmaz M, Delibas IB, Isaoglu U, Ingec M, Borekci B, Ulug P. Relationship between mean platelet volume and recurrent miscarriage: a preliminary study. <i>Archives of medical science : AMS</i> 2015;11: 989-993.   | Not relevant; mean platelet volume                       |
| Younis JS, Brenner B, Ohel G, Tal J, Lanir N, Ben-Ami M. Activated protein C resistance and factor V Leiden mutation can be associated with first-as well as second-trimester recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2000;43: 31-35.                            | Included in review Bradley 2012 and Rey 2003             |
| Yusoff NM, Abdullah WZ, Ghazali S, Othman MS, Baba AA, Abdullah N, Isa MN, Chong CL. The absence of factor V Leiden mutation in Malays with recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>The Australian &amp; New Zealand journal of obstetrics &amp; gynaecology</i> 2002;42: 164-166.                        | Excluded in Bradley 2012 due to inability to compute ORs |

## 6. WHAT IS THE VALUE OF IMMUNOLOGICAL SCREENING IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF RPL?

### Flowchart



## List of excluded papers

|   | EXCLUSION CRITERIA                             |
|---|--|
| Aldrich CL, Stephenson MD, Karrison T, Odem RR, Branch DW, Scott JR, Schreiber JR, Ober C. HLA-G genotypes and pregnancy outcome in couples with unexplained recurrent miscarriage. <i>Molecular human reproduction</i> 2001;7: 1167-1172.  | No adjustment for multiple comparisons         |
| Al-Khateeb GM, Sater MS, Finan RR, Mustafa FE, Al-Busaidi AS, Al-Sulaiti MA, Almawi WY. Analysis of interleukin-18 promoter polymorphisms and changes in interleukin-18 serum levels underscores the involvement of interleukin-18 in recurrent spontaneous miscarriage. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2011;96: 921-926.   | IL18 gene                                      |
| Aruna M, Sirisha PV, Andal Bhaskar S, Tarakeswari S, Thangaraj K, Reddy BM. Role of 14-bp insertion/deletion polymorphism in HLA-G among Indian women with recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>Tissue antigens</i> 2011;77: 131-135.  | Patients and controls ethnically heterogeneous |
| Bahar AM, Kwak JY, Beer AE, Kim JH, Nelson LA, Beaman KD, Gilman-Sachs A. Antibodies to phospholipids and nuclear antigens in non-pregnant women with unexplained spontaneous recurrent abortions. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1993;24: 213-222.  | Small study                                    |
| Bellver J, Soares SR, Alvarez C, Munoz E, Ramirez A, Rubio C, Serra V, Remohi J, Pellicer A. The role of thrombophilia and thyroid autoimmunity in unexplained infertility, implantation failure and recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2008;23: 278-284.  | TPO  |
| Bizzaro N, Tonutti E, Villalta D, Tampoia M, Tozzoli R. Prevalence and clinical correlation of anti-phospholipid-binding protein antibodies in anticardiolipin-negative patients with systemic lupus erythematosus and women with unexplained recurrent miscarriages. <i>Archives of pathology &amp; laboratory medicine</i> 2005;129: 61-68.   | Males and older individuals among controls     |
| Bussen S, Steck T. Thyroid autoantibodies in euthyroid non-pregnant women with recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1995;10: 2938-2940.   | Thyroid antibodies                             |
| Bussen SS, Steck T. Thyroid antibodies and their relation to antithrombin antibodies, anticardiolipin antibodies and lupus anticoagulant in women with recurrent spontaneous abortions (antithyroid, anticardiolipin and antithrombin autoantibodies and lupus anticoagulant in habitual aborters). <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 1997;74: 139-143. | Thyroid antibodies                             |
| Christiansen OB, Kolte AM, Dahl M, Larsen EC, Steffensen R, Nielsen HS, Hviid TV. Maternal homozygosity for a 14 base pair insertion in exon 8 of the HLA-G gene and carriage of HLA class II alleles restricting HY immunity predispose to unexplained secondary recurrent miscarriage and low birth weight in children born to these patients. <i>Human immunology</i> 2012;73: 699-705.        | Overlap with other studies included            |
| Christiansen OB, Mohapeloa HP, Steffensen R, Jersild C. HLA-C and -Bw typing of couples with unexplained recurrent miscarriages. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1997;37: 63-77.  | Small study                                    |
| Christiansen OB, Riisom K, Lauritsen JG, Grunnet N. No increased histocompatibility antigen-sharing in couples with idiopathic habitual abortions. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1989;4: 160-162.   | Small, older study                             |
| Christiansen OB, Ring M, Rosgaard A, Grunnet N, Gluud C. Association between HLA-DR1 and -DR3 antigens and unexplained repeated miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 1999;5: 249-255.  | More recent review available                   |
| Clark CA, Davidovits J, Spitzer KA, Laskin CA. The lupus anticoagulant: results from 2257 patients attending a high-risk pregnancy clinic. <i>Blood</i> 2013;122: 341-347; quiz 466.  | Not relevant                                   |
| Daher S, de Arruda G, Denardi K, Blotta MH, Mamoni RL, Reck AP, Camano L, Mattar R. Cytokines in recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2004;62: 151-157.  | Cytokine measured at unknown day of cycle      |

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| Dendrinios S, Papasteriades C, Tarassi K, Christodoulakos G, Prasinos G, Creatsas G. Thyroid autoimmunity in patients with recurrent spontaneous miscarriages. <i>Gynecological endocrinology : the official journal of the International Society of Gynecological Endocrinology</i> 2000;14: 270-274.                                | TPO ; thyroid function  |
| Esplin MS, Branch DW, Silver R, Stagnaro-Green A. Thyroid autoantibodies are not associated with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>American journal of obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1998;179: 1583-1586.  | TPO   |
| Garcia-De La Torre I, Hernandez-Vazquez L, Angulo-Vazquez J, Romero-Ornelas A. Prevalence of antinuclear antibodies in patients with habitual abortion and in normal and toxemic pregnancies. <i>Rheumatology international</i> 1984;4: 87-89.  | Small study, non- consecutive pts                                       |
| Ghareesi-Fard B, Askarinejad-Behbahani R, Behdin S. The effect of HLA-DRB1 sharing between the couples with recurrent pregnancy loss on the pregnancy outcome after leukocyte therapy. <i>Iranian journal of immunology : IJI</i> 2014;11: 13-20.   | Groups with miscarriage/birth retrospectively selected                  |
| Ghareesi-Fard B, Jafarzadeh L, Zolghadri J, Haghbin H. Soluble CD30 in normal pregnancy, pre-eclampsia and recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Iranian journal of immunology : IJI</i> 2012;9: 234-240.  | Pilot study - Soluble CD30  |
| Gloria-Bottini F, Nicotra M, Magrini A, Bottini E. Immunologic factors and reproductive success in women with primary repeated spontaneous abortion. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2010;93: 1014-1015.   | SR on ANA available   |
| Greaves M, Cohen H, MacHin SJ, Mackie I. Guidelines on the investigation and management of the antiphospholipid syndrome. <i>British journal of haematology</i> 2000;109: 704-715.  | Guideline   |
| Harger JH, Rabin BS, Marchese SG. The prognostic value of antinuclear antibodies in women with recurrent pregnancy losses: a prospective controlled study. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1989;73: 419-424.   | Non-pregn controls not comparable to patients                           |
| Hattori Y, Nakanishi T, Ozaki Y, Nozawa K, Sato T, Sugiura-Ogasawara M. Uterine cervical inflammatory cytokines, interleukin-6 and -8, as predictors of miscarriage in recurrent cases. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989)</i> 2007;58: 350-357.  | Small number with misc. No karyotyping of misc. embryos                 |
| Houwert-de Jong MH, Termijtelen A, Eskes TK, Mantingh A, Bruinse HW. The natural course of habitual abortion. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 1989;33: 221-228.   | Few patients, serological typing, artificial control group              |
| Hviid TV, Hylenius S, Hoegh AM, Kruse C, Christiansen OB. HLA-G polymorphisms in couples with recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>Tissue antigens</i> 2002;60: 122-132.   | Small study   |
| Itsekson AM, Seidman DS, Zolti M, Lazarov A, Carp HJ. Recurrent pregnancy loss and inappropriate local immune response to sex hormones. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2007;57: 160-165.  | Subjective assessment of flare  |
| Jaskowski TD, Wilson AR, Hill HR, Branch WD, Tebo AE. Autoantibodies against phosphatidylserine, prothrombin and phosphatidylserine-prothrombin complex: identical or distinct diagnostic tools for antiphospholipid syndrome? <i>Clinica chimica acta; international journal of clinical chemistry</i> 2009;410: 19-24.              | Not relevant  |
| Jasper MJ, Tremellen KP, Robertson SA. Reduced expression of IL-6 and IL-1alpha mRNAs in secretory phase endometrium of women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2007;73: 74-84.   | Small study, measurements may be affected by previous birth in controls |
| Jin K, Ho HN, Speed TP, Gill TJ, 3rd. Reproductive failure and the major histocompatibility complex. <i>American journal of human genetics</i> 1995;56: 1456-1467.  | Limited by use of serological methods                                   |
| Kano T, Mori T, Furudono M, Ishikawa H, Watanabe H, Kikkawa E, Warita T, Onizuka M, Takahashi M, Maeda Y et al. Human leukocyte antigen may predict outcome of primary recurrent spontaneous abortion treated with paternal lymphocyte alloimmunization therapy. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2007;58: 383-387. | Inconclusive, too small study for all these comparisons                 |
| Kishore R, Agarwal S, Halder A, Das V, Shukla BR, Agarwal SS. HLA sharing, anti-paternal cytotoxic antibodies and MLR blocking factors in   | many RPL couples excluded   |



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| women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. The journal of obstetrics and gynaecology research 1996;22: 177-183.   |  |
| Kolho KL, Tiitinen A, Tulppala M, Unkila-Kallio L, Savilahti E. Screening for coeliac disease in women with a history of recurrent miscarriage or infertility. British journal of obstetrics and gynaecology 1999;106: 171-173.   | Too small to provide useful information                                  |
| Komlos L, Klein T, Korostishevsky M. HLA-A2 class I antigens in couples with recurrent spontaneous abortions. International journal of immunogenetics 2007;34: 241-246.   | Small number, serological typing, multiple comparisons                   |
| Kovacs L, Szabo J, Molnar K, Kovacs A, Pokorny G. Antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies and other immunologic abnormalities in patients with habitual abortion. American journal of reproductive immunology 1999;41: 264-270.   | Small number of controls   |
| Krause M, Sonntag B, Klamroth R, Heinecke A, Scholz C, Langer C, Scharrer I, Greb RR, von Eckardstein A, Nowak-Gottl U. Lipoprotein (a) and other prothrombotic risk factors in Caucasian women with unexplained recurrent miscarriage. Results of a multicentre case-control study. Thrombosis and haemostasis 2005;93: 867-871.             | Part of a extensive screening for thrombophilia factors                  |
| Kwak JY, Gilman-Sachs A, Beaman KD, Beer AE. Autoantibodies in women with primary recurrent spontaneous abortion of unknown etiology. Journal of reproductive immunology 1992;22: 15-31.  | Extremely high APL ab levels<br>Good age-stratification                  |
| Laitinen T, Lokki ML, Tulppala M, Ylikorkala O, Koskimies S. Increased frequency of complement C4 'null' alleles in recurrent spontaneous abortions. Human reproduction 1991;6: 1384-1387.  | small study, controls not optimal  |
| Laskin CA, Spitzer KA, Clark CA, Crowther MR, Ginsberg JS, Hawker GA, Kingdom JC, Barrett J, Gent M. Low molecular weight heparin and aspirin for recurrent pregnancy loss: results from the randomized, controlled HepASA Trial Journal of rheumatology. 2009, pp. 279-287.  | Irrelevant study: no information about importance of immune biomarkers   |
| Lata K, Dutta P, Sridhar S, Rohilla M, Srinivasan A, Prashad GR, Shah VN, Bhansali A. Thyroid autoimmunity and obstetric outcomes in women with recurrent miscarriage: a case-control study. Endocrine connections 2013;2: 118-124.   | TPO  |
| Liu C, Wang XZ, Sun XB. Assessment of sperm antigen specific T regulatory cells in women with recurrent miscarriage. Early human development 2013;89: 95-100.   | Unacceptable quality   |
| Maier DB, Parke A. Subclinical autoimmunity in recurrent aborters. Fertility and sterility 1989;51: 280-285.  | RPL as a marker for subclinical autoimmune disease.(small study)         |
| Marai I, Carp H, Shai S, Shabo R, Fishman G, Shoenfeld Y. Autoantibody panel screening in recurrent miscarriages. American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989) 2004;51: 235-240.   | TPO  |
| McIntyre JA, Faulk WP, Nichols-Johnson VR, Taylor CG. Immunologic testing and immunotherapy in recurrent spontaneous abortion. Obstetrics and gynecology 1986;67: 169-175.  | Flaws: use of serological testing and no clear definition of HLA sharing |
| Mecacci F, Parretti E, Cioni R, Lucchetti R, Magrini A, La Torre P, Mignosa M, Acanfora L, Mello G. Thyroid autoimmunity and its association with non-organ-specific antibodies and subclinical alterations of thyroid function in women with a history of pregnancy loss or preeclampsia. Journal of reproductive immunology 2000;46: 39-50. | TPO  |
| Melk A, Mueller-Eckhardt G, Polten B, Lattermann A, Heine O, Hoffmann O. Diagnostic and prognostic significance of anticardiolipin antibodies in patients with recurrent spontaneous abortions. American journal of reproductive immunology 1995;33: 228-233.   | anticardiolipin antibody   |
| Muller AF, Verhoeff A, Mantel MJ, Berghout A. Thyroid autoimmunity and abortion: a prospective study in women undergoing in vitro fertilization. Fertility and sterility 1999;71: 30-34.  | TPO and IVF  |
| Nielsen HS, Christiansen OB. Prognostic impact of anticardiolipin antibodies in women with recurrent miscarriage negative for the lupus anticoagulant. Human reproduction 2005;20: 1720-1728.   | anticardiolipin antibody   |
| Obayashi S, Ozaki Y, Sugi T, Kitaori T, Katano K, Suzuki S, Sugiura-Ogasawara M. Antiphosphatidylethanolamine antibodies might not be an independent risk factor for further miscarriage in patients suffering  | antiphosphatidylethanolamine antibodies                                  |

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| recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2010;85: 186-192.   |   |
| Ober C, Aldrich CL, Chervoneva I, Billstrand C, Rahimov F, Gray HL, Hyslop T. Variation in the HLA-G promoter region influences miscarriage rates. <i>American journal of human genetics</i> 2003;72: 1425-1435.  | Not RPL   |
| Ober C, Steck T, van der Ven K, Billstrand C, Messer L, Kwak J, Beaman K, Beer A. MHC class II compatibility in aborted fetuses and term infants of couples with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1993;25: 195-207.                                      | Flaws: controls are previous RPL patients                                       |
| Ogasawara M, Aoki K, Katano K, Aoyama T, Kajiura S, Suzumori K. Prevalence of autoantibodies in patients with recurrent miscarriages. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1999;41: 86-90.  | No comparison to controls   |
| Oshiro BT, Silver RM, Scott JR, Yu H, Branch DW. Antiphospholipid antibodies and fetal death. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1996;87: 489-493.  | Not relevant  |
| Out HJ, Bruinse HW, Christiaens GC, van Vliet M, Meilof JF, de Groot PG, Smeenk RJ, Derksen RH. Prevalence of antiphospholipid antibodies in patients with fetal loss. <i>Annals of the rheumatic diseases</i> 1991;50: 553-557.  | Review on ANA available   |
| Petri M, Golbus M, Anderson R, Whiting-O'Keefe Q, Corash L, Hellmann D. Antinuclear antibody, lupus anticoagulant, and anticardiolipin antibody in women with idiopathic habitual abortion. A controlled, prospective study of forty-four women. <i>Arthritis Rheum</i> 1987;30: 601-606.         | Small number of controls  |
| Pfeiffer KA, Fimmers R, Engels G, van der Ven H, van der Ven K. The HLA-G genotype is potentially associated with idiopathic recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Molecular human reproduction</i> 2001;7: 373-378.   | Few patients in subgroups   |
| Pratt DE, Kaberlein G, Dudkiewicz A, Karande V, Gleicher N. The association of antithyroid antibodies in euthyroid nonpregnant women with recurrent first trimester abortions in the next pregnancy. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1993;60: 1001-1005.   | TPO   |
| Rai RS, Regan L, Clifford K, Pickering W, Dave M, Mackie I, McNally T, Cohen H. Antiphospholipid antibodies and beta 2-glycoprotein-I in 500 women with recurrent miscarriage: results of a comprehensive screening approach. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1995;10: 2001-2005.                       | Not relevant – no controls  |
| Ramhorst RE, Garcia VE, Corigliano A, Etchepareborda JJ, Irigoyen M, Fainboim L. Expression of SLAM as a functional and phenotypic marker in women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2004;62: 139-149.  | Small numbers<br>Previous birth in controls can explain results                 |
| Regan L, Braude PR, Hill DP. A prospective study of the incidence, time of appearance and significance of anti-paternal lymphocytotoxic antibodies in human pregnancy. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1991;6: 294-298.   | Not relevant  |
| Rezaei A, Dabbagh A. T-helper (1) cytokines increase during early pregnancy in women with a history of recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Medical science monitor : international medical journal of experimental and clinical research</i> 2002;8: Cr607-610.                                    | Some samples in RM women taken at time of miscarriage and may be caused by misc |
| Robert JM, Macara LM, Chalmers EA, Smith GC. Inter-assay variation in antiphospholipid antibody testing. <i>BJOG : an international journal of obstetrics and gynaecology</i> 2002;109: 348-349.  | Not relevant  |
| Roberts J, Jenkins C, Wilson R, Pearson C, Franklin IA, MacLean MA, McKillop JH, Walker JJ. Recurrent miscarriage is associated with increased numbers of CD5/20 positive lymphocytes and an increased incidence of thyroid antibodies. <i>European journal of endocrinology</i> 1996;134: 84-86. | Small study   |
| Roussev RG, Kaider BD, Price DE, Coulam CB. Laboratory evaluation of women experiencing reproductive failure. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1996;35: 415-420.  | Unacceptable quality  |
| Ruiz AM, Kwak JY, Kwak FM, Beer AE. Impact of age on reproductive outcome in women with recurrent spontaneous abortions and infertility of immune etiology. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1996;35: 408-414.  | Non-informative study   |
| Ruiz JE, Cubillos J, Mendoza JC, Espinel FJ, Kwak JY, Beer AE. Autoantibodies to phospholipids and nuclear antigens in non-pregnant   | Evidence on ANA from reviews available  |

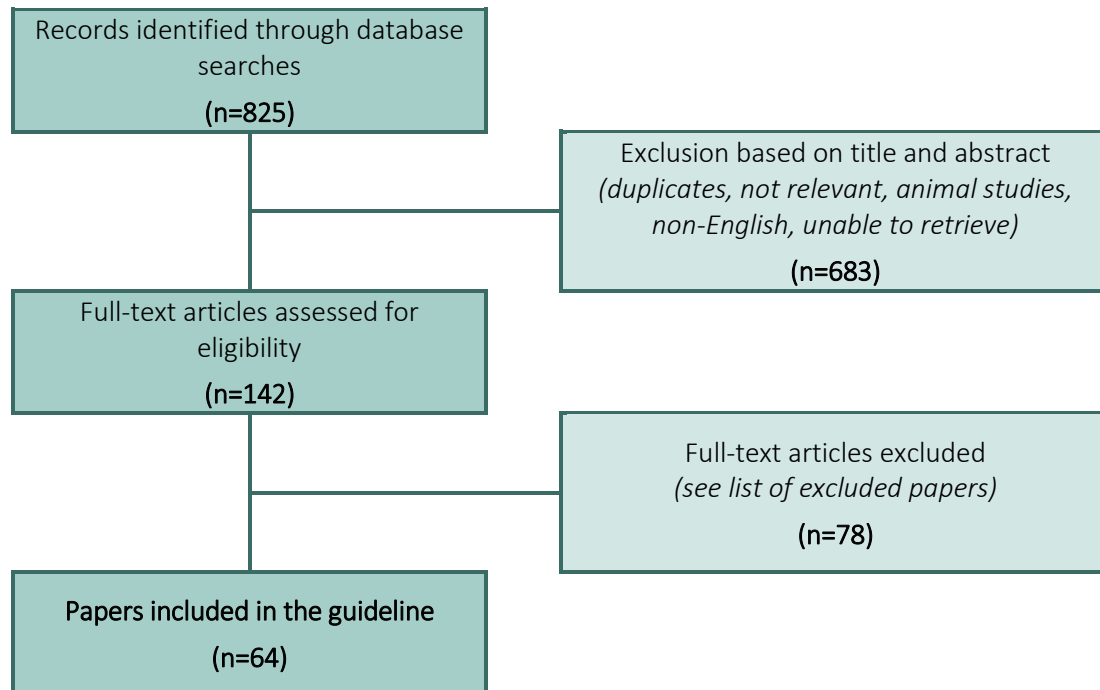
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| and pregnant Colombian women with recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1995;28: 41-51.   |   |
| Rull K, Tomberg K, Koks S, Mannik J, Mols M, Sirotkina M, Varv S, Laan M. Increased placental expression and maternal serum levels of apoptosis-inducing TRAIL in recurrent miscarriage. <i>Placenta</i> 2013;34: 141-148.   | A mixture of RM patients and patients with sporadic miscarriage |
| Rushworth FH, Backos M, Rai R, Chilcott IT, Baxter N, Regan L. Prospective pregnancy outcome in untreated recurrent miscarriers with thyroid autoantibodies. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2000;15: 1637-1639.   | Not relevant for this question                                  |
| Saeed Z, Haleh S, Afsaneh M, Soheila A, Amir Hassan Z, Farah I, Banafsheh T, Elham SS, Narges MB, Mahmood JT. Serum leptin levels in women with immunological recurrent abortion. <i>Journal of reproduction &amp; infertility</i> 2010;11: 47-52.   | Pos ANA part of the definition of immunological RPL             |
| Sater MS, Finan RR, Mustafa FE, Al-Khateeb GM, Almawi WY. Anti-annexin V IgM and IgG autoantibodies and the risk of idiopathic recurrent spontaneous miscarriage. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2011;89: 78-83.  | RPL patients more obese than controls                           |
| Sbracia M, Mastrone M, Scarpellini F, Grasso JA. Influence of histocompatibility antigens in recurrent spontaneous abortion couples and on their reproductive performances. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1996;35: 85-92.   | Multiples comparisons in prevalence study.                      |
| Steffensen R, Christiansen OB, Bennett EP, Jersild C. HLA-E polymorphism in patients with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Tissue antigens</i> 1998;52: 569-572.   | HLA-E polymorphisms unimportant in RM                           |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Ozaki Y, Nakanishi T, Kumamoto Y, Suzumori K. Pregnancy outcome in recurrent aborters is not influenced by Chlamydia IgA and/or G. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2005;53: 50-53.   | antibodies against c. trachomatis,                              |
| Tebo AE, Jaskowski TD, Hill HR, Branch DW. Clinical relevance of multiple antibody specificity testing in anti-phospholipid syndrome and recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Clinical and experimental immunology</i> 2008;154: 332-338.  | Not relevant  |
| Ticconi C, Giuliani E, Veglia M, Pietropolli A, Piccione E, Di Simone N. Thyroid autoimmunity and recurrent miscarriage. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2011;66: 452-459.  | TPO   |
| Tripathi P, Abbas A, Naik S, Agrawal S. Role of 14-bp deletion in the HLA-G gene in the maintenance of pregnancy. <i>Tissue antigens</i> 2004;64: 706-710.   | maintenance of pregnancy<br>Huge exclusion of patients          |
| Tulppala M, Palosuo T, Ramsay T, Miettinen A, Salonen R, Ylikorkala O. A prospective study of 63 couples with a history of recurrent spontaneous abortion: contributing factors and outcome of subsequent pregnancies. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1993;8: 764-770.  | Not relevant for this question                                  |
| Ulcova-Gallova Z, Krauz V, Novakova P, Milichovska L, Micanova Z, Bibkova K, Sucha R, Turek J, Balvin M, Rokyta Z. Anti-phospholipid antibodies against phosphatidylinositol, and phosphatidylserine are more significant in reproductive failure than antibodies against cardiolipin only. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989)</i> 2005;54: 112-117. | Control group poorly described                                  |
| Unander AM, Norberg R, Arfors L, Enskog A, Haeger M, Lindholm A, Robbins D, Siosteen C, Soderstrom T, Stigendal L et al. Opinions on treatment of women with habitual abortion based on investigations for blocking antibody and autoantibodies. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1991;26: 32-37.  | Non-informative with regard to ANA                              |
| von Linsingen R, Bompeixe EP, Bicalho Mda G. A case-control study in IL6 and TGFβ1 gene polymorphisms and recurrent spontaneous abortion in southern Brazilian patients. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989)</i> 2005;53: 94-99.  | Mixed ethnicity (Brazil)  |
| Vora S, Shetty S, Salvi V, Satoskar P, Ghosh K. Thrombophilia and unexplained pregnancy loss in Indian patients. <i>The National medical journal of India</i> 2008;21: 116-119.  | Very low APS positivity in controls.                            |

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| Wagenknecht DR, Green KM, McIntyre JA. Analyses of HLA-DQ alleles in recurrent spontaneous abortion (RSA) couples. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> (New York, NY : 1989) 1997;37: 1-6.   | Study flawed since patients were selected for being positive for HLA-A, -B and -DR sharing, which will affect the results |
| Xu B, Sun X, Li L, Wu L, Zhang A, Feng Y. Pinopodes, leukemia inhibitory factor, integrin-beta3, and mucin-1 expression in the peri-implantation endometrium of women with unexplained recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2012;98: 389-395. | Differences may be caused by previous births in controls  |
| Yan J, Sripada S, Saravelos SH, Chen ZJ, Egner W, Li TC. Thyroid peroxidase antibody in women with unexplained recurrent miscarriage: prevalence, prognostic value, and response to empirical thyroxine therapy. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2012;98: 378-382. | TPO   |
| Yan WH, Fan LA, Yang JQ, Xu LD, Ge Y, Yao FJ. HLA-G polymorphism in a Chinese Han population with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>International journal of immunogenetics</i> 2006;33: 55-58.  | Too small for conclusions   |
| Yan WH, Lin A, Chen XJ, Dai MZ, Gan LH, Zhou MY, Zhu M, Shi WW, Liu JM. Association of the maternal 14-bp insertion polymorphism in the HLA-G gene in women with recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>Tissue antigens</i> 2006;68: 521-523.                        | Some evidence that G14bp polymorphisms play a role in RM  |
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Yellow marked paper not in ET as TPO was moved to other section

## 7. WHAT IS THE VALUE OF SCREENING FOR METABOLIC/ENDOCRINOLOGICAL ABNORMALITIES IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF RPL?

### Flowchart



## List of excluded papers

|   | EXCLUSION CRITERIA   |
|---|--|
| Aubard Y, Darodes N, Cantaloube M. Hyperhomocysteinemia and pregnancy—review of our present understanding and therapeutic implications. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 2000;93: 157-165.   | Narrative review   |
| Avivi I, Lanir N, Hoffman R, Brenner B. Hyperhomocysteinemia is common in patients with antiphospholipid syndrome and may contribute to expression of major thrombotic events. <i>Blood coagulation &amp; fibrinolysis : an international journal in haemostasis and thrombosis</i> 2002;13: 169-172.   | Hyperhomocysteinemia and APS   |
| Baig S, Lim JY, Fernandis AZ, Wenk MR, Kale A, Su LL, Biswas A, Vasoo S, Shui G, Choolani M. Lipidomic analysis of human placental syncytiotrophoblast microvesicles in adverse pregnancy outcomes. <i>Placenta</i> 2013;34: 436-442.   | Not relevant   |
| Bellver J, Soares SR, Alvarez C, Munoz E, Ramirez A, Rubio C, Serra V, Remohi J, Pellicer A. The role of thrombophilia and thyroid autoimmunity in unexplained infertility, implantation failure and recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2008;23: 278-284.  | included in review thangaratinam 2011 and review Van den Boogaard 2011 |
| Boas WV, Goncalves RO, Costa OL, Goncalves MS. Metabolism and gene polymorphisms of the folate pathway in Brazilian women with history of recurrent abortion. <i>Rev Bras Ginecol Obstet</i> 2015;37: 71-76.  | Hcy level according to genotype; Relevance unclear                     |
| Brenner B. Inherited thrombophilia and pregnancy loss. <i>Best practice &amp; research Clinical haematology</i> 2003;16: 311-320.   | Narrative review   |
| Bulletti C, Flamigni C, Giacomucci E. Reproductive failure due to spontaneous abortion and recurrent miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 1996;2: 118-136.   | Selected THROMBOPHILIA   |
| Bussen S, Steck T. Thyroid autoantibodies in euthyroid non-pregnant women with recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1995;10: 2938-2940.   | included in review thangaratinam 2011                                  |
| Bussen SS, Steck T. Thyroid antibodies and their relation to antithrombin antibodies, anticardiolipin antibodies and lupus anticoagulant in women with recurrent spontaneous abortions (antithyroid, anticardiolipin and antithrombin autoantibodies and lupus anticoagulant in habitual aborters). <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 1997;74: 139-143. | included in review thangaratinam 2011 and review Van den Boogaard 2011 |
| Clifford K, Rai R, Watson H, Regan L. An informative protocol for the investigation of recurrent miscarriage: preliminary experience of 500 consecutive cases. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1994;9: 1328-1332.   | no controls, no clear study population                                 |
| Cocksedge KA, Li TC, Saravelos SH, Metwally M. A reappraisal of the role of polycystic ovary syndrome in recurrent miscarriage. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2008;17: 151-160.  | Non-systematic review  |
| Coughlan C, Sinagra M, Ledger W, Li TC, Laird S. Endometrial integrin expression in women with recurrent implantation failure after in vitro fertilization and its relationship to pregnancy outcome. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2013;100: 825-830.   | RIF not RPL  |
| Coumans AB, Huijgens PC, Jakobs C, Schats R, de Vries JI, van Pampus MG, Dekker GA. Haemostatic and metabolic abnormalities in women with unexplained recurrent abortion. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1999;14: 211-214.   | Included in meta-analysis Nelen 2000                                   |
| Dal Lago A, Vaquero E, Pasqualetti P, Lazzarin N, De Carolis C, Perricone R, Moretti C. Prediction of early pregnancy maternal thyroid impairment in women affected with unexplained recurrent miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2011;26: 1324-1330.   | basic science study  |
| De Vivo A, Mancuso A, Giacobbe A, Moleti M, Maggio Savasta L, De Dominicis R, Priolo AM, Vermiglio F. Thyroid function in women found to have early pregnancy loss. <i>Thyroid : official journal of the American Thyroid Association</i> 2010;20: 633-637.   | No controls  |
| Dendrinis S, Papasteriades C, Tarassi K, Christodoulakos G, Prasinos G, Creatsas G. Thyroid autoimmunity in patients with recurrent spontaneous miscarriages. <i>Gynecological endocrinology : the official journal of the International Society of Gynecological Endocrinology</i> 2000;14: 270-274.   | included in review thangaratinam 2011 and review Van den Boogaard 2011 |



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| Desjardins MK, Stephenson MD. "Information-rich" reproductive outcomes in carriers of a structural chromosome rearrangement ascertained on the basis of recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2012;97: 894-903.   | RPL with genetic background             |
| Diejomaoh M, Jirous J, Al-Azemi M, Gupta M, Al-Jaber M, Farhat R, Mohd A. Insulin resistance in women with recurrent spontaneous miscarriage of unknown aetiology. <i>Medical principles and practice</i> 2007;16: 114-118.  | Unacceptable quality                    |
| Dlugi AM. Hyperprolactinemic recurrent spontaneous pregnancy loss: a true clinical entity or a spurious finding? <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1998;70: 253-255.  | Editorial                               |
| Drakeley AJ, Quenby S, Farquharson RG. Mid-trimester loss--appraisal of a screening protocol. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1998;13: 1975-1980.  | Unacceptable quality                    |
| Dukhovny S, Zutshi P, Abbott JF. Recurrent second trimester pregnancy loss: evaluation and management. <i>Current opinion in endocrinology, diabetes, and obesity</i> 2009;16: 451-458.  | Non-systematic review                   |
| D'Uva M, Di Micco P, Strina I, Ranieri A, Alviggi C, Mollo A, Fabozzi F, Cacciapuoli L, di Frega MT, Iannuzzo M et al. Etiology of hypercoagulable state in women with recurrent fetal loss without other causes of miscarriage from Southern Italy: new clinical target for antithrombotic therapy. <i>Biologics : targets &amp; therapy</i> 2008;2: 897-902. | No assessment of HHcy                   |
| D'Uva M, Micco PD, Strina I, Placido GD. Recurrent pregnancy loss and thrombophilia. <i>Journal of clinical medicine research</i> 2010;2: 18-22.   | Narrative review                        |
| El-Far M, El-Sayed IH, El-Motwally AE, Hashem IA, Bakry N. Serum levels of TNF-alpha and antioxidant enzymes and placental TNF-alpha expression in unexplained recurrent spontaneous miscarriage. <i>Journal of physiology and biochemistry</i> 2009;65: 175-181.  | Unacceptable quality                    |
| Erkenekli K, Sanhal CY, Yucel A, Bicer CK, Erel O, Uygur D. Thiol/disulfide homeostasis in patients with idiopathic recurrent pregnancy loss assessed by a novel assay: Report of a preliminary study. <i>The journal of obstetrics and gynaecology research</i> 2016;42: 136-141.   | Preliminary study                       |
| Esplin MS, Branch DW, Silver R, Stagnaro-Green A. Thyroid autoantibodies are not associated with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>American journal of obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1998;179: 1583-1586.   | included in review thangaratinam 2011   |
| Fedele L, Bianchi S. Habitual abortion: endocrinological aspects. <i>Current opinion in obstetrics &amp; gynecology</i> 1995;7: 351-356.   | Unacceptable quality                    |
| Garzia E, Borgato S, Cozzi V, Doi P, Bulfamante G, Persani L, Cetin I. Lack of expression of endometrial prolactin in early implantation failure: a pilot study. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2004;19: 1911-1916.   | Pilot study                             |
| Germain AM, Romanik MC, Guerra I, Solari S, Reyes MS, Johnson RJ, Price K, Karumanchi SA, Valdes G. Endothelial dysfunction: a link among preeclampsia, recurrent pregnancy loss, and future cardiovascular events? <i>Hypertension</i> 2007;49: 90-95.  | Not relevant for question               |
| Glinioer D. Thyroid immunity, thyroid dysfunction, and the risk of miscarriage: a propos article by Vaquero et al. Mild thyroid abnormalities and recurrent spontaneous abortion: diagnostic and therapeutical approach. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2000;43: 202-203.  | Non-systematic review                   |
| Gurbuz B, Yalti S, Ficicioglu C, Ozden S, Yildirim G, Sayar C. Basal hormone levels in women with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Gynecological endocrinology</i> 2003;17: 317-321.   | Unacceptable quality – lack of controls |
| Hammond KR, Cataldo NA, Hubbard JA, Malizia BA, Steinkampf MP. Gestational hypothyroidism: development of mild hypothyroidism in early pregnancy in previously euthyroid women. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2015;103: 1532-1536.e1531.  | Not on RPL                              |
| Harger JH, Archer DF, Marchese SG, Muracca-Clemens M, Garver KL. Etiology of recurrent pregnancy losses and outcome of subsequent pregnancies. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1983;62: 574-581.  | Unacceptable quality – lack of controls |
| Hensleigh PA, Fainstat T. Corpus luteum dysfunction: serum progesterone levels in diagnosis and assessment of therapy for recurrent and threatened abortion. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1979;32: 396-400.  | Unacceptable quality                    |
| Hirahara F, Andoh N, Sawai K, Hirabuki T, Uemura T, Minaguchi H. Hyperprolactinemic recurrent miscarriage and results of randomized bromocriptine treatment trials. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1998;70: 246-252.   | Unacceptable quality – lack of controls |

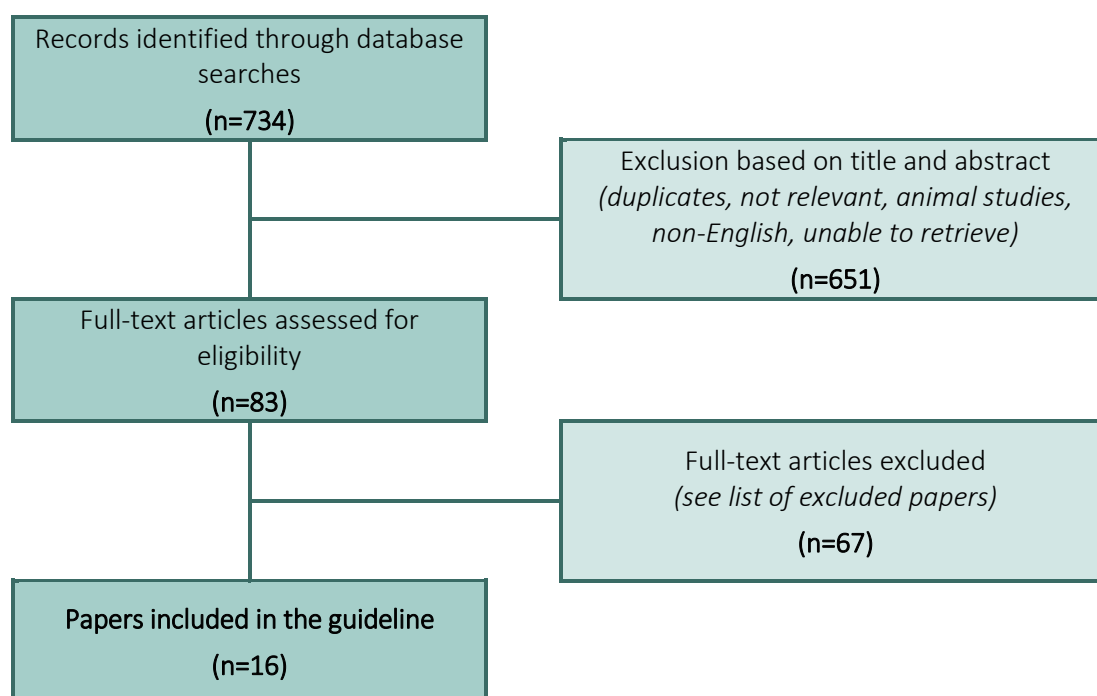
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| Holmes VA. Changes in haemostasis during normal pregnancy: does homocysteine play a role in maintaining homeostasis? The Proceedings of the Nutrition Society 2003;62: 479-493.   | Narrative review of homocysteine in pregnancy                          |
| Igor S, Guilhem S, Isabelle RV. Stroke and recurrent pregnancy loss due to hyperhomocysteinaemia. European journal of neurology 2005;12: 235-236.   | Case report  |
| Jaslow CR, Carney JL, Kutteh WH. Diagnostic factors identified in 1020 women with two versus three or more recurrent pregnancy losses. Fertility and sterility 2010;93: 1234-1243.  | Unacceptable quality – lack of controls                                |
| Knabl J, Pestka A, Huttenbrenner R, Plosch T, Ensenauer R, Welbergen L, Hutter S, Gunthner-Biller M, Jeschke U. The liver x receptor in correlation with other nuclear receptors in spontaneous and recurrent abortions. PPAR research 2013;2013: 575604.   | Unacceptable quality   |
| Kuo PL, Guo HR. Mechanism of recurrent spontaneous abortions in women with mosaicism of X-chromosome aneuploidies. Fertility and sterility 2004;82: 1594-1601.  | Primary question is not about ovarian reserve testing                  |
| Lee RM, Brown MA, Ward K, Nelson L, Branch DW, Silver RM. Homocysteine levels in women with antiphospholipid syndrome and normal fertile controls. Journal of reproductive immunology 2004;63: 23-30.   | Homocysteine APS and normal fertile controls.- not RPL                 |
| Leigh AJ, Peattie AB. Polycystic ovaries and levels of gonadotrophins and androgens in recurrent miscarriage: prospective study in 50 women. British journal of obstetrics and gynaecology 1994;101: 275-276.   | Not relevant for this question   |
| McDonough PG. Repeated first-trimester pregnancy loss: evaluation and management. American journal of obstetrics and gynecology 1985;153: 1-6.  | Unacceptable quality   |
| Mecacci F, Parretti E, Cioni R, Lucchetti R, Magrini A, La Torre P, Mignosa M, Acanfora L, Mello G. Thyroid autoimmunity and its association with non-organ-specific antibodies and subclinical alterations of thyroid function in women with a history of pregnancy loss or preeclampsia. Journal of reproductive immunology 2000;46: 39-50. | included in review thangaratinam 2011 and review Van den Boogaard 2011 |
| Motak-Pochrzest H, Malinowski A. The occurrence of immunological disturbances in patients with recurrent miscarriage (RM) of unknown etiology. Neuro endocrinology letters 2013;34: 701-707.  | Not relevant for this question   |
| Muller AF, Verhoeff A, Mantel MJ, Berghout A. Thyroid autoimmunity and abortion: a prospective study in women undergoing in vitro fertilization. Fertility and sterility 1999;71: 30-34.  | Not relevant   |
| Nadir Y, Hoffman R, Brenner B. Association of homocysteine, vitamin B12, folic acid, and MTHFR C677T in patients with a thrombotic event or recurrent fetal loss. Annals of hematology 2007;86: 35-40.  | Mixed population, unclear relevance                                    |
| Nelen WL, Blom HJ, Steegers EA, den Heijer M, Thomas CM, Eskes TK. Homocysteine and folate levels as risk factors for recurrent early pregnancy loss. Obstet Gynecol 2000;95: 519-524.  | Included in meta-analysis Nelen 2000                                   |
| Nelen WL, Bulten J, Steegers EA, Blom HJ, Hanselaar AG, Eskes TK. Maternal homocysteine and chorionic vascularization in recurrent early pregnancy loss. Hum Reprod 2000;15: 954-960.   | basic science, not relevant for question                               |
| Nicotra M, Muttinelli C, Sbracia M, Rolfi G, Passi S. Blood levels of lipids, lipoperoxides, vitamin E and glutathione peroxidase in women with habitual abortion. Gynecologic and obstetric investigation 1994;38: 223-226.  | Relevance for the question unclear                                     |
| Peters AJ, Lloyd RP, Coulam CB. Prevalence of out-of-phase endometrial biopsy specimens. American journal of obstetrics and gynecology 1992;166: 1738-1745; discussion 1745-1736.   | accuracy of histologic endometrial dating.                             |
| Plowden TC, Schisterman EF, Sjaarda LA, Zarek SM, Perkins NJ, Silver R, Galai N, DeCherney AH, Mumford SL. Subclinical hypothyroidism and thyroid autoimmunity are not associated with fecundity, pregnancy loss or live birth. The Journal of clinical endocrinology and metabolism 2016: jc20161049.  | Not RPL women  |
| Prakash A, Li TC, Tuckerman E, Laird S, Wells M, Ledger WL. A study of luteal phase expression of inhibin, activin, and follistatin subunits in the endometrium of women with recurrent miscarriage. Fertility and sterility 2006;86: 1723-1730.  | Not relevant for this question   |
| Pratt DE, Kaberlein G, Dudkiewicz A, Karande V, Gleicher N. The association of antithyroid antibodies in euthyroid nonpregnant women with recurrent first trimester abortions in the next pregnancy. Fertility and sterility 1993;60: 1001-1005.  | included in review thangaratinam 2011                                  |

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| Putowski L, Darmochwal-Kolarz D, Rolinski J, Oleszczuk J, Jakowicki J. The immunological profile of infertile women after repeated IVF failure (preliminary study). <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 2004;112: 192-196.   | Not RPL women  |
| Raziel A, Kornberg Y, Friedler S, Schachter M, Sela BA, Ron-El R. Hypercoagulable thrombophilic defects and hyperhomocysteinemia in patients with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2001;45: 65-71.   | Prevalence HHcy in controls not reported               |
| Roberts J, Jenkins C, Wilson R, Pearson C, Franklin IA, MacLean MA, McKillop JH, Walker JJ. Recurrent miscarriage is associated with increased numbers of CD5/20 positive lymphocytes and an increased incidence of thyroid antibodies. <i>European journal of endocrinology</i> 1996;134: 84-86.                                | included in review Van den Boogaard 2011               |
| Ronnenberg AG, Venners SA, Xu X, Chen C, Wang L, Guang W, Huang A, Wang X. Preconception B-vitamin and homocysteine status, conception, and early pregnancy loss. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> 2007;166: 304-312.   | Not RPL  |
| Roque H, Paidas MJ, Funai EF, Kuczynski E, Lockwood CJ. Maternal thrombophilias are not associated with early pregnancy loss. <i>Thrombosis and haemostasis</i> 2004;91: 290-295.  | HHcy is not discussed in the paper, except methodology |
| Rushworth FH, Backos M, Rai R, Chilcott IT, Baxter N, Regan L. Prospective pregnancy outcome in untreated recurrent miscarriers with thyroid autoantibodies. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2000;15: 1637-1639.   | Not relevant for this question                         |
| Salker M, Teklenburg G, Molokhia M, Lavery S, Trew G, Aojanepong T, Mardon HJ, Lokugamage AU, Rai R, Landles C et al. Natural selection of human embryos: impaired decidualization of endometrium disables embryo-maternal interactions and causes recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>PloS one</i> 2010;5: e10287.                     | Endometrial prolactin – infertile couples as controls  |
| Schachter M, Raziel A, Friedler S, Strassburger D, Bern O, Ron-El R. Insulin resistance in patients with polycystic ovary syndrome is associated with elevated plasma homocysteine. <i>Hum Reprod</i> 2003;18: 721-727.  | Not RPL  |
| Serle E, Aplin JD, Li TC, Warren MA, Graham RA, Seif MW, Cooke ID. Endometrial differentiation in the peri-implantation phase of women with recurrent miscarriage: a morphological and immunohistochemical study. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1994;62: 989-996.   | Not relevant for this question                         |
| Shoham Z, Jacobs HS, Insler V. Luteinizing hormone: its role, mechanism of action, and detrimental effects when hypersecreted during the follicular phase. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1993;59: 1153-1161.  | Non-systematic review                                  |
| Skrzypczak J, Wirstlein P, Mikolajczyk M, Ludwikowski G, Zak T. TGF superfamily and MMP2, MMP9, TIMP1 genes expression in the endometrium of women with impaired reproduction. <i>Folia histochemica et cytobiologica / Polish Academy of Sciences, Polish Histochemical and Cytochemical Society</i> 2007;45 Suppl 1: S143-148. | Genetic study  |
| Soules MR, McLachlan RI, Ek M, Dahl KD, Cohen NL, Bremner WJ. Luteal phase deficiency: characterization of reproductive hormones over the menstrual cycle. <i>The Journal of clinical endocrinology and metabolism</i> 1989;69: 804-812.   | Not RPL  |
| Stirrat GM. Recurrent miscarriage. II: Clinical associations, causes, and management. <i>Lancet</i> 1990;336: 728-733.   | Non-systematic review                                  |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Ozaki Y, Nakanishi T, Kumamoto Y, Suzumori K. Pregnancy outcome in recurrent aborters is not influenced by Chlamydia IgA and/or G. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2005;53: 50-53.   | Not relevant for this question                         |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Ozaki Y, Sonta S, Makino T, Suzumori K. Exposure to bisphenol A is associated with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2005;20: 2325-2329.   | Not relevant for this question                         |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Ozaki Y, Sonta S, Makino T, Suzumori K. PCBs, hexachlorobenzene and DDE are not associated with recurrent miscarriage. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2003;50: 485-489.   | Not relevant for this question                         |
| Tang AW, Alfievic Z, Turner MA, Drury JA, Small R, Quenby S. A feasibility trial of screening women with idiopathic recurrent miscarriage for high uterine natural killer cell density and randomizing to prednisolone or placebo when pregnant <i>Human reproduction</i> . 2013, pp. 1743-1752.                                 | Not relevant for this question                         |
| van Iddekinge B, Hofmeyr GJ. Recurrent spontaneous abortion--aetiological factors and subsequent reproductive performance in 76 couples. <i>South</i>  | Unacceptable quality – lack of controls                |

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| African medical journal = Suid-Afrikaanse tydskrif vir geneeskunde 1991;80: 223-226.   |  |
| Vanrell JA, Balasch J. Luteal phase defects in repeated abortion. International journal of gynaecology and obstetrics: the official organ of the International Federation of Gynaecology and Obstetrics 1986;24: 111-115.  | Unacceptable quality   |
| Vaquero E, Lazzarin N, De Carolis C, Valensise H, Moretti C, Ramanini C. Mild thyroid abnormalities and recurrent spontaneous abortion: diagnostic and therapeutical approach. American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989) 2000;43: 204-208. | Unacceptable quality – lack of controls                                    |
| Wang Q, Luo L, Lei Q, Lin MM, Huang X, Chen MH, Zeng YH, Zhou CQ. Low aneuploidy rate in early pregnancy loss abortuses from patients with polycystic ovary syndrome. Reproductive biomedicine online 2016.  | Not RPL  |
| Yan J, Sripada S, Saravelos SH, Chen ZJ, Egner W, Li TC. Thyroid peroxidase antibody in women with unexplained recurrent miscarriage: prevalence, prognostic value, and response to empirical thyroxine therapy. Fertility and sterility 2012;98: 378-382.         | Comparison of women with unexplained RPL versus those with known cause RPL |
| Yuen BH, Livingston JE, Poland BJ, Wittmann BK, Sy L, Cannon W. Human chorionic gonadotropin, estradiol, progesterone, prolactin, and B-scan ultrasound monitoring of complications in early pregnancy. Obstetrics and gynecology 1981;57: 207-214.                | Unacceptable quality   |

## 8. WHAT IS THE VALUE OF ANATOMICAL INVESTIGATIONS IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF RPL?

### Flowchart



### List of excluded papers

|   | EXCLUSION CRITERIA        |
|---|---------------------------|
| AAGL practice report: practice guidelines for the diagnosis and management of submucous leiomyomas. J Minim Invasive Gynecol 2012;19: 152-171.  | guideline                 |
| Abu-Musa A, Chahine R, Aridi O, Karam K. Successful pregnancy outcome following Tompkins metroplasty done early in pregnancy. Human reproduction 1998;13: 1387-1388.                          | Treatment – case report   |
| ACOG Practice Bulletin No.142: Cerclage for the management of cervical insufficiency. Obstetrics and gynecology 2014;123: 372-379.  | guideline                 |
| ACOG technology assessment no. 8: Sonohysterography. Obstetrics and gynecology 2012;119: 1325.  | guideline                 |
| Alborzi S, Asadi N, Zolghadri J, Alborzi S, Alborzi M. Laparoscopic metroplasty in bicornuate and didelphic uteri. Fertility and sterility 2009;92: 352-355.                                  | metroplasty – case report |
| Alessandrino F, Di Silverio E, Moramarco LP. Uterine arteriovenous malformation. Journal of ultrasound 2013;16: 41-44.  | case report               |
| Ayers JW, Peterson EP, Ansbacher R. Early therapy for the incompetent cervix in patients with habitual abortion. Fertility and sterility 1982;38: 177-181.                                    | Medical intervention      |
| Balasch J, Creus M, Vanrell JA. Lack of endometriosis in patients with repeated abortion. Human reproduction 1988;3: 263-264.   | endometriosis             |
| Ben-Nagi J, Miell J, Mavrellos D, Naftalin J, Lee C, Jurkovic D. Endometrial implantation factors in women with submucous uterine fibroids. Reproductive biomedicine online 2010;21: 610-615. | not RPL                   |
| Ben-Rafael Z, Seidman DS, Recabi K, Bider D, Mashiach S. Uterine anomalies. A retrospective, matched-control study. The Journal of reproductive medicine 1991;36: 723-727.                    | Not diagnostic            |
| Bick RL, Madden J, Heller KB, Toofanian A. Recurrent miscarriage: causes, evaluation, and treatment. Medscape women's health 1998;3: 2.   | narrative review          |



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| Bosteels J, Weyers S, Puttemans P, Panayotidis C, Van Herendael B, Gmel V, Mol BW, Mathieu C, D'Hooghe T. The effectiveness of hysteroscopy in improving pregnancy rates in subfertile women without other gynaecological symptoms: a systematic review. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 2010;16: 1-11.            | Treatment, in subfertile patients   |
| Bottomley C, Van Belle V, Kirk E, Van Huffel S, Timmerman D, Bourne T. Accurate prediction of pregnancy viability by means of a simple scoring system. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2013;28: 68-76.  | Not RPL   |
| Branch DW, Gibson M, Silver RM. Clinical practice. Recurrent miscarriage. <i>The New England journal of medicine</i> 2010;363: 1740-1747.   | treatment   |
| Clifford K, Rai R, Watson H, Regan L. An informative protocol for the investigation of recurrent miscarriage: preliminary experience of 500 consecutive cases. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1994;9: 1328-1332.   | not RPL   |
| Cogendez E, Dolgun ZN, Sanverdi I, Turgut A, Eren S. Post-abortion hysteroscopy: a method for early diagnosis of congenital and acquired intrauterine causes of abortions. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 2011;156: 101-104.   | Incidence of Uterine abnormalities with HSC                                       |
| Colacurci N, De Placido G, Mollo A, Carravetta C, De Franciscis P. Reproductive outcome after hysteroscopic metroplasty. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 1996;66: 147-150.  | HSC metroplasty (resectoscope)  |
| El-Sherbiny W, El-Mazny A, Abou-Salem N, Mostafa WS. The diagnostic accuracy of two- versus three-dimensional sonohysterography for evaluation of the uterine cavity in the reproductive age. <i>J Minim Invasive Gynecol</i> 2014.   | some of the patients had RM   |
| Evaluation and treatment of recurrent pregnancy loss: a committee opinion. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2012;98: 1103-1111.   | committee opinion   |
| Fernandez H, Garbin O, Castaigne V, Gervaise A, Levailant JM. Surgical approach to and reproductive outcome after surgical correction of a T-shaped uterus. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2011;26: 1730-1734.   | Not relevant for this question  |
| France JT, Keelan J, Song L, Liddell H, Zanderigo A, Knox B. Serum concentrations of human chorionic gonadotrophin and immunoreactive inhibin in early pregnancy and recurrent miscarriage: a longitudinal study. <i>The Australian &amp; New Zealand journal of obstetrics &amp; gynaecology</i> 1996;36: 325-330. | Not relevant for this question  |
| Ghahiry AA, Refaei Aliabadi E, Taherian AA, Najafian A, Ghasemi M. Effectiveness of hysteroscopic repair of uterine lesions in reproductive outcome. <i>International journal of fertility &amp; sterility</i> 2014;8: 129-134.   | Not relevant for this question  |
| Goldberg JM, Falcone T, Attaran M. Sonohysterographic evaluation of uterine abnormalities noted on hysterosalpingography. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1997;12: 2151-2153.   | Low number of patients, one single group with infertility and RPL                 |
| Gopal M, Goldberg J, Klein TA, Fossum GT. Embolization of a uterine arteriovenous malformation followed by a twin pregnancy. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 2003;102: 696-698.  | Case report   |
| Guimaraes Filho HA, Mattar R, Pires CR, Araujo Junior E, Moron AF, Nardozza LM. Comparison of hysterosalpingography, hysterosonography and hysteroscopy in evaluation of the uterine cavity in patients with recurrent pregnancy losses. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2006;274: 284-288.            | Included in review Saravelos 2008   |
| Homer HA, Li TC, Cooke ID. The septate uterus: a review of management and reproductive outcome. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2000;73: 1-14.   | Non-systematic review   |
| Ignatov A, Costa SD, Kleinstein J. Reproductive outcome of women with rare Mullerian anomaly: report of 2 cases. <i>J Minim Invasive Gynecol</i> 2008;15: 502-504.  | case report – not RPL   |
| Itzkowic DJ, Bennett MJ. Hysteroscopic metroplasty. <i>The Australian &amp; New Zealand journal of obstetrics &amp; gynaecology</i> 1988;28: 305-306.   | Not relevant for this question  |
| Jaslow CR, Carney JL, Kutteh WH. Diagnostic factors identified in 1020 women with two versus three or more recurrent pregnancy losses. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2010;93: 1234-1243.   | Prevalence uterine malformations in RM – more recent review Jaslow 2013 available |
| Jauniaux E, Farquharson RG, Christiansen OB, Exalto N. Evidence-based guidelines for the investigation and medical treatment of recurrent miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2006;21: 2216-2222.  | Previous RPL Guideline  |
| Jurkovic D, Geipel A, Gruboeck K, Jauniaux E, Natucci M, Campbell S. Three-dimensional ultrasound for the assessment of uterine anatomy and detection of congenital anomalies: a comparison with  | Low number of patients. Old paper, Ultrasound machines are even more precise now  |

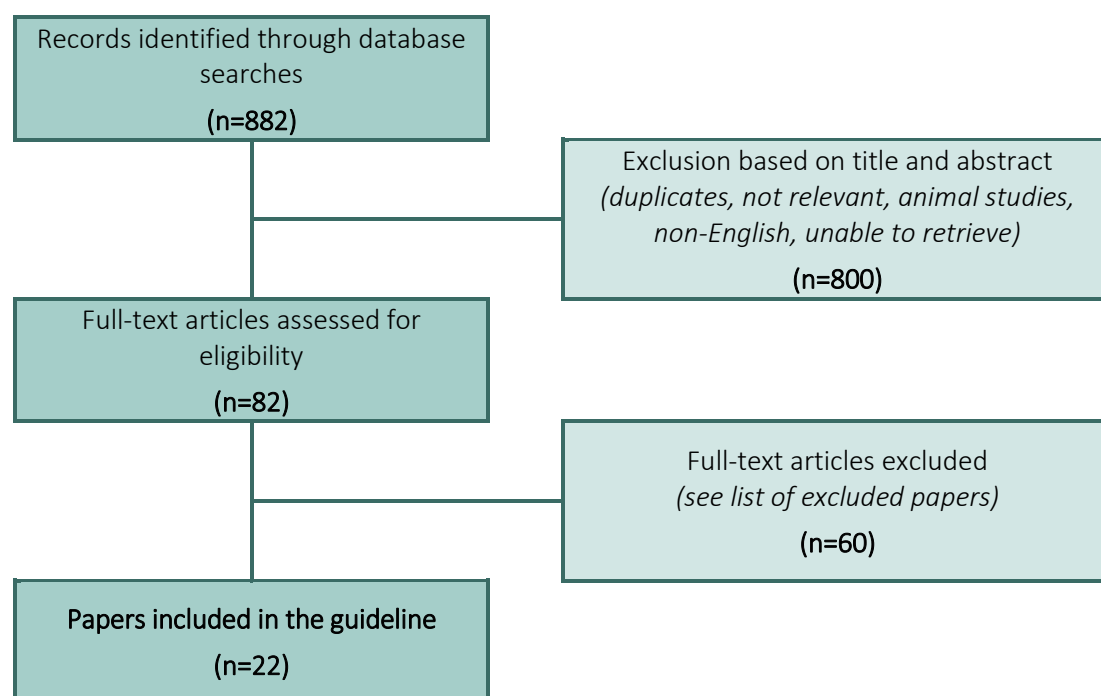
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| hysterosalpingography and two-dimensional sonography. <i>Ultrasound in obstetrics &amp; gynecology</i> 1995;5: 233-237.  |   |
| Keltz MD, Olive DL, Kim AH, Arici A. Sonohysterography for screening in recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1997;67: 670-674.   | Included in review Saravelos 2008   |
| Kowalik CR, Goddijn M, Emanuel MH, Bongers MY, Spinder T, de Kruif JH, Mol Ben Willem J, Heineman Maas J. Metroplasty versus expectant management for women with recurrent miscarriage and a septate uterus <i>Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews</i> . 2011. John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.                       | Meta-analysis metroplasty   |
| Kucuk T, Deveci S. "Chromohysteroscopy" for evaluation of endometrium in recurrent miscarriage. <i>Clinical and experimental obstetrics &amp; gynecology</i> 2008;35: 133-136.   | chromoHSC is not a standard technique   |
| Lazzarin N, Exacoustos C, Vaquero E, De Felice G, Manfellotto D, Zupi E. Uterine junctional zone at three-dimensional transvaginal ultrasonography in patients with recurrent miscarriage: a new diagnostic tool? <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 2014;174: 128-132. | Subendometrial thickness is not standardized                                  |
| Leible S, Cumsille F, Walton R, Munoz H, Jankelevich J, Sepulveda W. Discordant uterine artery velocity waveforms as a predictor of subsequent miscarriage in early viable pregnancies. <i>American journal of obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1998;179: 1587-1593.  | Old paper   |
| March CM, Israel R. Hysteroscopic management of recurrent abortion caused by septate uterus. <i>American journal of obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1987;156: 834-842.   | non homogeneous group, without outcome analysis in RM patients                |
| Nakatsuka M, Habara T, Noguchi S, Konishi H, Kudo T. Impaired uterine arterial blood flow in pregnant women with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Journal of ultrasound in medicine : official journal of the American Institute of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> 2003;22: 27-31.                                       | Patients with RM in this paper were receiving treatment with LMWH and aspirin |
| Nawroth F, Foth D. One-stop recurrent miscarriage clinic and hysteroscopy--an urgent combination? <i>Human reproduction</i> 2005;20: 2976-2979.  | Not relevant for this question  |
| Olpin JD, Heilbrun M. Imaging of Mullerian duct anomalies. <i>Clinical obstetrics and gynecology</i> 2009;52: 40-56.   | Non-systematic review   |
| Olpin JD, Heilbrun M. Imaging of Mullerian duct anomalies. <i>Topics in magnetic resonance imaging : TMRI</i> 2010;21: 225-235.  | not RPL population  |
| Paradisi R, Barzanti R, Natali F, Battaglia C, Venturoli S. Metroplasty in a large population of women with septate uterus. <i>J Minim Invasive Gynecol</i> 2011;18: 449-454.  | treatment   |
| Pelosi MA. Laparoscopic Assisted Vaginal Metroplasty. <i>The Journal of the American Association of Gynecologic Laparoscopists</i> 1994;1: S28.  | Case report   |
| Portuondo JA, Camara MM, Echanojauregui AD, Calonge J. Mullerian abnormalities in fertile women and recurrent aborters. <i>The Journal of reproductive medicine</i> 1986;31: 616-619.  | Old paper   |
| Proctor JA, Haney AF. Recurrent first trimester pregnancy loss is associated with uterine septum but not with bicornuate uterus. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2003;80: 1212-1215.  | Similar data available in systematic review                                   |
| Rackow BW, Arici A. Reproductive performance of women with mullerian anomalies. <i>Current opinion in obstetrics &amp; gynecology</i> 2007;19: 229-237.  | Non-systematic review   |
| Raziel A, Arieli S, Bukovsky I, Caspi E, Golan A. Investigation of the uterine cavity in recurrent aborters. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1994;62: 1080-1082.  | HSG vs hysteroscopy   |
| Romer T. Post-abortion-hysteroscopy--a method for early diagnosis of congenital and acquired intrauterine causes of abortions. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 1994;57: 171-173.   | Not relevant for question   |
| Roy KK, Singla S, Baruah J, Sharma JB, Kumar S, Singh N. Reproductive outcome following hysteroscopic myomectomy in patients with infertility and recurrent abortions. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2010;282: 553-560.   | myomectomy  |
| Salim R, Jurkovic D. Assessing congenital uterine anomalies: the role of three-dimensional ultrasonography. <i>Best practice &amp; research Clinical obstetrics &amp; gynaecology</i> 2004;18: 29-36.  | Non-systematic review   |
| Saravelos SH, Cocksedg KA, Li TC. The pattern of pregnancy loss in women with congenital uterine anomalies and recurrent miscarriage. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2010;20: 416-422.   | Relevance unclear   |



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| Seckin B, Sarikaya E, Oruc AS, Celen S, Cicek N. Office hysteroscopic findings in patients with two, three, and four or more, consecutive miscarriages. The European journal of contraception & reproductive health care 2012;17: 393-398.   | Similar data available in systematic review |
| Shawki HE. Reproductive outcomes after Versapoint hysteroscopic metroplasty Middle East Fertility Society Journal. 2010, pp. 259-264.  | Small study                                 |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Ozaki Y, Suzumori N. Mullerian anomalies and recurrent miscarriage. Current opinion in obstetrics & gynecology 2013;25: 293-298.  | Non-systematic review                       |
| Troiano RN, McCarthy SM. Mullerian duct anomalies: imaging and clinical issues. Radiology 2004;233: 19-34.   | Non-systematic review                       |
| Tulppala M, Palosuo T, Ramsay T, Miettinen A, Salonen R, Ylikorkala O. A prospective study of 63 couples with a history of recurrent spontaneous abortion: contributing factors and outcome of subsequent pregnancies. Human reproduction 1993;8: 764-770.                         | Older paper                                 |
| Valenzano MM, Mistrangelo E, Lijoi D, Fortunato T, Lantieri PB, Risso D, Costantini S, Ragni N. Transvaginal sonohysterographic evaluation of uterine malformations. European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology 2006;124: 246-249.                       | Included in review Saravelos                |
| Valle RF, Sciarra JJ. Hysteroscopic treatment of the septate uterus. Obstetrics and gynecology 1986;67: 253-257.   | low number of cases                         |
| Valli E, Vaquero E, Lazzarin N, Caserta D, Marconi D, Zupi E. Hysteroscopic metroplasty improves gestational outcome in women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. The Journal of the American Association of Gynecologic Laparoscopists 2004;11: 240-244.                         | metroplasty                                 |
| Valli E, Zupi E, Marconi D, Vaquero E, Giovannini P, Lazzarin N, Romanini C. Hysteroscopic findings in 344 women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. The Journal of the American Association of Gynecologic Laparoscopists 2001;8: 398-401.                                       | Similar data available in systematic review |
| Ventolini G, Zhang M, Gruber J. Hysteroscopy in the evaluation of patients with recurrent pregnancy loss: a cohort study in a primary care population. Surgical endoscopy 2004;18: 1782-1784.  | Similar data available in systematic review |
| Vercammen EE, D'Hooghe TM. Endometriosis and recurrent pregnancy loss. Seminars in reproductive medicine 2000;18: 363-368.   | Non-systematic review                       |
| Vercellini P, Consonni D, Drudi D, Bracco B, Frattaruolo MP, Somigliana E. Uterine adenomyosis and in vitro fertilization outcome: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Human reproduction 2014;29: 964-977.   | IVF, not RPL                                |
| Vercellini P, Ragni G, Trespidi L, Oldani S, Panazza S, Crosignani PG. A modified technique for correction of the complete septate uterus. Acta obstetrica et gynecologica Scandinavica 1994;73: 425-428.  | treatment                                   |
| Zafarani F, Ahmadi F. Evaluation of intrauterine structural pathology by three-dimensional sonohysterography using an extended imaging method. International journal of fertility & sterility 2013;7: 1-6.   | Descriptive paper                           |
| Zolghadri J, Momtahan M, Alborzi S, Mohammadinejad A, Khosravi D. Pregnancy outcome in patients with early recurrent abortion following laparoscopic tubal cornual interruption of a fallopian tube with hydrosalpinx. Fertility and sterility 2006;86: 149-151.                   | treatment                                   |
| Zolghadri J, Momtahan M, Aminian K, Ghaffarpasand F, Tavana Z. The value of hysteroscopy in diagnosis of chronic endometritis in patients with unexplained recurrent spontaneous abortion. European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology 2011;155: 217-220. | endometritis                                |

## 9. WHAT IS THE VALUE OF MALE SCREENING IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF RPL?

### Flowchart



### List of excluded papers

| EXCLUSION CRITERIA  |                                  |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Absalan F, Ghannadi A, Kazerooni M, Parifar R, Jamalzadeh F, Amiri S. Value of sperm chromatin dispersion test in couples with unexplained recurrent abortion. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 2012;29: 11-14.   | Not relevant                     |
| Al-Hassan S, Hellani A, Al-Shahrani A, Al-Deery M, Jaroudi K, Coskun S. Sperm chromosomal abnormalities in patients with unexplained recurrent abortions. <i>Archives of andrology</i> 2005;51: 69-76.  | Small study                      |
| Ankolkar M, Patil A, Warke H, Salvi V, Kedia Mokashi N, Pathak S, Balasinor NH. Methylation analysis of idiopathic recurrent spontaneous miscarriage cases reveals aberrant imprinting at H19 ICR in normozoospermic individuals. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2012;98: 1186-1192.  | Not relevant                     |
| Ankolkar M, Salvi V, Warke H, Vundinti BR, Balasinor NH. Methylation status of imprinted genes DLK1-GTL2, MEST (PEG1), ZAC (PLAGL1), and LINE-1 elements in spermatozoa of normozoospermic men, unlike H19 imprinting control regions, is not associated with idiopathic recurrent spontaneous miscarriages. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2013;99: 1668-1673.           | Not relevant                     |
| Asadpor U, Totonchi M, Sabbaghian M, Hoseinifar H, Akhound MR, Zari Moradi S, Haratian K, Sadighi Gilani MA, Gourabi H, Mohseni Meybodi A. Ubiquitin-specific protease (USP26) gene alterations associated with male infertility and recurrent pregnancy loss (RPL) in Iranian infertile patients. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 2013;30: 923-931. | Not relevant                     |
| Bahceci M, Ulug U. Does underlying infertility aetiology impact on first trimester miscarriage rate following ICSI? A preliminary report from 1244 singleton gestations. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2005;20: 717-721.  | Not RPL                          |
| Bellver J, Meseguer M, Muriel L, Garcia-Herrero S, Barreto MA, Garda AL, Remohi J, Pellicer A, Garrido N. Y chromosome microdeletions, sperm DNA fragmentation and sperm oxidative stress as causes of recurrent  | Included in review Robinson 2012 |

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| spontaneous abortion of unknown etiology. Human reproduction 2010;25: 1713-1721.   |  |
| Bhattacharya SM. Hypo-osmotic swelling test and unexplained repeat early pregnancy loss. The journal of obstetrics and gynaecology research 2010;36: 119-122.  | Not relevant                                   |
| Borini A, Tarozzi N, Bizzaro D, Bonu MA, Fava L, Flamigni C, Coticchio G. Sperm DNA fragmentation: paternal effect on early post-implantation embryo development in ART. Human reproduction 2006;21: 2876-2881.  | Included in review Robinson 2012 and Zhao 2014 |
| Buckett WM, Luckas MJ, Aird IA, Farquharson RG, Kingsland CR, Lewis-Jones DI. The hypo-osmotic swelling test in recurrent miscarriage. Fertility and sterility 1997;68: 506-509.   | Small study                                    |
| Caramins MC, Saville T, Shakeshaft R, Mullan GL, Miller B, Yip MY, Buckley MF. A comparison of molecular and cytogenetic techniques for the diagnosis of pregnancy loss. Genetics in medicine : official journal of the American College of Medical Genetics 2011;13: 46-51.   | Study on genetics                              |
| Carrell DT, Liu L, Peterson CM, Jones KP, Hatasaka HH, Erickson L, Campbell B. Sperm DNA fragmentation is increased in couples with unexplained recurrent pregnancy loss. Archives of andrology 2003;49: 49-55.  | Small study                                    |
| Carrell DT, Wilcox AL, Lowy L, Peterson CM, Jones KP, Erickson L, Campbell B, Branch DW, Hatasaka HH. Elevated sperm chromosome aneuploidy and apoptosis in patients with unexplained recurrent pregnancy loss. Obstetrics and gynecology 2003;101: 1229-1235.   | Small study                                    |
| Collodel G, Giannerini V, Antonio Pascarelli N, Federico MG, Comodo F, Moretti E. TEM and FISH studies in sperm from men of couples with recurrent pregnancy loss. Andrologia 2009;41: 352-360.  | Not relevant for question                      |
| Coughlan C, Ledger W, Wang Q, Liu F, Demiroglu A, Gurgan T, Cutting R, Ong K, Sallam H, Li TC. Recurrent implantation failure: definition and management. Reproductive biomedicine online 2014;28: 14-38.  | Not RPL  |
| Dul EC, van Echten-Arends J, Groen H, Dijkhuizen T, Land JA, van Ravenswaaij-Arts CM. Chromosomal abnormalities in azoospermic and non-azoospermic infertile men: numbers needed to be screened to prevent adverse pregnancy outcomes. Human reproduction 2012;27: 2850-2856.  | Not RPL  |
| Egozcue S, Blanco J, Vendrell JM, Garcia F, Veiga A, Aran B, Barri PN, Vidal F, Egozcue J. Human male infertility: chromosome anomalies, meiotic disorders, abnormal spermatozoa and recurrent abortion. Human reproduction update 2000;6: 93-105.   | Inadequate data                                |
| Enciso M, Alfarawati S, Wells D. Increased numbers of DNA-damaged spermatozoa in samples presenting an elevated rate of numerical chromosome abnormalities. Human reproduction 2013;28: 1707-1715.   | Not RPL  |
| Gil-Villa AM, Cardona-Maya W, Agarwal A, Sharma R, Cadavid A. Assessment of sperm factors possibly involved in early recurrent pregnancy loss. Fertility and sterility 2010;94: 1465-1472.   | Small study                                    |
| Giorlandino C, Calugi G, Iaconianni L, Santoro ML, Lippa A. Spermatozoa with chromosomal abnormalities may result in a higher rate of recurrent abortion. Fertility and sterility 1998;70: 576-577.  | Case report                                    |
| Gopalkrishnan K, Hurkadli K, Padwal V, Balaiah D. Use of acridine orange to evaluate chromatin integrity of human spermatozoa in different groups of infertile men. Andrologia 1999;31: 277-282.   | Not relevant                                   |
| Hill JA, Abbott AF, Politch JA. Sperm morphology and recurrent abortion. Fertility and sterility 1994;61: 776-778.   | Not relevant                                   |
| Hill JA, Anderson DJ, Polgar K, Abbott AF, Politch JA. Seminal white blood cells and recurrent abortion. Human reproduction 1994;9: 1180-1183.   | Not relevant                                   |
| Honda H, Miharun O, Hashi Y, Honda N, Hara T, Ohama K. Analysis of segregation and aneuploidy in two reciprocal translocation carriers, t(3;9)(q26.2;q32) and t(3;9)(p25;q32), by triple-color fluorescence in situ hybridization. Human genetics 1999;105: 428-436.   | Case report                                    |
| Kazerooni T, Asadi N, Jadid L, Kazerooni M, Ghanadi A, Ghaffarpasand F, Kazerooni Y, Zolghadr J. Evaluation of sperm's chromatin quality with acridine orange test, chromomycin A3 and aniline blue staining in couples with unexplained recurrent abortion. Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics 2009;26: 591-596. | Not relevant                                   |

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| Kumar K, Deka D, Singh A, Chattopadhyay P, Dada R. Expression pattern of PRM2, HSP90 and WNT5A in male partners of couples experiencing idiopathic recurrent miscarriages. <i>Journal of genetics</i> 2012;91: 363-366.  | Not relevant  |
| Kumar K, Deka D, Singh A, Mitra DK, Vanitha BR, Dada R. Predictive value of DNA integrity analysis in idiopathic recurrent pregnancy loss following spontaneous conception. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 2012;29: 861-867.   | Not relevant  |
| Kumar K, Thilagavathi J, Deka D, Dada R. Unexplained early pregnancy loss: role of paternal DNA. <i>The Indian journal of medical research</i> 2012;136: 296-298.  | letter  |
| Kushnir VA, Frattarelli JL. Aneuploidy in abortuses following IVF and ICSI. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 2009;26: 93-97.   | Not relevant  |
| Larsen EC, Christiansen OB, Kolte AM, Macklon N. New insights into mechanisms behind miscarriage. <i>BMC medicine</i> 2013;11: 154.  | Not an original study   |
| Mansour Ghanaie M, Asgari SA, Dadras N, Allahkhah A, Iran-Pour E, Safarinejad MR. Effects of varicocele repair on spontaneous first trimester miscarriage: a randomized clinical trial. <i>Urology journal</i> 2012;9: 505-513.  | Treatment study   |
| Mathur S, Baker ER, Williamson HO, Derrick FC, Teague KJ, Fudenberg HH. Clinical significance of sperm antibodies in infertility. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1981;36: 486-495.   | Inadequate data   |
| Molinari E, Mirabelli M, Raimondo S, Brussino A, Gennarelli G, Bongioanni F, Revelli A. Sperm macrocephaly syndrome in a patient without AURKC mutations and with a history of recurrent miscarriage. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2013;26: 148-156.   | Case report   |
| Nabi A, Khalili MA, Halvaei I, Ghasemzadeh J, Zare E. Seminal bacterial contaminations: Probable factor in unexplained recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Iranian journal of reproductive medicine</i> 2013;11: 925-932.   | Seminal bacterial contaminations not discussed in the guideline (1 small study) |
| Pons I, Cercas R, Villas C, Brana C, Fernandez-Shaw S. One abstinence day decreases sperm DNA fragmentation in 90 % of selected patients. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 2013;30: 1211-1218.   | No data on pregnancy loss   |
| Rao L, Murthy K, Babu A, Venkata P, Deenadayal M, Singh L. Chromosome inversions and a novel chromosome insertion associated with recurrent miscarriages in South India. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2005;272: 273-277.   | Not relevant  |
| Ribas-Maynou J, Garcia-Peiro A, Fernandez-Encinas A, Amengual MJ, Prada E, Cortes P, Navarro J, Benet J. Double stranded sperm DNA breaks, measured by Comet assay, are associated with unexplained recurrent miscarriage in couples without a female factor. <i>PloS one</i> 2012;7: e44679.                          | Small study   |
| Robinson WP, McFadden DE, Stephenson MD. The origin of abnormalities in recurrent aneuploidy/polyploidy. <i>American journal of human genetics</i> 2001;69: 1245-1254.   | Not relevant  |
| Rotondo JC, Bosi S, Bazzan E, Di Domenico M, De Mattei M, Selvatici R, Patella A, Marci R, Tognon M, Martini F. Methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase gene promoter hypermethylation in semen samples of infertile couples correlates with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2012;27: 3632-3638. | Relevance of hypermethylation of MTHFR for RPL is unclear                       |
| Rubio C, Gil-Salom M, Simon C, Vidal F, Rodrigo L, Minguez Y, Remohi J, Pellicer A. Incidence of sperm chromosomal abnormalities in a risk population: relationship with sperm quality and ICSI outcome. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2001;16: 2084-2092.   | Not RPL   |
| Rubio C, Simon C, Blanco J, Vidal F, Minguez Y, Egozcue J, Crespo J, Remohi J, Pellicer A. Implications of sperm chromosome abnormalities in recurrent miscarriage. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 1999;16: 253-258.   | Small studies, 12 sperm samples   |
| Sachs ES, Jahoda MG, Van Hemel JO, Hoogeboom AJ, Sandkuyl LA. Chromosome studies of 500 couples with two or more abortions. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1985;65: 375-378.   | Old study   |
| Saxena P, Misro MM, Chaki SP, Chopra K, Roy S, Nandan D. Is abnormal sperm function an indicator among couples with recurrent pregnancy loss? <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2008;90: 1854-1858.   | Comparison of RPL with normal and abnormal sperm                                |

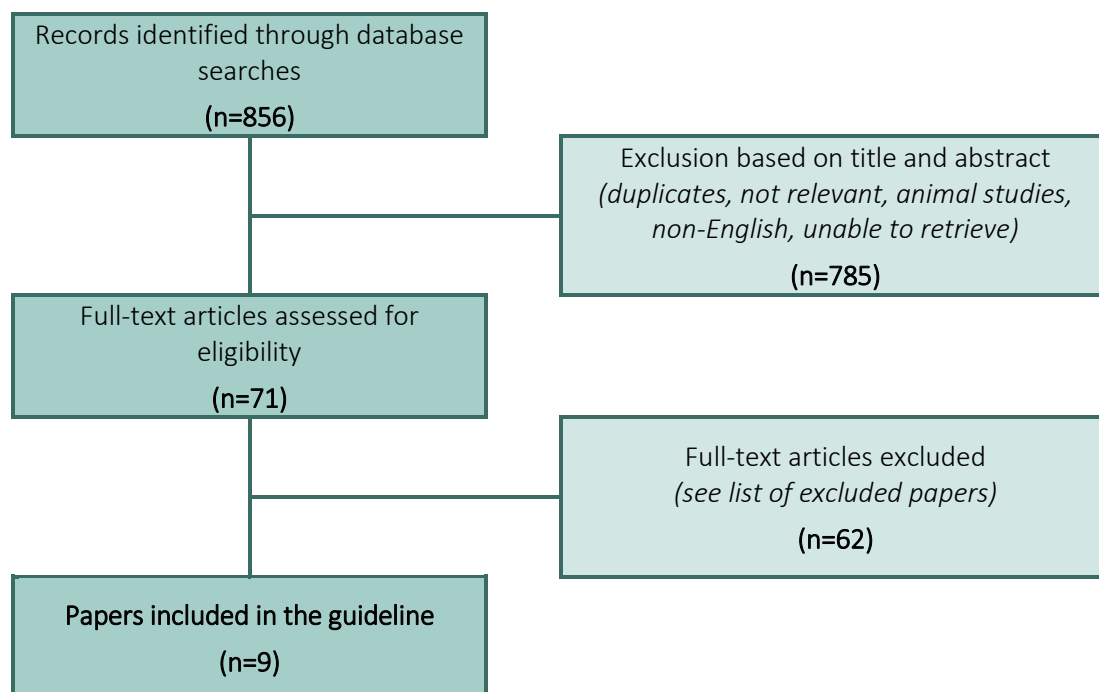
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| Saxena P, Misro MM, Roy S, Chopra K, Sinha D, Nandan D, Trivedi SS. Possible role of male factors in recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Indian journal of physiology and pharmacology</i> 2008;52: 274-282.   | Similar to Saxena F&S 2008                       |
| Schwartz D, Mayaux MJ, Guihard-Moscato ML, Czyglik F, David G. Abortion rate in A.I.D. and semen characteristics: a study of 1345 pregnancies. <i>Andrologia</i> 1986;18: 292-298.  | Inadequate data                                  |
| Shamsi MB, Venkatesh S, Pathak D, Deka D, Dada R. Sperm DNA damage & oxidative stress in recurrent spontaneous abortion (RSA). <i>The Indian journal of medical research</i> 2011;133: 550-551.   | Small study                                      |
| Sider D, Wilson WG, Sudduth K, Atkin JF, Kelly TE. Cytogenetic studies in couples with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Southern medical journal</i> 1988;81: 1521-1524.  | Old study  |
| Somprasit C, Aguinaga M, Cisneros PL, Torsky S, Carson SA, Buster JE, Amato P, McAdoo SL, Simpson JL, Bischoff FZ. Paternal gonadal mosaicism detected in a couple with recurrent abortions undergoing PGD: FISH analysis of sperm nuclei proves valuable. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2004;9: 225-230.  | Case report                                      |
| Stouffs K, Vandermaelen D, Tournaye H, Liebaers I, Lissens W. Mutation analysis of three genes in patients with maturation arrest of spermatogenesis and couples with recurrent miscarriages. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2011;22: 65-71.  | Not relevant                                     |
| Tatarinov YS, Posiseeva LV, Belyankin EV. Human protein factor of fertility and spontaneous abortion. <i>Gynecologic and obstetric investigation</i> 1993;35: 140-142.  | Inadequate data and quality                      |
| Thilagavathi J, Mishra SS, Kumar M, Vemprala K, Deka D, Dhadwal V, Dada R. Analysis of telomere length in couples experiencing idiopathic recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 2013;30: 793-798.  | Not relevant                                     |
| Trappe R, Bohm D, Kohlhasse J, Weise A, Liehr T, Essers G, Meins M, Zoll B, Bartels I, Burfeind P. A novel family-specific translocation t(2;20)(p24.1;q13.1) associated with recurrent abortions: molecular characterization and segregation analysis in male meiosis. <i>Cytogenetic and genome research</i> 2002;98: 1-8.                                  | Case report                                      |
| Tuttelmann F, Ivanov P, Dietzel C, Sofroniou A, Tsvyatkovska TM, Komsa-Penkova RS, Markoff A, Wieacker P, Bogdanova N. Further insights into the role of the annexin A5 M2 haplotype as recurrent pregnancy loss factor, assessing timing of miscarriage and partner risk. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2013;100: 1321-1325.                                | Genetic study                                    |
| Vansenne F, Goddijn M, Redeker B, Snijder S, Gerssen-Schoorl K, Lemmink H, Leschot NJ, van der Veen F, Bossuyt PM, de Borgie CA. Knowledge and perceived risks in couples undergoing genetic testing after recurrent miscarriage or for poor semen quality. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2011;23: 525-533.  | Not relevant                                     |
| Venkatesh S, Singh A, Shamsi MB, Thilagavathi J, Kumar R, Mitra DK, Dada R. Clinical significance of sperm DNA damage threshold value in the assessment of male infertility. <i>Reproductive sciences (Thousand Oaks, Calif)</i> 2011;18: 1005-1013.  | Not RPL  |
| Venkatesh S, Thilagavathi J, Kumar K, Deka D, Talwar P, Dada R. Cytogenetic, Y chromosome microdeletion, sperm chromatin and oxidative stress analysis in male partners of couples experiencing recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2011;284: 1577-1584.  | Comparison of RPL with normal and abnormal sperm |
| Wang Z, Wang P, Wang X, He X, Wang Z, Xu D, Hu J, Wang B. Significant association between angiotensin-converting enzyme gene insertion/deletion polymorphism and risk of recurrent miscarriage: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Metabolism: clinical and experimental</i> 2013;62: 1227-1238.   | Genetic study                                    |
| Worriolow KC, Eid S, Woodhouse D, Perloe M, Smith S, Witmyer J, Ivani K, Khoury C, Ball GD, Elliot T et al. Use of hyaluronan in the selection of sperm for intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI): significant improvement in clinical outcomes--multicenter, double-blinded and randomized controlled trial <i>Human reproduction</i> . 2013, pp. 306-314. | Not RPL (ICSI)                                   |
| Yang C, Fangfang W, Jie L, Yanlong Y, Jie W, Xuefei L, Xuerong Z, Yanling H. Angiotensin-converting enzyme insertion/deletion (I/D) polymorphisms and   | Genetic study                                    |

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| recurrent pregnancy loss: a meta-analysis. Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics 2012;29: 1167-1173.                 |                    |
| Zini A. Are sperm chromatin and DNA defects relevant in the clinic? Systems biology in reproductive medicine 2011;57: 78-85. | Not RPL (IVF-ICSI) |



## 10. WHICH THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS SHOULD BE OFFERED TO PATIENTS WITH RPL DUE TO GENETIC/CHROMOSOMAL CAUSES TO INCREASE LIVE BIRTH RATE?

### Flowchart



### List of excluded papers

|   | EXCLUSION CRITERIA   |
|---|--|
| Abuelo DN, Barsel-Bowers G. Prognosis for couples who have experienced repeated pregnancy loss. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1983;40: 844-845.  | Old paper  |
| Ambroggio J, Gindoff PR, Dayal MB, Khaldi R, Peak D, Frankfurter D, Dubey AK. Multinucleation of a sibling blastomere on day 2 suggests unsuitability for embryo transfer in IVF-preimplantation genetic screening cycles. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2011;96: 856-859.       | Patients have RIF or RPL   |
| Angiolucci M, Murru R, Melis G, Carcassi C, Mais V. Association between different morphological types and abnormal karyotypes in early pregnancy loss. <i>Ultrasound in obstetrics &amp; gynecology</i> 2011;37: 219-225.   | Not treatment  |
| Audibert F, Wilson RD, Allen V, Blight C, Brock JA, Desilets VA, Gagnon A, Johnson JA, Langlois S, Wyatt P. Preimplantation genetic testing. <i>Journal of obstetrics and gynaecology Canada : JOGC = Journal d'obstetrique et gynecologie du Canada : JOGC</i> 2009;31: 761-775. | consensus of the Genetics Committee of the Society of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists of Canada |
| Balasch J, Creus M, Fabregues F, Civico S, Carmona F, Martorell J, Vanrell JA. In-vitro fertilization treatment for unexplained recurrent abortion: a pilot study. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1996;11: 1579-1582.  | Small study – 3 or 4 embryos transferred (not current practice)                                  |
| Bar-Ami S, Seibel MM, Pierce KE, Zilberstein M. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis for a couple with recurrent pregnancy loss and triploidy. <i>Birth defects research Part A, Clinical and molecular teratology</i> 2003;67: 946-950.   | Case report  |
| Baruch S, Kaufman DJ, Hudson KL. Preimplantation genetic screening: a survey of in vitro fertilization clinics. <i>Genetics in medicine : official journal of the American College of Medical Genetics</i> 2008;10: 685-690.  | PGD in RM - clinical practice survey   |
| Benzacken B, Carbillon L, Dupont C, Siffroi JP, Monier-Gavelle F, Bucourt M, Uzan M, Wolf JP. Lack of submicroscopic rearrangements involving   | technical aspects, no clinical relevance   |



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| telomeres in reproductive failures. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2002;17: 1154-1157.   |   |
| Carp HJ, Dirnfeld M, Dor J, Grudzinskas JG. ART in recurrent miscarriage: preimplantation genetic diagnosis/screening or surrogacy? <i>Human reproduction</i> 2004;19: 1502-1505.   | Included in review Franssen 2011  |
| Chen CK, Wu D, Yu HT, Lin CY, Wang ML, Yeh HY, Huang HY, Wang HS, Soong YK, Lee CL. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis by fluorescence in situ hybridization of reciprocal and Robertsonian translocations. <i>Taiwanese journal of obstetrics &amp; gynecology</i> 2014;53: 48-52.  | No comparison   |
| Clark DA, Daya S, Coulam CB, Gunby J. Implication of abnormal human trophoblast karyotype for the evidence-based approach to the understanding, investigation, and treatment of recurrent spontaneous abortion. The Recurrent Miscarriage Immunotherapy Trialists Group. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1996;35: 495-498.   | Editorial   |
| Combelles CM, Kearns WG, Fox JH, Racowsky C. Cellular and genetic analysis of oocytes and embryos in a human case of spontaneous oocyte activation. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2011;26: 545-552.   | case report   |
| De Braekeleer M, Dao TN. Cytogenetic studies in couples experiencing repeated pregnancy losses. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1990;5: 519-528.  | Not relevant, Prevalence of different genetic causes                      |
| Drugan A, Koppitch FC, 3rd, Williams JC, 3rd, Johnson MP, Moghissi KS, Evans MI. Prenatal genetic diagnosis following recurrent early pregnancy loss. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1990;75: 381-384.  | Old paper - Prenatal genetic diagnosis                                    |
| Engels H, Eggermann T, Caliebe A, Jelska A, Schubert R, Schuler HM, Panasiuk B, Zaremba J, Latos-Bielenska A, Jakubowski L et al. Genetic counseling in Robertsonian translocations der(13;14): frequencies of reproductive outcomes and infertility in 101 pedigrees. <i>American journal of medical genetics Part A</i> 2008;146a: 2611-2616. | Not RPL   |
| Findikli N, Kahraman S, Saglam Y, Beyazyurek C, Sertyel S, Karlikaya G, Karagozoglu H, Aygun B. Embryo aneuploidy screening for repeated implantation failure and unexplained recurrent miscarriage. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2006;13: 38-46.   | Literature review, not treatment  |
| Fischer J, Colls P, Escudero T, Munne S. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis (PGD) improves pregnancy outcome for translocation carriers with a history of recurrent losses. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2010;94: 283-289.   | Excluded in review Hirshfeld-Cytron; carriers could not be differentiated |
| Fortuny A, Carrio A, Soler A, Cararach J, Fuster J, Salami C. Detection of balanced chromosome rearrangements in 445 couples with repeated abortion and cytogenetic prenatal testing in carriers. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1988;49: 774-779.  | Old paper   |
| Franssen MT, Korevaar JC, Tjoa WM, Leschot NJ, Bossuyt PM, Knecht AC, Suykerbuyk RF, Hochstenbach R, van der Veen F, Goddijn M. Inherited unbalanced structural chromosome abnormalities at prenatal chromosome analysis are rarely ascertained through recurrent miscarriage. <i>Prenatal diagnosis</i> 2008;28: 408-411.                      | Unacceptable quality  |
| Franssen MT, Korevaar JC, van der Veen F, Leschot NJ, Bossuyt PM, Goddijn M. Reproductive outcome after chromosome analysis in couples with two or more miscarriages: index [corrected]-control study. <i>BMJ (Clinical research ed)</i> 2006;332: 759-763.   | Included in review Franssen 2011  |
| Garrisi JG, Colls P, Ferry KM, Zheng X, Garrisi MG, Munne S. Effect of infertility, maternal age, and number of previous miscarriages on the outcome of preimplantation genetic diagnosis for idiopathic recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2009;92: 288-295.   | Excluded in review Musters 2011 due to no data extraction possible        |
| Gianaroli L, Magli MC, Ferraretti AP, Tabanelli C, Trombetta C, Boudjema E. The role of preimplantation diagnosis for aneuploidies. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2002;4 Suppl 3: 31-36.   | Infertility – not RPL   |
| Heinig J, Steinhard J, Schmitz R, Nofer JR, Kiesel L, Klockenbusch W. Maternal serum free beta-hCG and PAPP-A in patients with habitual abortion-influence on first-trimester screening for chromosomal abnormalities. <i>Prenatal diagnosis</i> 2007;27: 814-816.  | Not relevant (serum free hCG)   |
| Hirshfeld-Cytron J, Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Stephenson MD. Management of recurrent pregnancy loss associated with a parental carrier of a reciprocal translocation: a systematic review. <i>Seminars in reproductive medicine</i> 2011;29: 470-481.  | Unacceptable quality  |

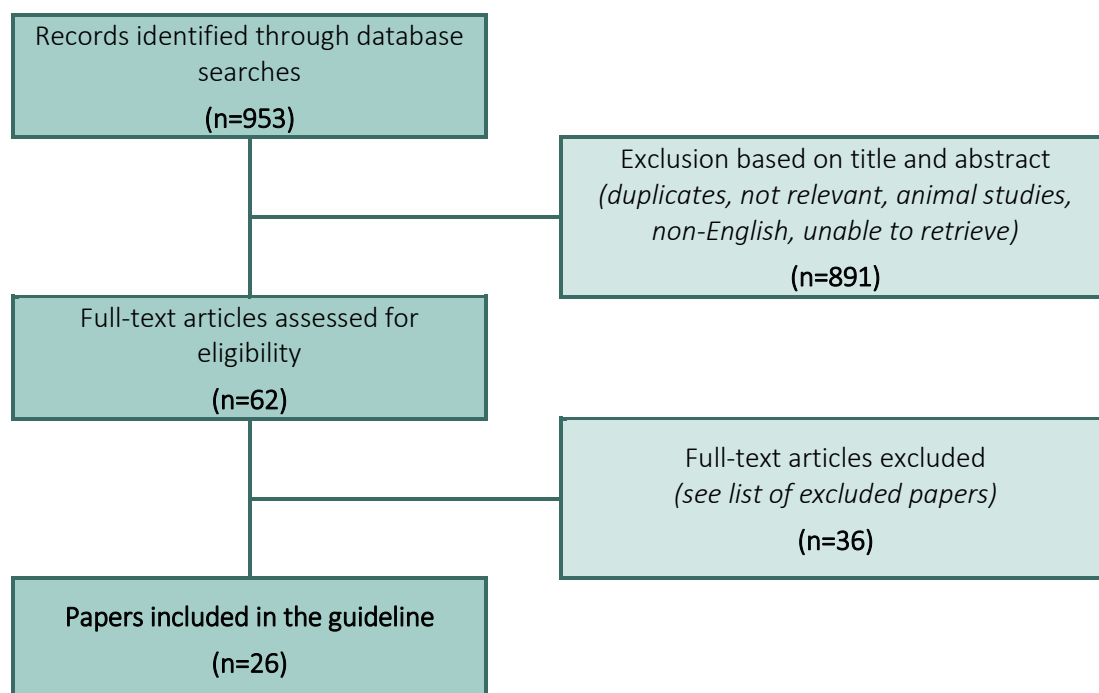
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| Hodes-Wertz B, Grifo J, Ghadir S, Kaplan B, Laskin CA, Glassner M, Munne S. Idiopathic recurrent miscarriage is caused mostly by aneuploid embryos. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2012;98: 675-680.  | No comparison                      |
| Hsu WT, Shchepin DA, Mao R, Berry-Kravis E, Garber AP, Fischel-Ghodsian N, Falk RE, Carlson DE, Roeder ER, Leeth EA et al. Mosaic trisomy 16 ascertained through amniocentesis: evaluation of 11 new cases. <i>American journal of medical genetics</i> 1998;80: 473-480.   | Technical paper – not RPL          |
| Kahraman S, Benkhalifa M, Donmez E, Biricik A, Sertyel S, Findikli N, Berkil H. The results of aneuploidy screening in 276 couples undergoing assisted reproductive techniques. <i>Prenatal diagnosis</i> 2004;24: 307-311.   | Diagnosis                          |
| Keymolen K, Staessen C, Verpoest W, Michiels A, Bonduelle M, Haentjens P, Vanderelst J, Liebaers I. A proposal for reproductive counselling in carriers of Robertsonian translocations: 10 years of experience with preimplantation genetic diagnosis. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2009;24: 2365-2371.                  | Only 22% had RPL                   |
| Lalioti MD. Can preimplantation genetic diagnosis overcome recurrent pregnancy failure? <i>Current opinion in obstetrics &amp; gynecology</i> 2008;20: 199-204.   | non-systematic review              |
| Laurino MY, Bennett RL, Saraiya DS, Baumeister L, Doyle DL, Leppig K, Pettersen B, Resta R, Shields L, Uhrich S et al. Genetic evaluation and counseling of couples with recurrent miscarriage: recommendations of the National Society of Genetic Counselors. <i>Journal of genetic counseling</i> 2005;14: 165-181. | Guideline                          |
| Liu J, Wang W, Sun X, Liu L, Jin H, Li M, Witz C, Williams D, Griffith J, Skorupski J et al. DNA microarray reveals that high proportions of human blastocysts from women of advanced maternal age are aneuploid and mosaic. <i>Biology of reproduction</i> 2012;87: 148.   | Not RPL                            |
| Mantzouratou A, Mania A, Fragouli E, Xanthopoulou L, Tashkandi S, Fordham K, Ranieri DM, Doshi A, Nuttall S, Harper JC et al. Variable aneuploidy mechanisms in embryos from couples with poor reproductive histories undergoing preimplantation genetic screening. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2007;22: 1844-1853.     | Included in review Musters 2011    |
| Mathur N, Triplett L, Stephenson MD. Miscarriage chromosome testing: utility of comparative genomic hybridization with reflex microsatellite analysis in preserved miscarriage tissue. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2014;101: 1349-1352.  | Technical paper                    |
| Munne S, Chen S, Fischer J, Colls P, Zheng X, Stevens J, Escudero T, Oter M, Schoolcraft B, Simpson JL et al. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis reduces pregnancy loss in women aged 35 years and older with a history of recurrent miscarriages. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2005;84: 331-335.                    | Included in review Musters 2011    |
| Munne S, Gianaroli L, Tur-Kaspa I, Magli C, Sandalinas M, Grifo J, Cram D, Kahraman S, Verlinsky Y, Simpson JL. Substandard application of preimplantation genetic screening may interfere with its clinical success. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2007;88: 781-784.  | Narrative critique of RCTs         |
| Ogilvie CM, Braude P, Scriven PN. Successful pregnancy outcomes after preimplantation genetic diagnosis (PGD) for carriers of chromosome translocations. <i>Human fertility (Cambridge, England)</i> 2001;4: 168-171.   | Review, more recent data available |
| Otani T, Roche M, Mizuike M, Colls P, Escudero T, Munne S. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis significantly improves the pregnancy outcome of translocation carriers with a history of recurrent miscarriage and unsuccessful pregnancies. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2006;13: 869-874.                    | Included in review Franssen 2011   |
| Pazarbasi A, Demirhan O, Turgut M, Guzel I, Tastemir D. Inheritance of a translocation between chromosomes 12 and 16 in a family with recurrent miscarriages and a newborn with Down syndrome carrying the same translocation. <i>Genetic counseling (Geneva, Switzerland)</i> 2008;19: 301-308.                      | Case report                        |
| Pellicer A, Rubio C, Vidal F, Minguez Y, Gimenez C, Egozcue J, Remohi J, Simon C. In vitro fertilization plus preimplantation genetic diagnosis in patients with recurrent miscarriage: an analysis of chromosome abnormalities in human preimplantation embryos. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1999;71: 1033-1039.  | Small study                        |

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| Phillips OP, Tharapel AT, Shulman LP, Simpson JL, Elias S. Segregation analysis and genetic counseling when both parents carry balanced chromosomal translocations. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1991;56: 646-652.  | Case report  |
| Platteau P, Staessen C, Michiels A, Van Steirteghem A, Liebaers I, Devroey P. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis for aneuploidy screening in patients with unexplained recurrent miscarriages. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2005;83: 393-397; quiz 525-396.  | Included in review Musters 2011                      |
| Pourjafari B, Pour-Jafari H, Farimani M, Ghahramani S, Saleh EK. Genetic counseling in carriers of reciprocal translocations involving two autosomes. <i>Indian journal of human genetics</i> 2012;18: 250-253.   | Case report  |
| Remohi J, Gallardo E, Levy M, Valbuena D, de los Santos MJ, Simon C, Pellicer A. Oocyte donation in women with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1996;11: 2048-2051.  | Small study (8 patients) – high FSH                  |
| Robberecht C, Pexsters A, Deprest J, Fryns JP, D'Hooghe T, Vermeesch JR. Cytogenetic and morphological analysis of early products of conception following hystero-embryoscopy from couples with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Prenatal diagnosis</i> 2012;32: 933-942.   | Not treatment  |
| Rubio C, Buendia P, Rodrigo L, Mercader A, Mateu E, Peinado V, Delgado A, Milan M, Mir P, Simon C et al. Prognostic factors for preimplantation genetic screening in repeated pregnancy loss. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2009;18: 687-693.  | Not treatment  |
| Rubio C, Pehlivan T, Rodrigo L, Simon C, Remohi J, Pellicer A. Embryo aneuploidy screening for unexplained recurrent miscarriage: a minireview. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> (New York, NY : 1989) 2005;53: 159-165.  | Not treatment  |
| Rubio C, Simon C, Vidal F, Rodrigo L, Pehlivan T, Remohi J, Pellicer A. Chromosomal abnormalities and embryo development in recurrent miscarriage couples. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2003;18: 182-188.  | Not treatment  |
| Somprasit C, Aguinaga M, Cisneros PL, Torsky S, Carson SA, Buster JE, Amato P, McAdoo SL, Simpson JL, Bischoff FZ. Paternal gonadal mosaicism detected in a couple with recurrent abortions undergoing PGD: FISH analysis of sperm nuclei proves valuable. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2004;9: 225-230.                              | Not relevant   |
| Stephenson MD. Parental translocations and need for preimplantation genetic diagnosis? Distorting effects of ascertainment bias and the need for information-rich families. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2008;90: 891-892; author reply 892-893.  | Letter   |
| Stephenson MD, Sierra S. Reproductive outcomes in recurrent pregnancy loss associated with a parental carrier of a structural chromosome rearrangement. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2006;21: 1076-1082.   | Included in review Franssen 2011                     |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Aoki K, Fujii T, Fujita T, Kawaguchi R, Maruyama T, Ozawa N, Sugi T, Takeshita T, Saito S. Subsequent pregnancy outcomes in recurrent miscarriage patients with a paternal or maternal carrier of a structural chromosome rearrangement. <i>Journal of human genetics</i> 2008;53: 622-628.                                | Included in review Franssen 2011                     |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Suzumori K. Can preimplantation genetic diagnosis improve success rates in recurrent aborters with translocations? <i>Human reproduction</i> 2005;20: 3267-3270.   | More recent data available from review Franssen 2011 |
| van Leeuwen M, Vansenne F, Korevaar JC, van der Veen F, Goddijn M, Mol BW. Economic analysis of chromosome testing in couples with recurrent miscarriage to prevent handicapped offspring. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2013;28: 1737-1742.  | Economic analysis                                    |
| Vansenne F, de Borgie CA, Korevaar JC, Franssen MT, Pajkrt E, Hansson KB, Leschot NJ, Bossuyt PM, van der Veen F, Goddijn M. Low uptake of prenatal diagnosis after established carrier status of a balanced structural chromosome abnormality in couples with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2010;94: 296-300.e291-293. | Compliance   |
| Vansenne F, Goddijn M, Redeker B, Snijder S, Gerssen-Schoorl K, Lemmink H, Leschot NJ, van der Veen F, Bossuyt PM, de Borgie CA. Knowledge and perceived risks in couples undergoing genetic testing after recurrent miscarriage or for poor semen quality. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2011;23: 525-533.                            | Not relevant – knowledge of couples                  |

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| Vidal F, Gimenez C, Rubio C, Simon C, Pellicer A, Santalo J, Egozcue J. FISH preimplantation diagnosis of chromosome aneuploidy in recurrent pregnancy wastage. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 1998;15: 310-313.   | 3 cases                                    |
| Wakui K, Tanemura M, Suzumori K, Hidaka E, Ishikawa M, Kubota T, Fukushima Y. Clinical applications of two-color telomeric fluorescence in situ hybridization for prenatal diagnosis: identification of chromosomal translocation in five families with recurrent miscarriages or a child with multiple congenital anomalies. <i>Journal of human genetics</i> 1999;44: 85-90. | Technical paper                            |
| Werlin LB, Rodi I, Decherney A, Mareello E, Hill D, Munne S. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis (PGD) as a beneficial tool in women with recurrent pregnancy loss (RPL) and advanced maternal age (AMA) <i>Fertility and sterility</i> . 2004, pp. S241.  | Small study                                |
| Wilding M, Forman R, Hogewind G, Di Matteo L, Zullo F, Capiello F, Dale B. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis for the treatment of failed in vitro fertilization-embryo transfer and habitual abortion. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2004;81: 1302-1307.  | Included in review Musters 2011            |
| Wilton L. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis and chromosome analysis of blastomeres using comparative genomic hybridization. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 2005;11: 33-41.   | Technical review                           |
| Yakin K, Urman B. What next for preimplantation genetic screening? A clinician's perspective. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2008;23: 1686-1690.  | PGD - RM, paper discusses lack of evidence |
| Yuen BH, Livingston JE, Poland BJ, Wittmann BK, Sy L, Cannon W. Human chorionic gonadotropin, estradiol, progesterone, prolactin, and B-scan ultrasound monitoring of complications in early pregnancy. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1981;57: 207-214.   | Not treatment                              |

# 11. WHICH THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS SHOULD BE OFFERED TO PATIENTS WITH RPL DUE TO METABOLIC ABNORMALITIES OR HORMONAL ABNORMALITIES TO INCREASE LIVE BIRTH RATE?

## Flowchart



## List of excluded papers

| EXCLUSION CRITERIA  |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Carp H.</b> A systematic review of dydrogesterone for the treatment of recurrent miscarriage. <i>Gynecological endocrinology</i> 2015;31: 422-430.   | Unexplained RM, more rece   |
| <b>Carp HJ.</b> Recurrent miscarriage and hCG supplementation: a review and metaanalysis. <i>Gynecological endocrinology</i> 2010;26: 712-716.  | Review included in UNEXPLAINED RPL                                  |
| <b>Carp HJ.</b> Progestogens in the prevention of miscarriage. <i>Hormone molecular biology and clinical investigation</i> 2015.  | Miscarriage, not RPL  |
| <b>Carpentier PA, Stanford JB, Boyle PC.</b> Progesterone in Women with Recurrent Miscarriages. <i>The New England journal of medicine</i> 2016;374: 894.   | Comment to Coomarasamy 2015   |
| <b>Check JH, Chase JS, Nowroozi K, Wu CH, Adelson HG.</b> Progesterone therapy to decrease first-trimester spontaneous abortions in previous aborters. <i>International journal of fertility</i> 1987;32: 192-193, 197-199.   | Old paper   |
| <b>Check JH, Lurie D, Davies E, Vetter B.</b> Comparison of first trimester serum estradiol levels in aborters versus nonaborters during maintenance of normal progesterone levels. <i>Gynecologic and obstetric investigation</i> 1992;34: 206-210.  | Not relevant  |
| <b>Check JH, Tarquini P, Gandy P, Lauer C.</b> A randomized study comparing the efficacy of reducing the spontaneous abortion rate following lymphocyte immunotherapy and progesterone treatment versus progesterone alone in primary habitual aborters. <i>Gynecologic and obstetric investigation</i> 1995;39: 257-261. | Small study - lymphocyte immunotherapy and progesterone combination |

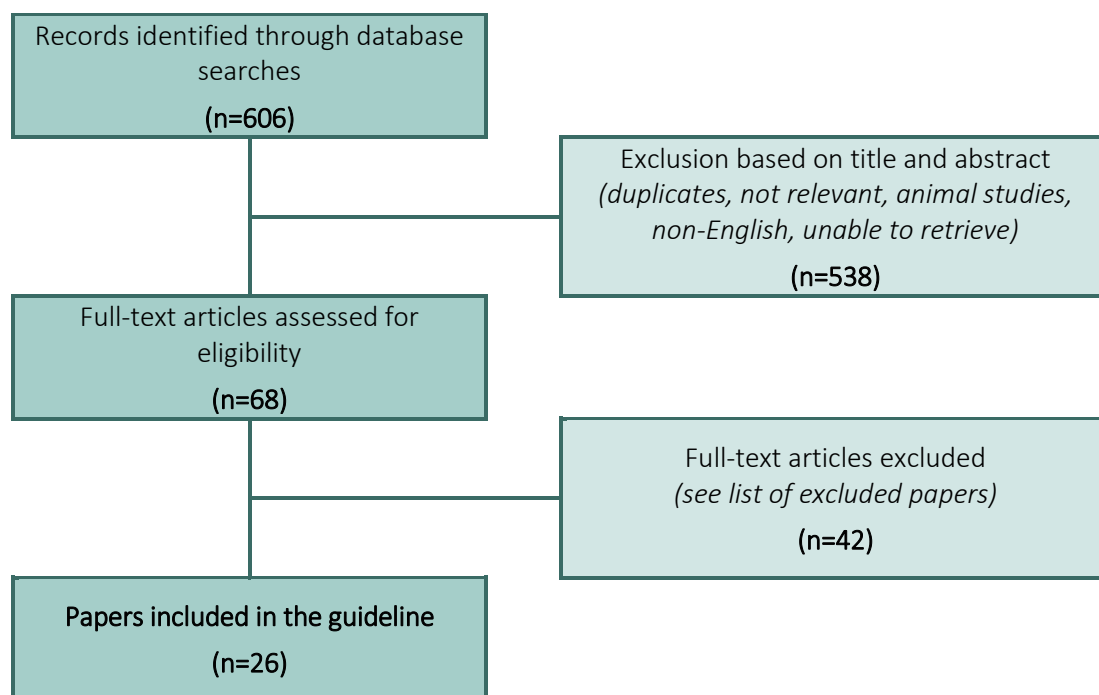
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| Coomarasamy A, Williams H, Rai R. Progesterone in Women with Recurrent Miscarriages. <i>The New England journal of medicine</i> 2016;374: 894.  | Author reply-study included in evidence table   |
| Dante G, Vaccaro V, Facchinetti F. Use of progestagens during early pregnancy. <i>Facts, views &amp; vision in ObGyn</i> 2013;5: 66-71.   | Not RPL   |
| El-Zibdeh MY. Dydrogesterone in the reduction of recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>The Journal of steroid biochemistry and molecular biology</i> 2005;97: 431-434.   | Included in review Haas 2013  |
| Glueck CJ, Wang P, Goldenberg N, Sieve L. Pregnancy loss, polycystic ovary syndrome, thrombophilia, hypofibrinolysis, enoxaparin, metformin. <i>Clinical and applied thrombosis/hemostasis</i> 2004;10: 323-334.  | PCOS patients with one or more previous PL, who also have thrombophilia and/or hypofibrinolysis |
| Haas DM, Ramsey PS. Progestogen for preventing miscarriage. <i>The Cochrane database of systematic reviews</i> 2013;10: Cd003511.   | Discussed in Treatment for unexplained RPL  |
| Harrison RF. Treatment of habitual abortion with human chorionic gonadotropin: results of open and placebo-controlled studies. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 1985;20: 159-168.  | Included in review Morley 2013  |
| Harrison RF. Human chorionic gonadotrophin (hCG) in the management of recurrent abortion; results of a multi-centre placebo-controlled study. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 1992;47: 175-179.   | Included in review Morley 2013  |
| Hekmatdoost A, Vahid F, Yari Z, Sadeghi M, Eini-Zinab H, Lakpour N, Arefi S. Methyltetrahydrofolate vs Folic Acid Supplementation in Idiopathic Recurrent Miscarriage with Respect to Methylenetetrahydrofolate Reductase C677T and A1298C Polymorphisms: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>PloS one</i> 2015;10: e0143569. | More relevant for thrombophilia treatment   |
| Katz Z, Lancet M, Skornik J, Chemke J, Mogilner BM, Klinberg M. Teratogenicity of progestogens given during the first trimester of pregnancy. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1985;65: 775-780.  | Old paper   |
| Kumar A, Begum N, Prasad S, Aggarwal S, Sharma S. Oral dydrogesterone treatment during early pregnancy to prevent recurrent pregnancy loss and its role in modulation of cytokine production: a double-blind, randomized, parallel, placebo-controlled trial. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2014;102: 1357-1363.e1353.     | Unexplained RM – discussed in chapter unexplained RPL   |
| Li L, Dou L, Leung Ping C, Wang Chi C. Chinese herbal medicines for threatened miscarriage <i>Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews</i> . 2012. John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.   | Not RPL, no subanalysis   |
| Nardo LG, Sallam HN. Progesterone supplementation to prevent recurrent miscarriage and to reduce implantation failure in assisted reproduction cycles. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2006;13: 47-57.   | Non-systematic review   |
| Oates-Whitehead RM, Haas DM, Carrier JA. Progestogen for preventing miscarriage. <i>The Cochrane database of systematic reviews</i> 2003: Cd003511.   | Older version of Haas 2013  |
| Price M, Kelsberg G, Safranek S, Damitz B. Clinical inquiries. What treatments prevent miscarriage after recurrent pregnancy loss? <i>The Journal of family practice</i> 2005;54: 892, 894.   | Describes the results of Oates-Whitehead 2003 for progesterone                                  |
| Quenby S, Farquharson RG. Human chorionic gonadotropin supplementation in recurring pregnancy loss: a controlled trial. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1994;62: 708-710.  | Included in review Morley 2013  |
| Raghupathy R, Al Mutawa E, Makhseed M, Azizieh F, Szekeres-Bartho J. Modulation of cytokine production by dydrogesterone in lymphocytes from women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>BJOG : an international journal of obstetrics and gynaecology</i> 2005;112: 1096-1101.  | Not a clinical study, no pregnancy related outcomes   |
| Ragusa A, de Carolis C, dal Lago A, Miriello D, Ruggiero G, Brucato A, Pisoni MP, Muscara M, Merati R, Maccario L et al. Progesterone supplement in pregnancy: an immunologic therapy? <i>Lupus</i> 2004;13: 639-642.   | Not relevant  |
| Ramidi G, Khan N, Glueck CJ, Wang P, Goldenberg N. Enoxaparin-metformin and enoxaparin alone may safely reduce pregnancy loss. <i>Translational research</i> 2009;153: 33-43.   | Women with PCOS, not RPL  |

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| Russu M, Stanculescu R, Nastasia S, Paun M, Mubarak N, Marin JA, Lachanas I. Pregnancy outcomes following preconception, early and late administration of vaginal micronized progesterone for recurrent pregnancy loss Ginecologo. 2009, pp. 10-15.   | Small study - Folic Acid + vaginal micronized progesterone                        |
| Scott JR, Pattison N. Human chorionic gonadotrophin for recurrent miscarriage. The Cochrane database of systematic reviews 2000: Cd000101.  | previous version of Morley 2013   |
| Siklosi GS, Banhidy FG, Acs N. Fundamental role of folliculo-luteal function in recurrent miscarriage. Archives of gynecology and obstetrics 2012;286: 1299-1305.   | Intervention (graduated clomiphene citrate) was not included in the PICO question |
| Stapley L. Treatment of luteal phase defect by ovarian stimulation. Trends in endocrinology and metabolism: TEM 2001;12: 146.   | Reports on study Li 2001  |
| Szekeres-Bartho J, Balasch J. Progestagen therapy for recurrent miscarriage. Human reproduction update 2008;14: 27-35.  | Based on data of 3 old studies and 1 recent study – newer publications available  |
| Szekeres-Bartho J, Wilczynski JR, Basta P, Kalinka J. Role of progesterone and progestin therapy in threatened abortion and preterm labour. Frontiers in bioscience 2008;13: 1981-1990.   | Non-systematic review   |
| Vissenberg R, Manders VD, Mastenbroek S, Fliers E, Afink GB, Ris-Stalpers C, Goddijn M, Bisschop PH. Pathophysiological aspects of thyroid hormone disorders/thyroid peroxidase autoantibodies and reproduction. Human reproduction update 2015;21: 378-387.  | Basic science, no data on RPL   |
| Vissenberg R, van Dijk MM, Fliers E, van der Post JA, van Wely M, Bloemenkamp KW, Hoek A, Kuchenbecker WK, Verhoeve HR, Scheepers HCJ et al. Effect of levothyroxine on live birth rate in euthyroid women with recurrent miscarriage and TPO antibodies (T4-LIFE study). Contemporary clinical trials 2015.  | Study protocol  |
| Walch K, Hefler L, Nagele F. Oral dydrogesterone treatment during the first trimester of pregnancy: the prevention of miscarriage study (PROMIS). A double-blind, prospectively randomized, placebo-controlled, parallel group trial. The journal of maternal-fetal & neonatal medicine : the official journal of the European Association of Perinatal Medicine, the Federation of Asia and Oceania Perinatal Societies, the International Society of Perinatal Obstet 2005;18: 265-269. | Study protocol  |
| Walch KT, Huber JC. Progesterone for recurrent miscarriage: truth and deceptions. Best practice & research Clinical obstetrics & gynaecology 2008;22: 375-389.  | Non-systematic review   |
| Yovich JL, Turner SR, Draper R. Medroxyprogesterone acetate therapy in early pregnancy has no apparent fetal effects. Teratology 1988;38: 135-144.  | Old study – safety  |



## 12. WHICH THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS SHOULD BE OFFERED TO PATIENTS WITH RPL DUE TO UTERINE ABNORMALITIES TO INCREASE LIVE BIRTH RATE?

### Flowchart



### List of excluded papers

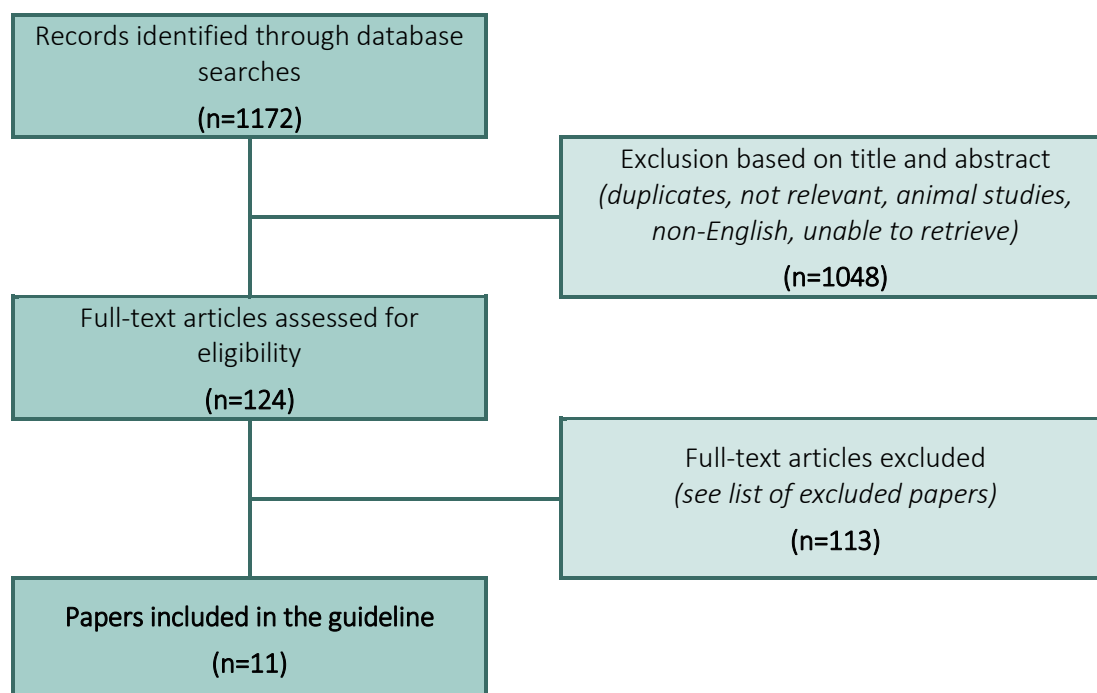
| EXCLUSION CRITERIA  |  |
|---|--|
| Ayhan A, Yucel I, Tuncer ZS, Kisinisci HA. Reproductive performance after conventional metroplasty: an evaluation of 102 cases. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1992;57: 1194-1196.  | Old and techniques not currently used        |
| Barranger E, Gervaise A, Doumerc S, Fernandez H. Reproductive performance after hysteroscopic metroplasty in the hypoplastic uterus: a study of 29 cases. <i>BJOG : an international journal of obstetrics and gynaecology</i> 2002;109: 1331-1334.   | Old – low number of patients                 |
| Bendifallah S, Faivre E, Legendre G, Deffieux X, Fernandez H. Metroplasty for AFS Class V and VI septate uterus in patients with infertility or miscarriage: reproductive outcomes study. <i>J Minim Invasive Gynecol</i> 2013;20: 178-184.   | Not all RPL                                  |
| Bosteels J, Weyers S, Puttemans P, Panayotidis C, Van Herendael B, Gomel V, Mol BW, Mathieu C, D'Hooghe T. The effectiveness of hysteroscopy in improving pregnancy rates in subfertile women without other gynaecological symptoms: a systematic review. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 2010;16: 1-11. | Not all RPL, subfertile women                |
| Brinsden PR. Gestational surrogacy. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 2003;9: 483-491.   | Not RPL - surrogacy                          |
| Bulletti C, Flamigni C, Giacomucci E. Reproductive failure due to spontaneous abortion and recurrent miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 1996;2: 118-136.   | broad review on RIF and spontaneous abortion |
| Caliskan E, Ozkan S, Cakiroglu Y, Sarisoy HT, Corakci A, Ozeren S. Diagnostic accuracy of real-time 3D sonography in the diagnosis of congenital Mullerian  | diagnosis                                    |

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| anomalies in high-risk patients with respect to the phase of the menstrual cycle. <i>Journal of clinical ultrasound</i> : JCU 2010;38: 123-127.   |   |
| Carp HJ, Dirnfeld M, Dor J, Grudzinskas JG. ART in recurrent miscarriage: preimplantation genetic diagnosis/screening or surrogacy? <i>Human reproduction</i> 2004;19: 1502-1505.   | Opinion paper                                   |
| Dib C, Araoz PA, Davies NP, Dearani JA, Ammash NM. Hypoplastic right-heart syndrome presenting as multiple miscarriages. <i>Texas Heart Institute journal / from the Texas Heart Institute of St Luke's Episcopal Hospital, Texas Children's Hospital</i> 2012;39: 249-254.                     | Case report                                     |
| Doridot V, Gervaise A, Taylor S, Frydman R, Fernandez H. Obstetric outcome after endoscopic transection of the uterine septum. <i>The Journal of the American Association of Gynecologic Laparoscopists</i> 2003;10: 271-275.   | Not all RPL                                     |
| Fernandez H, Garbin O, Castaigne V, Gervaise A, Levailant JM. Surgical approach to and reproductive outcome after surgical correction of a T-shaped uterus. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2011;26: 1730-1734.   | Not all RPL                                     |
| Garbin O, Ohl J, Bettahar-Lebugle K, Dellenbach P. Hysteroscopic metroplasty in diethylstilboestrol-exposed and hypoplastic uterus: a report on 24 cases. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1998;13: 2751-2755.   | Low number of cases                             |
| Golan A, Langer R, Wexler S, Segev E, Niv D, David MP. Cervical cerclage—its role in the pregnant anomalous uterus. <i>International journal of fertility</i> 1990;35: 164-170.   | Old – low number of cases                       |
| Goldberg JM, Falcone T, Attaran M. Sonohysterographic evaluation of uterine abnormalities noted on hysterosalpingography. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1997;12: 2151-2153.   | Diagnosis                                       |
| Gopal M, Goldberg J, Klein TA, Fossum GT. Embolization of a uterine arteriovenous malformation followed by a twin pregnancy. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 2003;102: 696-698.  | Diagnosis                                       |
| Grimbizis G, Camus M, Clasen K, Tournaye H, De Munck L, Devroey P. Hysteroscopic septum resection in patients with recurrent abortions or infertility. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1998;13: 1188-1193.  | Included in review Valle 2013                   |
| Heinonen PK. Reproductive performance of women with uterine anomalies after abdominal or hysteroscopic metroplasty or no surgical treatment. <i>The Journal of the American Association of Gynecologic Laparoscopists</i> 1997;4: 311-317.  | Not RPL patients                                |
| Hollett-Caines J, Vilos GA, Abu-Rafea B, Ahmad R. Fertility and pregnancy outcomes following hysteroscopic septum division. <i>Journal of obstetrics and gynaecology Canada</i> 2006;28: 156-159.   | Not all RPL                                     |
| Karande VC, Gleicher N. Resection of uterine septum using gynaecoradiological techniques. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1999;14: 1226-1229.   | Not all RPL – small number of patients with RPL |
| Kerimis P, Zolti M, Sinwany G, Mashiach S, Carp H. Uterine rupture after hysteroscopic resection of uterine septum. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2002;77: 618-620.  | Case report                                     |
| Liddell HS, Lo C. Laparoscopic cervical cerclage: a series in women with a history of second trimester miscarriage. <i>J Minim Invasive Gynecol</i> 2008;15: 342-345.   | Low number of cases                             |
| Ludwin A, Ludwin I, Banas T, Knafel A, Miedzyblocki M, Basta A. Diagnostic accuracy of sonohysterography, hysterosalpingography and diagnostic hysteroscopy in diagnosis of arcuate, septate and bicornuate uterus. <i>The journal of obstetrics and gynaecology research</i> 2011;37: 178-186. | Diagnosis                                       |
| March CM, Israel R. Hysteroscopic management of recurrent abortion caused by septate uterus. <i>American journal of obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1987;156: 834-842.  | Old   |
| March CM, Israel R, March AD. Hysteroscopic management of intrauterine adhesions. <i>American journal of obstetrics and gynecology</i> 1978;130: 653-657.   | Old – not RPL                                   |
| Meresman GF, Olivares C, Vighi S, Alfie M, Irigoyen M, Etchepareborda JJ. Apoptosis is increased and cell proliferation is decreased in out-of-phase endometria from infertile and recurrent abortion patients. <i>Reproductive biology and endocrinology</i> : RB&E 2010;8: 126.               | Diagnosis                                       |
| Nagel TC, Malo JW. Hysteroscopic metroplasty in the diethylstilbestrol-exposed uterus and similar nonfusion anomalies: effects on subsequent  | Not RPL   |

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| reproductive performance; a preliminary report. Fertility and sterility 1993;59: 502-506.   |                               |
| Paradisi R, Barzanti R, Natali F, Battaglia C, Venturoli S. Metroplasty in a large population of women with septate uterus. J Minim Invasive Gynecol 2011;18: 449-454.  | Not RPL                       |
| Pelosi MA. Laparoscopic Assisted Vaginal Metroplasty. The Journal of the American Association of Gynecologic Laparoscopists 1994;1: S28.  | Technical report              |
| Plouffe L, Jr., White EW, Tho SP, Sweet CS, Layman LC, Whitman GF, McDonough PG. Etiologic factors of recurrent abortion and subsequent reproductive performance of couples: have we made any progress in the past 10 years? American journal of obstetrics and gynecology 1992;167: 313-320; discussion 320-311.   | Not relevant for question     |
| Raziel A, Friedler S, Schachter M, Strassburger D, Ron-El R. Successful pregnancy after 24 consecutive fetal losses: lessons learned from surrogacy. Fertility and sterility 2000;74: 104-106.  | Case report                   |
| Raziel A, Schachter M, Strassburger D, Komarovsky D, Ron-El R, Friedler S. Eight years' experience with an IVF surrogate gestational pregnancy programme. Reproductive biomedicine online 2005;11: 254-258.   | Not RPL specific - surrogacy  |
| Roy KK, Singla S, Baruah J, Kumar S, Sharma JB, Karmakar D. Reproductive outcome following hysteroscopic septal resection in patients with infertility and recurrent abortions. Archives of gynecology and obstetrics 2011;283: 273-279.  | Not all RPL                   |
| Saravelos SH, Cocksedge KA, Li TC. Prevalence and diagnosis of congenital uterine anomalies in women with reproductive failure: a critical appraisal. Human reproduction update 2008;14: 415-429.   | Diagnosis                     |
| Saravelos SH, Cocksedge KA, Li TC. The pattern of pregnancy loss in women with congenital uterine anomalies and recurrent miscarriage. Reproductive biomedicine online 2010;20: 416-422.  | Not treatment                 |
| Shahrokh Tehraninejad E, Ghaffari F, Jahangiri N, Oroomiechiha M, Akhoond MR, Azimineko E. Reproductive Outcome following Hysteroscopic Monopolar Metroplasty: An Analysis of 203 Cases. International journal of fertility & sterility 2013;7: 175-180.  | Not all patients had RPL      |
| Shawki HE. Reproductive outcomes after Versapoint hysteroscopic metroplasty Middle East Fertility Society Journal. 2010, pp. 259-264.   | Only 11 women with RPL        |
| Sills ES, Healy CM. Building Irish families through surrogacy: medical and judicial issues for the advanced reproductive technologies. Reproductive health 2008;5: 9.   | Not treatment                 |
| Stein AL, March CM. Pregnancy outcome in women with mullerian duct anomalies. The Journal of reproductive medicine 1990;35: 411-414.  | Not RPL                       |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Ozaki Y, Kitaori T, Kumagai K, Suzuki S. Midline uterine defect size is correlated with miscarriage of euploid embryos in recurrent cases. Fertility and sterility 2010;93: 1983-1988.   | Not treatment                 |
| Tofoski G, Dimitrov G, Georgievska J, Aluloski I, Gruevski K. Reproductive outcome after hysteroscopic metroplasty in patients with infertility and recurrent pregnancy loss. Prilozi / Makedonska akademija na naukite i umetnostite, Oddelenie za bioloski i medicinski nauki = Contributions / Macedonian Academy of Sciences and Arts, Section of Biological and Medical Sciences 2011;32: 141-154. | Only subgroup had RPL         |
| Valle RF, Sciarra JJ. Hysteroscopic treatment of the septate uterus. Obstetrics and gynecology 1986;67: 253-257.  | Included in review Valle 2013 |
| Valli E, Zupi E, Marconi D, Vaquero E, Giovannini P, Lazzarin N, Romanini C. Hysteroscopic findings in 344 women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. The Journal of the American Association of Gynecologic Laparoscopists 2001;8: 398-401.  | diagnosis, not treatment      |

### 13. WHICH THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS SHOULD BE OFFERED TO PATIENTS WITH RPL DUE TO THROMBOPHILIA + ANTIPHOSPHOLIPID SYNDROME TO INCREASE LIVE BIRTH RATE?

#### Flowchart



#### List of excluded papers

| EXCLUSION CRITERIA   |  |
|--|--|
| Arachchillage DR, Machin SJ, Mackie IJ, Cohen H. Diagnosis and management of non-criteria obstetric antiphospholipid syndrome. <i>Thrombosis and haemostasis</i> 2015;113: 13-19.  | Included in diagnosis chapter                        |
| Bain E, Wilson A, Tooher R, Gates S, Davis L-J, Middleton P. Prophylaxis for venous thromboembolic disease in pregnancy and the early postnatal period <i>Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews</i> . 2014.  | Not miscarriage                                      |
| Bick RL, Hoppensteadt D. Recurrent miscarriage syndrome and infertility due to blood coagulation protein/platelet defects: a review and update. <i>Clinical and applied thrombosis/hemostasis</i> 2005;11: 1-13.   | Non-systematic review                                |
| Bladt V, Steengaard-Pedersen K, Poulsen LH, Petersen OB, Laursen B, d'Amore F. Late puerperal thrombohemorrhagic complications in a patient with antiphospholipid syndrome. <i>European journal of haematology</i> 2004;73: 437-440.                             | Case report  |
| Boas WV, Goncalves RO, Costa OL, Goncalves MS. Metabolism and gene polymorphisms of the folate pathway in Brazilian women with history of recurrent abortion. <i>Revista brasileira de ginecologia e obstetricia</i> 2015;37: 71-76.                             | Not treatment  |
| Bouvier S, Cochery-Nouvellon E, Lavigne-Lissalde G, Mercier E, Fabbro-Peray P, Balducchi JP, Mares P, Gris JC. Comparative incidence of pregnancy outcomes in thrombophilia-positive women from the NOH-APS observational study. <i>Blood</i> 2014;123: 414-421. | No comparison of treated versus non-treated patients |

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| Bouvier S, Cochery-Nouvellon E, Lavigne-Lissalde G, Mercier E, Marchetti T, Balducchi JP, Mares P, Gris JC. Comparative incidence of pregnancy outcomes in treated obstetric antiphospholipid syndrome: the NOH-APS observational study. <i>Blood</i> 2014;123: 404-413.  | Included in diagnosis chapter                            |
| Brenner B. Antithrombotic prophylaxis for women with thrombophilia and pregnancy complications--Yes. <i>Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis</i> : JTH 2003;1: 2070-2072.  | Expert opinion   |
| Brenner B. Maternal anticoagulant prophylaxis for prevention of pregnancy loss in women with thrombophilia. <i>Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis</i> : JTH 2003;1: 416-417.   | Commentary   |
| Buckingham KL, Chamley LW. A critical assessment of the role of antiphospholipid antibodies in infertility. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2009;80: 132-145.   | Infertility  |
| Carp HJ, Sapir T, Shoenfeld Y. Intravenous immunoglobulin and recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Clinical reviews in allergy &amp; immunology</i> 2005;29: 327-332.   | Non-systematic review                                    |
| Carreras LD, Perez GN, Vega HR, Casavilla F. Lupus anticoagulant and recurrent fetal loss: successful treatment with gammaglobulin. <i>Lancet</i> 1988;2: 393-394.  | Outdated   |
| Check JH. The use of heparin for preventing miscarriage. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2012;67: 326-333.   | Non-systematic review                                    |
| Christiansen OB. Treatment of pregnant women with recurrent miscarriage associated with phospholipid antibodies. General prognosis is favourable in untreated women. <i>BMJ</i> 1997;315: 372; author reply 373.  | Author reply   |
| Christiansen OB. Intravenous immunoglobulin in the prevention of recurrent spontaneous abortion: the European experience. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1998;39: 77-81.  | Review of 2005 available on the topic                    |
| Christiansen OB. Advances of intravenous immunoglobulin G in modulation of anti-fetal immunity in selected at-risk populations: science and therapeutics. <i>Clinical and experimental immunology</i> 2014;178 Suppl 1: 120-122.  | Basic science study                                      |
| Clark DA, Coulam CB, Stricker RB. Is intravenous immunoglobulins (IVIg) efficacious in early pregnancy failure? A critical review and meta-analysis for patients who fail in vitro fertilization and embryo transfer (IVF). <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 2006;23: 1-13.                     | Not RPL  |
| Clark DA, Gunby J, Daya S. The use of allogeneic leukocytes or i.v. IgG for the treatment of patients with recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>Transfusion medicine reviews</i> 1997;11: 85-94.   | Old review IVIG, more recent review available            |
| Clifford K, Rai R, Watson H, Franks S, Regan L. Does suppressing luteinising hormone secretion reduce the miscarriage rate? Results of a randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ</i> 1996;312: 1508-1511.   | Patient population not appropriate for this question     |
| Cohn DM, Goddijn M, Middeldorp S, Korevaar JC, Dawood F, Farquharson RG. Recurrent miscarriage and antiphospholipid antibodies: prognosis of subsequent pregnancy. <i>Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis</i> : JTH 2010;8: 2208-2213.  | Cohort study, RCTs and reviews available                 |
| Coloma Bazan E, Donate Lopez C, Moreno Lozano P, Cervera R, Espinosa G. Discontinuation of anticoagulation or antiaggregation treatment may be safe in patients with primary antiphospholipid syndrome when antiphospholipid antibodies became persistently negative. <i>Immunologic research</i> 2013;56: 358-361. | Not RPL  |
| Coppens M, Folkeringa N, Teune MJ, Hamulyak K, van der Meer J, Prins MH, Buller HR, Middeldorp S. Outcome of the subsequent pregnancy after a first loss in women with the factor V Leiden or prothrombin 20210A mutations. <i>Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis</i> : JTH 2007;5: 1444-1448.                   | Pregnancy outcome without treatment, not all RM patients |
| Coulam CB, Stern JJ, Bustillo M. Ultrasonographic findings of pregnancy losses after treatment for recurrent pregnancy loss: intravenous immunoglobulin versus placebo. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1994;61: 248-251.  | Not focused on thrombophilia                             |
| Dante G, Vaccaro V, Facchinetti F. Use of progestagens during early pregnancy. <i>Facts, views &amp; vision in ObGyn</i> 2013;5: 66-71.   | Review based on Cochrane reviews                         |

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| Daya S, Gunby J, Clark DA. Intravenous immunoglobulin therapy for recurrent spontaneous abortion: a meta-analysis. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1998;39: 69-76.  | Not RPL associated with thrombophilia                                  |
| de Jesus GR, Rodrigues G, de Jesus NR, Levy RA. Pregnancy morbidity in antiphospholipid syndrome: what is the impact of treatment? <i>Current rheumatology reports</i> 2014;16: 403.   | Non-systematic review  |
| de Jong PG, Goddijn M, Middeldorp S. Antithrombotic therapy for pregnancy loss. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 2013;19: 656-673.   | More recent review of the same author available                        |
| de Jong PG, Quenby S, Bloemenkamp KW, Braams-Lisman BA, de Bruin JP, Coomarasamy A, David M, DeSancho MT, van der Heijden OW, Hoek A et al. ALIFE2 study: low-molecular-weight heparin for women with recurrent miscarriage and inherited thrombophilia--study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> 2015;16: 208.   | Study protocol   |
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| Deligiannidis A, Parapanissiou E, Mavroudi A, Papastavrou T. Neonatal thrombocytopenia as side effect of immunotherapy for recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2007;57: 167-168.  | Case report  |
| Dendrinou S, Sakkas E, Makrakis E. Low-molecular-weight heparin versus intravenous immunoglobulin for recurrent abortion associated with antiphospholipid antibody syndrome. <i>International journal of gynaecology and obstetrics</i> 2009;104: 223-225.   | LMWH versus IVIG   |
| Di Nisio M, Peters L, Middeldorp S. Anticoagulants for the treatment of recurrent pregnancy loss in women without antiphospholipid syndrome. <i>The Cochrane database of systematic reviews</i> 2005: Cd004734.  | RPL without APS  |
| D'Ippolito S, Ortiz AS, Veglia M, Tersigni C, Di Simone N. Low molecular weight heparin in obstetric care: a review of the literature. <i>Reproductive sciences (Thousand Oaks, Calif)</i> 2011;18: 602-613.   | Obstetric care (mixed population)                                      |
| Donohoe S, Quenby S, Mackie I, Panal G, Farquharson R, Malia R, Kingdom J, Machin S. Fluctuations in levels of antiphospholipid antibodies and increased coagulation activation markers in normal and heparin-treated antiphospholipid syndrome pregnancies. <i>Lupus</i> 2002;11: 11-20.  | Measurement of coagulation markers and aPL in normal pregnancy and APS |
| Drewlo S. Heparin--not only thinning the blood. <i>Blood</i> 2013;121: 1932-1933.  | Comment on a murine study on heparin                                   |
| Egerup P, Lindschou J, Gluud C, Christiansen OB. The Effects of Intravenous Immunoglobulins in Women with Recurrent Miscarriages: A Systematic Review of Randomised Trials with Meta-Analyses and Trial Sequential Analyses Including Individual Patient Data. <i>PloS one</i> 2015;10: e0141588.  | Not relevant for this question (included elsewhere)                    |
| Eldor A. Unexplored territories in the nonsurgical patient: a look at pregnancy. <i>Seminars in hematology</i> 2001;38: 39-48.   | Non-systematic review  |
| El-Haieg DO, Zanati MF, El-Foual FM. Plasmapheresis and pregnancy outcome in patients with antiphospholipid syndrome. <i>International journal of gynaecology and obstetrics</i> 2007;99: 236-241.   | No control group   |
| Elmahashi MO, Elbareg AM, Essadi FM, Ashur BM, Adam I. Low dose aspirin and low-molecular-weight heparin in the treatment of pregnant Libyan women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>BMC research notes</i> 2014;7: 23.   | RPL patients without thrombophilia                                     |
| Erkan D, Patel S, Nuzzo M, Gerosa M, Meroni PL, Tincani A, Lockshin MD. Management of the controversial aspects of the antiphospholipid syndrome pregnancies: a guide for clinicians and researchers. <i>Rheumatology</i> 2008;47 Suppl 3: iii23-27.   | Questionnaire on controversial aspects of aPL pos pregnancies          |
| Ghosh K, Shetty S, Vora S, Salvi V. Successful pregnancy outcome in women with bad obstetric history and recurrent fetal loss due to thrombophilia: effect of unfractionated heparin and low-molecular weight heparin. <i>Clinical and applied thrombosis/hemostasis : official journal of the International Academy of Clinical and Applied Thrombosis/Hemostasis</i> 2008;14: 174-179. | Small study (n=25)   |



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| Glueck CJ, Pranikoff J, Khan N, Riaz K, Chavan K, Raj P, Umar M, Wang P. High factor XI, recurrent pregnancy loss, enoxaparin. Fertility and sterility 2010;94: 2828-2831.   | Case report of 3 cases                    |
| Glueck CJ, Wang P, Goldenberg N, Sieve L. Pregnancy loss, polycystic ovary syndrome, thrombophilia, hypofibrinolysis, enoxaparin, metformin. Clinical and applied thrombosis/hemostasis 2004;10: 323-334.  | PCOS                                      |
| Grandone E, De Stefano V, Rossi E, Cappucci F, Colaizzo D, Margaglione M. Antithrombotic prophylaxis during pregnancy in women with deficiency of natural anticoagulants. Blood coagulation & fibrinolysis 2008;19: 226-230.   | Retrospective cohort study of 32 patients |
| Greer IA. Antithrombotic treatment for recurrent pregnancy loss? Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis : JTH 2011;9 Suppl 1: 302-305.  | Non-systematic review                     |
| Greer IA, Brenner B, Gris JC. Antithrombotic treatment for pregnancy complications: which path for the journey to precision medicine? British journal of haematology 2014;165: 585-599.  | Non-systematic review                     |
| Gris JC. LMWH have no place in recurrent pregnancy loss: debate-against the motion. Thrombosis research 2011;127 Suppl 3: S110-112.  | Expert opinion                            |
| Gris JC, Mares P. The long and winding road ... towards LMWH for pregnancy loss. Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis : JTH 2005;3: 224-226.  | Comment on Brenner 2005                   |
| Hauser AC, Hauser L, Pabinger-Fasching I, Quehenberger P, Derfler K, Horl WH. The course of anticardiolipin antibody levels under immunoadsorption therapy. American journal of kidney diseases 2005;46: 446-454.  | SLE patients (small study)                |
| Heine O, Mueller-Eckhardt G. Intravenous immune globulin in recurrent abortion. Clinical and experimental immunology 1994;97 Suppl 1: 39-42.   | Non-systematic review                     |
| Hekmatdoost A, Vahid F, Yari Z, Sadeghi M, Eini-Zinab H, Lakpour N, Arefi S. Methyltetrahydrofolate vs Folic Acid Supplementation in Idiopathic Recurrent Miscarriage with Respect to Methylenetetrahydrofolate Reductase C677T and A1298C Polymorphisms: A Randomized Controlled Trial. PloS one 2015;10: e0143569. | RPL + MTHFR mutation                      |
| Hewell SW, Hammer RH. Antiphospholipid antibodies: a threat throughout pregnancy. Journal of obstetric, gynecologic, and neonatal nursing 1997;26: 162-168.  | Non-systematic review                     |
| Hovdenak N, Haram K. Influence of mineral and vitamin supplements on pregnancy outcome. European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology 2012;164: 127-132.  | Non-systematic review – not miscarriage   |
| Hutton B, Sharma R, Fergusson D, Tinmouth A, Hebert P, Jamieson J, Walker M. Use of intravenous immunoglobulin for treatment of recurrent miscarriage: a systematic review. BJOG 2007;114: 134-142.  | Older review                              |
| Jeremic K, Pervulov M, Gojnic M, Dukanac J, Ljubic A, Stojnic J. Comparison of two therapeutic protocols in patients with antiphospholipid antibodies and recurrent miscarriages. Vojnosanitetski pregled Military-medical and pharmaceutical review 2005;62: 435-439.   | Cohort study of 40 patients               |
| Kaandorp S, Di Nisio M, Goddijn M, Middeldorp S. Aspirin or anticoagulants for treating recurrent miscarriage in women without antiphospholipid syndrome. The Cochrane database of systematic reviews 2009: Cd004734.  | Older review on RPL without APS           |
| Kalra S, Tuli A, Choudhry R, Raheja S. Prevalence of anticardiolipin antibody IgG in recurrent first trimester abortions and the role of aspirin in its prevention. Medical science monitor 2003;9: Cr213-216.   | No control group                          |
| Katz Z, Lancet M, Skornik J, Chemke J, Mogilner BM, Klinberg M. Teratogenicity of progestogens given during the first trimester of pregnancy. Obstetrics and gynecology 1985;65: 775-780.  | Old study on safety                       |
| Khalifeh A, Grantham J, Byrne J, Murphy K, McAuliffe F, Byrne B. Tinzaparin safety and efficacy in pregnancy. Irish journal of medical science 2014;183: 249-252.  | Women with VTE or RPL                     |
| Kingdom J, Jauniaux E. Treatment of pregnant women with recurrent miscarriage associated with phospholipid antibodies. No cytogenetic data were reported. BMJ 1997;315: 372.   | Letter to the editor                      |



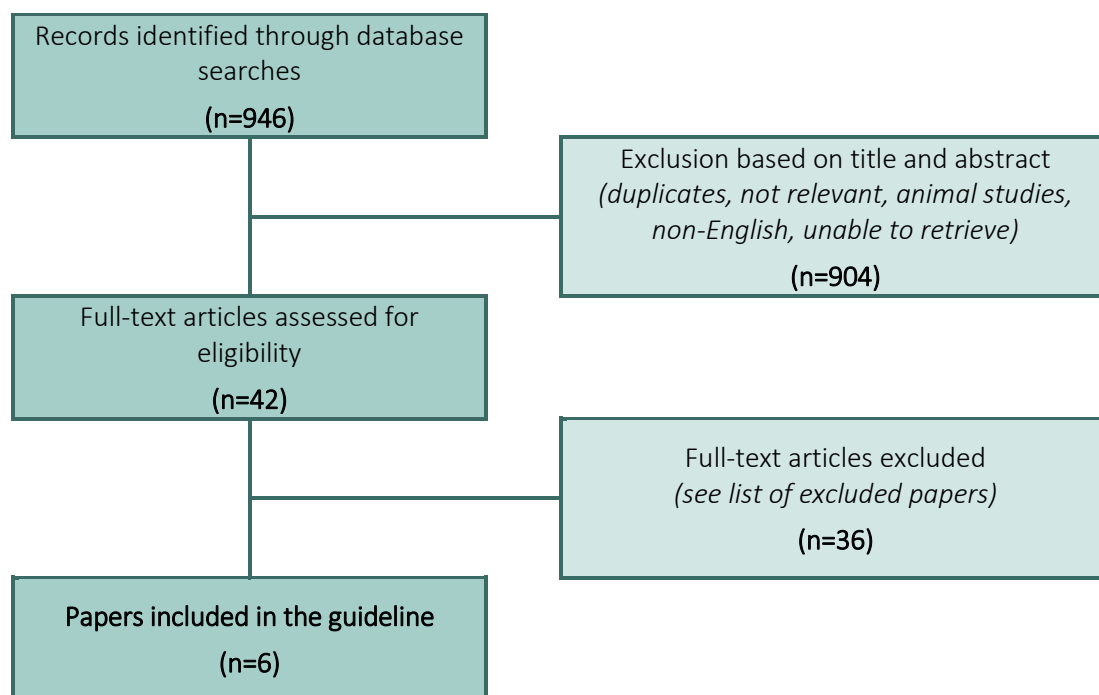
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| Kobayashi S, Tamura N, Tsuda H, Mokuno C, Hashimoto H, Hirose S. Immunoabsorbent plasmapheresis for a patient with antiphospholipid syndrome during pregnancy. <i>Annals of the rheumatic diseases</i> 1992;51: 399-401.  | Old study, unclear relevance  |
| Kosar A, Kasapoglu B, Kalyoncu S, Turan H, Balcik OS, Gumus EI. Treatment of adverse perinatal outcome in inherited thrombophilias: a clinical study. <i>Blood coagulation &amp; fibrinolysis</i> 2011;22: 14-18.   | prevalence mutations, outcome, some treated, but not compared to untreated      |
| Krabbendam I, Dekker GA. Pregnancy outcome in patients with a history of recurrent spontaneous miscarriages and documented thrombophilias. <i>Gynecologic and obstetric investigation</i> 2004;57: 127-131.   | No comparison of treatment  |
| Kutteh WH. Antiphospholipid antibody syndrome and reproduction. <i>Current opinion in obstetrics &amp; gynecology</i> 2014;26: 260-265.   | Narrative review  |
| Kwak-Kim J, Agcaoili MS, Aleta L, Liao A, Ota K, Dambaeva S, Beaman K, Kim JW, Gilman-Sachs A. Management of women with recurrent pregnancy losses and antiphospholipid antibody syndrome. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2013;69: 596-607.   | Non-systematic review   |
| Levin BL, Varga E. MTHFR: Addressing Genetic Counseling Dilemmas Using Evidence-Based Literature. <i>Journal of genetic counseling</i> 2016.  | Included in diagnosis chapter   |
| Li L, Dou L, Leung Ping C, Wang Chi C. Chinese herbal medicines for threatened miscarriage <i>Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews</i> . 2012.   | Threatened miscarriage  |
| Lim W. Antiphospholipid antibody syndrome. <i>Hematology</i> 2009: 233-239.   | Non-systematic review   |
| Lindqvist PG, Merlo J. Low molecular weight heparin for repeated pregnancy loss: is it based on solid evidence? <i>Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis</i> 2005;3: 221-223.   | Comment to Brenner 2005   |
| Lund M, Nielsen HS, Hviid TV, Steffensen R, Nyboe Andersen A, Christiansen OB. Hereditary thrombophilia and recurrent pregnancy loss: a retrospective cohort study of pregnancy outcome and obstetric complications. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2010;25: 2978-2984.  | pregnancy outcome in women with RPL+ hereditary thrombophilia without treatment |
| Mekinian A, Loire-Berson P, Nicaise-Roland P, Lachassinne E, Stirnemann J, Boffa MC, Chollet-Martin S, Carbillon L, Fain O. Outcomes and treatment of obstetrical antiphospholipid syndrome in women with low antiphospholipid antibody levels. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2012;94: 222-226. | Retrospective cohort study  |
| Middeldorp S. Antithrombotic prophylaxis for women with thrombophilia and pregnancy complications--No. <i>Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis</i> 2003;1: 2073-2074.  | Opinion paper   |
| Middeldorp S. New studies of low-molecular-weight heparin in pregnancy. <i>Thrombosis research</i> 2015;135 Suppl 1: S26-29.  | Non-systematic review   |
| Misra D, Aledort L. Recurrent miscarriages: caution regarding development of clinical trials using low molecular weight heparin and pregnancy. <i>American journal of hematology</i> 2011;86: 235.  | Anti Xa levels, not relevant  |
| Mo D, Saravelos S, Metwally M, Makris M, Li TC. Treatment of recurrent miscarriage and antiphospholipid syndrome with low-dose enoxaparin and aspirin. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2009;19: 216-220.   | Pilot study for RCT   |
| Monien S, Kadecki O, Baumgarten S, Salama A, Dorner T, Kiesewetter H. Use of heparin in women with early and late miscarriages with and without thrombophilia. <i>Clinical and applied thrombosis/hemostasis</i> 2009;15: 636-644.  | Unexplained RPL   |
| Mueller-Eckhardt G. Immunotherapy with intravenous immunoglobulin for prevention of recurrent pregnancy loss: European experience. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1994;32: 281-285.   | Older review including similar studies  |
| Mumford SL, Silver RM, Sjaarda LA, Wactawski-Wende J, Townsend JM, Lynch AM, Galai N, Leshner LL, Faraggi D, Perkins NJ et al. Expanded findings from a randomized controlled trial of preconception low-dose aspirin and pregnancy loss. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2016;31: 657-665.                       | Not RPL or APS/thrombophilia  |
| Nelen WL, Blom HJ, Steegers EA, den Heijer M, Thomas CM, Eskes TK. Homocysteine and folate levels as risk factors for recurrent early pregnancy loss. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 2000;95: 519-524.  | Not treatment   |
| Nielsen HS, Christiansen OB. Prognostic impact of anticardiolipin antibodies in women with recurrent miscarriage negative for the lupus anticoagulant. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2005;20: 1720-1728.  | Not treatment   |

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| Opatrny L, David M, Kahn SR, Shrier I, Rey E. Association between antiphospholipid antibodies and recurrent fetal loss in women without autoimmune disease: a metaanalysis. <i>The Journal of rheumatology</i> 2006;33: 2214-2221.   | Included in diagnosis chapter – not treatment |
| Ordi J, Barquinero J, Vilardell M, Jordana R, Tolosa C, Selva A, Genover E. Fetal loss treatment in patients with antiphospholipid antibodies. <i>Annals of the rheumatic diseases</i> 1989;48: 798-802.   | To old, more recent studies available         |
| Pagliaro P, Arrigoni L, Muggiasca ML, Poggio M, Russo U, Rossi E. Primary thrombocythemia and pregnancy: treatment and outcome in fifteen cases. <i>American journal of hematology</i> 1996;53: 6-10.  | Not RPL                                       |
| Pasquier E, de Saint Martin L, Le Gal G. Antithrombotic medications and recurrent miscarriage. <i>The New England journal of medicine</i> 2010;363: 887; author reply 888.   | Author reply                                  |
| Pelloux H, Fricker-Hidalgo H, Brochier G, Goullier-Fleuret A, Ambroise-Thomas P. Intravenous immunoglobulin therapy: confounding effects on serological screening for toxoplasmosis during pregnancy. <i>Journal of clinical microbiology</i> 1999;37: 3423-3424.                              | Case report                                   |
| Pena RB, Cadavid AP, Botero JH, Garcia GP, Gallego MI, Ossa JE. The production of MLR-blocking factors after lymphocyte immunotherapy for RSA does not predict the outcome of pregnancy. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1998;39: 120-124.                                  | Not relevant for the key question             |
| Piette JC, Huong DL, Wechsler B. Treatment of pregnant women with recurrent miscarriage associated with phospholipid antibodies. During pregnancy, heparin should be stopped during labour and then restarted soon after delivery. <i>BMJ</i> 1997;315: 372-373; author reply 373.             | Author reply                                  |
| Quere I, Mercier E, Bellet H, Janbon C, Mares P, Gris JC. Vitamin supplementation and pregnancy outcome in women with recurrent early pregnancy loss and hyperhomocysteinemia. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2001;75: 823-825.  | Included for hyperhomocysteinemia             |
| Rambaldi MP, Mecacci F, Guaschino S, Paidas MJ. Inherited and acquired thrombophilias. <i>Reproductive sciences</i> 2014;21: 167-182.  | Non-systematic review                         |
| Ramidi G, Khan N, Glueck CJ, Wang P, Goldenberg N. Enoxaparin-metformin and enoxaparin alone may safely reduce pregnancy loss. <i>Translational research</i> 2009;153: 33-43.  | PCOS  |
| Ray JG, Laskin CA. Folic acid and homocyst(e)ine metabolic defects and the risk of placental abruption, pre-eclampsia and spontaneous pregnancy loss: A systematic review. <i>Placenta</i> 1999;20: 519-529.   | Not treatment                                 |
| Rodger MA, Paidas M, McLintock C, Middeldorp S, Kahn S, Martinelli I, Hague W, Rosene Montella K, Greer I. Inherited thrombophilia and pregnancy complications revisited. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 2008;112: 320-324.  | commentary                                    |
| Rogenhofer N, Bohlmann MK, Beuter-Winkler P, Wurfel W, Rank A, Thaler CJ, Toth B. Prevention, management and extent of adverse pregnancy outcomes in women with hereditary antithrombin deficiency. <i>Annals of hematology</i> 2014;93: 385-392.  | Small study with 7 patients                   |
| Ronnenberg AG, Venners SA, Xu X, Chen C, Wang L, Guang W, Huang A, Wang X. Preconception B-vitamin and homocysteine status, conception, and early pregnancy loss. <i>American journal of epidemiology</i> 2007;166: 304-312.   | Not treatment                                 |
| Shimada S, Takeda M, Nishihira J, Kaneuchi M, Sakuragi N, Minakami H, Yamada H. A high dose of intravenous immunoglobulin increases CD94 expression on natural killer cells in women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2009;62: 301-307. | Basic study on IVIG                           |
| Stern C, Chamley L. Antiphospholipid antibodies and coagulation defects in women with implantation failure after IVF and recurrent miscarriage. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2006;13: 29-37.   | Diagnosis, not treatment                      |
| Stricker RB, Steinleitner A, Bookoff CN, Weckstein LN, Winger EE. Successful treatment of immunologic abortion with low-dose intravenous immunoglobulin. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2000;73: 536-540.  | Mixed patient group                           |

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| Stricker RB, Winger EE. Update on treatment of immunologic abortion with low-dose intravenous immunoglobulin. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2005;54: 390-396.   | Not relevant for this question                      |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Ozaki Y, Nakanishi T, Sato T, Suzumori N, Kumagai K. Occasional antiphospholipid antibody positive patients with recurrent pregnancy loss also merit aspirin therapy: a retrospective cohort-control study. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2008;59: 235-241.                                    | Occasional antiphospholipid antibodies              |
| Takakuwa K, Ishii K, Takaki Y, Natsume N, Adachi H, Kurata H, Tamura M, Kurabayashi T, Tanaka K. Effect of sairei-to combined with aspirin and prednisolone on four recurrent reproductive failure women who are positive for anti-phospholipid antibodies. <i>The American journal of Chinese medicine</i> 2003;31: 659-663.            | Case reports  |
| Tan WK, Lim SK, Tan LK, Baptista D. Does low-molecular-weight heparin improve live birth rates in pregnant women with thrombophilic disorders? A systematic review. <i>Singapore medical journal</i> 2012;53: 659-663.   | Not RPL   |
| Triolo G, Ferrante A, Accardo-Palumbo A, Ciccio F, Cadelo M, Castelli A, Perino A, Licata G. IVIG in APS pregnancy. <i>Lupus</i> 2004;13: 731-735.   | Non-systematic review                               |
| Tzafettas J, Petropoulos P, Psarra A, Delkos D, Papaloukas C, Giannoulis H, Kalogiros G, Gkoutzioulis F. Early antiplatelet and antithrombotic therapy in patients with a history of recurrent miscarriages of known and unknown aetiology. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 2005;120: 22-26. | Observational cohort study, no control intervention |
| Visser J, Cohen D, Bloemenkamp KW. Antithrombotic medications and recurrent miscarriage. <i>The New England journal of medicine</i> 2010;363: 887-888; author reply 888.   | Author reply  |
| Walker ID, Kujovich JL, Greer IA, Rey E, David M, Salmon JE, Hunt BJ, Zotz RB, Gerhardt A, Scharf RE et al. The use of LMWH in pregnancies at risk: new evidence or perception? <i>Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis</i> : 2005;3: 778-793.  | Comment to Brenner 2005                             |
| Wechsler B, Huong Du LT, Piette JC. Is there a role for antithrombotic therapy in the prevention of pregnancy loss? <i>Haemostasis</i> 1999;29 Suppl S1: 112-120.  | Non-systematic review                               |
| Winger EE, Reed JL. Treatment with tumor necrosis factor inhibitors and intravenous immunoglobulin improves live birth rates in women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2008;60: 8-16.   | Not relevant for question                           |
| Wisloff F, Crowther M. Evidence-based treatment of the antiphospholipid syndrome: I. Pregnancy failure. <i>Thrombosis research</i> 2004;114: 75-81.  | APS treatment                                       |
| Yang GY, Luo H, Liao X, Liu JP. Chinese herbal medicine for the treatment of recurrent miscarriage: a systematic review of randomized clinical trials. <i>BMC complementary and alternative medicine</i> 2013;13: 320.   | Not RPL and thrombophilia                           |
| YM AM, Elussein EA, Omer MM, Samaan SI, F AR, Adam I. Heparin and aspirin in pregnant Sudanese women with recurrent miscarriage associated with antiphospholipid antibodies. <i>African journal of reproductive health</i> 2007;11: 95-98.   | Study not controlled                                |
| Younis JS, Ohel G, Brenner B, Ben-Ami M. Familial thrombophilia--the scientific rationale for thromboprophylaxis in recurrent pregnancy loss? <i>Human reproduction</i> 1997;12: 1389-1390.  | Debate  |
| Zotz RB, Gerhardt A, Scharf RE. Antithrombotic prophylaxis for women with thrombophilia and pregnancy complications. <i>Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis</i> 2004;2: 1182-1192.   | Comment to Brenner 2003                             |

## 14. WHICH THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS SHOULD BE OFFERED TO PATIENTS WITH RPL DUE TO MALE FACTOR TO INCREASE LIVE BIRTH RATE?

### Flowchart



### List of excluded papers

|  | EXCLUSION CRITERIA   |
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| Borges E, Jr., Rossi-Ferragut LM, Pasqualotto FF, dos Santos DR, Rocha CC, Iaconelli A, Jr. Testicular sperm results in elevated miscarriage rates compared to epididymal sperm in azoospermic patients. <i>Sao Paulo medical journal</i> 2002;120: 122-126. | Not RPL: miscarriage rate according to source of sperm           |
| Chen L, Zhou Q, Kinoshita M, Liu L, Zhou D. Recurrent epileptic seizures with multifocal brain MRI lesions after paternal lymphocyte immunization: a causal relationship to multiple sclerosis? <i>Neuropathology</i> 2011;31: 98-99.                        | Immunotherapy and MS, not RPL                                    |
| Cowchock FS, Smith JB. Fertility among women with recurrent spontaneous abortions—the effect of paternal cell immunization treatment. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1995;33: 176-181.   | Immunotherapy in women, not relevant for this question           |
| Evenson DP. Sperm chromatin structure assay (SCSA(R)). <i>Methods in molecular biology</i> 2013;927: 147-164.  | Not RPL  |
| Friedler S, Raziel A, Strassburger D, Schachter M, Bern O, Ron-El R. Outcome of ICSI using fresh and cryopreserved-thawed testicular spermatozoa in patients with non-mosaic Klinefelter's syndrome. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2001;16: 2616-2620.           | Klinefelter's syndrome, only 2 pregnancies                       |
| Friedler S, Raziel A, Strassburger D, Schachter M, Soffer Y, Ron-El R. Factors influencing the outcome of ICSI in patients with obstructive and non-obstructive azoospermia: a comparative study. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2002;17: 3114-3121.              | Not RPL: miscarriage rate according to source of sperm           |
| Go KJ, Patel JC, Cunningham DL. The role of assisted reproductive technology in the management of recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Current opinion in endocrinology, diabetes, and obesity</i> 2009;16: 459-463.   | An array of reports on the effects of PGS on embryo implantation |

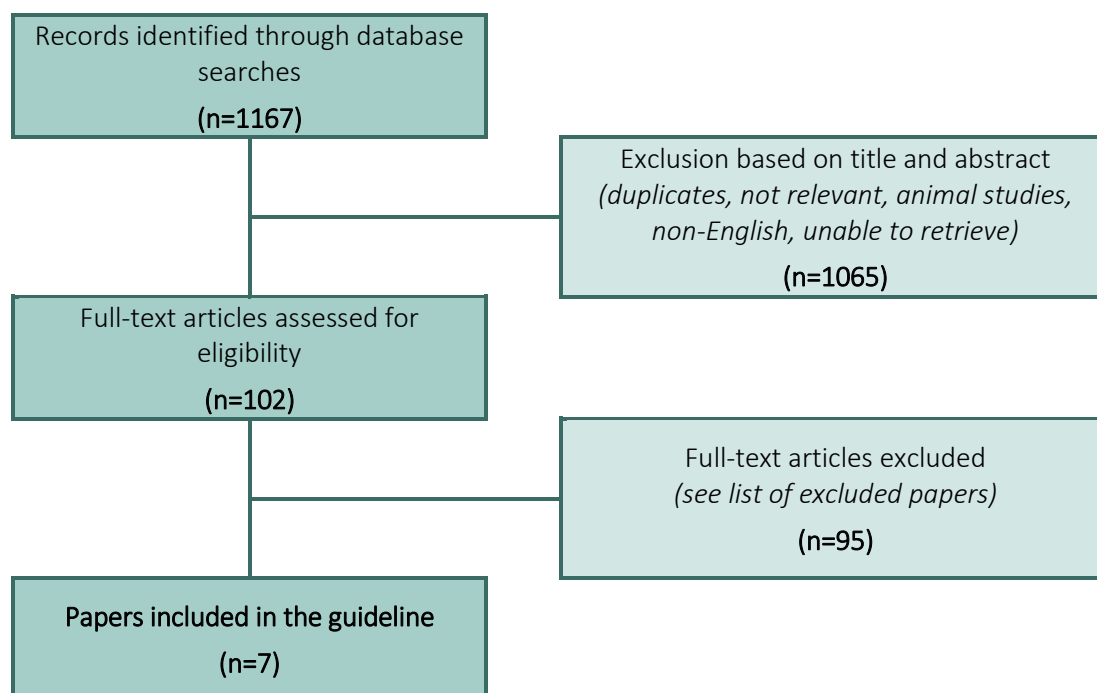
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| Gupta S, Agarwal A, Banerjee J, Alvarez JG. The role of oxidative stress in spontaneous abortion and recurrent pregnancy loss: a systematic review. <i>Obstetrical &amp; gynecological survey</i> 2007;62: 335-347; quiz 353-334.   | General review – no additional data                           |
| Hamamah S, Fignon A, Lansac J. The effect of male factors in repeated spontaneous abortion: lesson from in-vitro fertilization and intracytoplasmic sperm injection. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 1997;3: 393-400.  | General review- no additional data                            |
| He X, Cao Y, Zhang Z, Zhao J, Wei Z, Zhou P, Cong L. Spermatogenesis affects the outcome of ICSI for azoospermic patients rather than sperm retrieval method. <i>Systems biology in reproductive medicine</i> 2010;56: 457-464.   | Not RPL: miscarriage rate according to source of sperm        |
| Jeng GT, Scott JR, Burmeister LF. A comparison of meta-analytic results using literature vs individual patient data. Paternal cell immunization for recurrent miscarriage. <i>JAMA</i> 1995;274: 830-836.   | Immunotherapy in women, not relevant for this question        |
| Kamal A, Fahmy I, Mansour R, Serour G, Aboulghar M, Ramos L, Kremer J. Does the outcome of ICSI in cases of obstructive azoospermia depend on the origin of the retrieved spermatozoa or the cause of obstruction? A comparative analysis. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2010;94: 2135-2140.   | Included in chapter on diagnosis                              |
| Kano T, Mori T, Furudono M, Ishikawa H, Watanabe H, Kikkawa E, Warita T, Onizuka M, Takahashi M, Maeda Y et al. Human leukocyte antigen may predict outcome of primary recurrent spontaneous abortion treated with paternal lymphocyte alloimmunization therapy. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2007;58: 383-387.   | Immunotherapy in women, not relevant for this question        |
| Khonina NA, Broitman EV, Shevela EY, Pasman NM, Chernykh ER. Mixed lymphocyte reaction blocking factors (MLR-Bf) as potential biomarker for indication and efficacy of paternal lymphocyte immunization in recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2013;288: 933-937.  | Immunotherapy in women, not relevant for this question        |
| Mansour Ghanaie M, Asgari SA, Dadrass N, Allahkhah A, Iran-Pour E, Safarinejad MR. Effects of varicocele repair on spontaneous first trimester miscarriage: a randomized clinical trial. <i>Urology journal</i> 2012;9: 505-513.  | Varicoele repair – not RPL                                    |
| Mowbray JF, Gibbings C, Liddell H, Reginald PW, Underwood JL, Beard RW. Controlled trial of treatment of recurrent spontaneous abortion by immunisation with paternal cells. <i>Lancet</i> 1985;1: 941-943.   | Immunotherapy in women, not relevant for this question        |
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| Nicopoullos JD, Gilling-Smith C, Almeida PA, Norman-Taylor J, Grace I, Ramsay JW. Use of surgical sperm retrieval in azoospermic men: a meta-analysis. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2004;82: 691-701.   | Included in chapter on diagnosis                              |
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| Oron G, Fisch B, Sapir O, Wertheimer A, Garor R, Feldberg D, Pinkas H, Ben-Haroush A. Pregnancy outcome after ICSI with thawed testicular sperm from men with non-obstructive azoospermia compared to ICSI with ejaculated sperm from men with severe oligoasthenoteratozoospermia and IVF with normal ejaculated sperm. <i>Gynecological endocrinology</i> 2014;30: 103-106. | Not RPL: outcomes after ICSI according to source of sperm     |
| Pandey MK, Agrawal S. Induction of MLR-Bf and protection of fetal loss: a current double blind randomized trial of paternal lymphocyte immunization for women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>International immunopharmacology</i> 2004;4: 289-298.   | Immunotherapy in women, not relevant for this question        |
| Pasqualotto FF, Rossi LM, Guilherme P, Ortiz V, Iaconelli A, Jr., Borges E, Jr. Etiology-specific outcomes of intracytoplasmic sperm injection in azoospermic patients. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2005;83: 606-611.  | Not RPL: outcomes after ICSI according to source of sperm     |
| Pasqualotto FF, Rossi-Ferragut LM, Rocha CC, Iaconelli A, Jr., Borges E, Jr. Outcome of in vitro fertilization and intracytoplasmic injection of epididymal and testicular sperm obtained from patients with obstructive and nonobstructive azoospermia. <i>The Journal of urology</i> 2002;167: 1753-1756.   | Not RPL: miscarriage rate according to source of sperm        |
| Pons I, Cercas R, Villas C, Brana C, Fernandez-Shaw S. One abstinence day decreases sperm DNA fragmentation in 90 % of selected patients. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 2013;30: 1211-1218.  | Effect of abstinence day on sperm DNA fragmentation (not RPL) |



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| Ramhorst R, Agriello E, Zittermann S, Pando M, Larriba J, Irigoyen M, Cortelezzi M, Auge L, Lombardi E, Etchepareborda JJ et al. Is the paternal mononuclear cells' immunization a successful treatment for recurrent spontaneous abortion? American journal of reproductive immunology 2000;44: 129-135. | Immunotherapy in women, not relevant for this question                  |
| Robinson L, Gallos ID, Conner SJ, Rajkhowa M, Miller D, Lewis S, Kirkman-Brown J, Coomarasamy A. The effect of sperm DNA fragmentation on miscarriage rates: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Human reproduction 2012;27: 2908-2917.  | Included in chapter on diagnosis  |
| Ross C, Morris A, Khairy M, Khalaf Y, Braude P, Coomarasamy A, El-Toukhy T. A systematic review of the effect of oral antioxidants on male infertility. Reproductive biomedicine online 2010;20: 711-723.   | Oral antioxidants in infertile men to improve pregnancy rates (not RPL) |
| Rubio I, Galan A, Larreategui Z, Ayerdi F, Bellver J, Herrero J, Meseguer M. Clinical validation of embryo culture and selection by morphokinetic analysis: a randomized, controlled trial of the EmbryoScope. Fertility and sterility 2014.  | Not RPL   |
| Ruixue W, Hongli Z, Zhihong Z, Rulin D, Dongfeng G, Ruizhi L. The impact of semen quality, occupational exposure to environmental factors and lifestyle on recurrent pregnancy loss. Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics 2013;30: 1513-1518.  | Included in chapter on diagnosis  |
| Rumbold A, Middleton P, Pan N, Crowther CA. Vitamin supplementation for preventing miscarriage. The Cochrane database of systematic reviews 2011: Cd004073.   | Vitamin supplementation for preventing miscarriage (not RPL)            |
| Schwartz D, Mayaux MJ, Guihard-Moscato ML, Czyglik F, David G. Abortion rate in A.I.D. and semen characteristics: a study of 1345 pregnancies. Andrologia 1986;18: 292-298.   | Very old and no real data   |
| Twisk M, Mastenbroek S, van Wely M, Heineman MJ, Van der Veen F, Repping S. Preimplantation genetic screening for abnormal number of chromosomes (aneuploidies) in in vitro fertilisation or intracytoplasmic sperm injection. The Cochrane database of systematic reviews 2006: Cd005291.                | Not RPL   |
| Vissenberg R, Goddijn M. Is there a role for assisted reproductive technology in recurrent miscarriage? Seminars in reproductive medicine 2011;29: 548-556.   | General review , no additional data                                     |
| Wettasinghe TK, Jayasekara RW, Dissanayake VH. Y chromosome microdeletions are not associated with spontaneous recurrent pregnancy loss in a Sinhalese population in Sri Lanka. Human reproduction (Oxford, England) 2010;25: 3152-3156.  | Included in chapter on diagnosis  |
| Zhang L, Wang L, Zhang X, Xu G, Zhang W, Wang K, Wang Q, Qiu Y, Li J, Gai L. Sperm chromatin integrity may predict future fertility for unexplained recurrent spontaneous abortion patients. International journal of andrology 2012;35: 752-757.   | Diagnosis, not treatment  |
| Zhao J, Zhang Q, Wang Y, Li Y. Whether sperm deoxyribonucleic acid fragmentation has an effect on pregnancy and miscarriage after in vitro fertilization/intracytoplasmic sperm injection: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Fertility and sterility 2014;102: 998-1005 e1008.                       | Included in chapter on diagnosis  |

## 15. WHICH THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS SHOULD BE OFFERED TO PATIENTS WITH RPL WITH SUSPICION OF IMMUNOLOGICAL BACKGROUND TO INCREASE LIVE BIRTH RATE?

### Flowchart



### List of excluded papers

| EXCLUSION CRITERIA  |                                |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Alalaf S. Bemiparin versus low dose aspirin for management of recurrent early pregnancy losses due to antiphospholipid antibody syndrome. Archives of gynecology and obstetrics 2012;285: 641-647.  | Not relevant for this question |
| Al-Khateeb GM, Sater MS, Finan RR, Mustafa FE, Al-Busaidi AS, Al-Sulaiti MA, Almawi WY. Analysis of interleukin-18 promoter polymorphisms and changes in interleukin-18 serum levels underscores the involvement of interleukin-18 in recurrent spontaneous miscarriage. Fertility and sterility 2011;96: 921-926.                                      | Not treatment                  |
| al-Momen AK, Moghraby SA, el-Rab MO, Gader AM, al-Balla SR, al-Meshari AA, al-Nuaim L. Pregnancy outcome in women with antiphospholipid antibodies. Clinical rheumatology 1993;12: 381-386.   | Not relevant for this question |
| Aoki K, Dudkiewicz AB, Matsuura E, Novotny M, Kaberlein G, Gleicher N. Clinical significance of beta 2-glycoprotein I-dependent anticardiolipin antibodies in the reproductive autoimmune failure syndrome: correlation with conventional antiphospholipid antibody detection systems. American journal of obstetrics and gynecology 1995;172: 926-931. | Implantation failure, not RPL  |
| Bennett SA, Bagot CN, Appiah A, Johns J, Ross J, Roberts LN, Patel RK, Arya R. Women with unexplained recurrent pregnancy loss do not have evidence of an underlying prothrombotic state: experience with calibrated automated thrombography and rotational thromboelastometry. Thrombosis research 2014;133: 892-899.                                  | Not treatment                  |



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| Bermas BL, Hill JA. Proliferative responses to recall antigens are associated with pregnancy outcome in women with a history of recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>The Journal of clinical investigation</i> 1997;100: 1330-1334.   | Not treatment  |
| Bombell S, McGuire W. Cytokine polymorphisms in women with recurrent pregnancy loss: meta-analysis. <i>The Australian &amp; New Zealand journal of obstetrics &amp; gynaecology</i> 2008;48: 147-154.   | Not treatment  |
| Carp HJ. Recurrent miscarriage and hCG supplementation: a review and metaanalysis. <i>Gynecological endocrinology</i> 2010;26: 712-716.   | Non-systematic review  |
| Carp HJ, Toder V, Gazit E, Ahiron R, Torchinski A, Mashiach S, Shoenfeld Y. Further experience with intravenous immunoglobulin in women with recurrent miscarriage and a poor prognosis. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2001;46: 268-273.   | No randomization or blinding   |
| Carp HJ, Toder V, Torchinsky A, Portuguese S, Lipitz S, Gazit E, Mashiach S. Allogenic leukocyte immunization after five or more miscarriages. Recurrent Miscarriage Immunotherapy Trialists Group. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1997;12: 250-255.   | Small study  |
| Chernyshov VP, Vodyanik MA, Pisareva SP. Lack of soluble TNF-receptors in women with recurrent spontaneous abortion and possibility for its correction. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2005;54: 284-291.  | Not treatment  |
| Christiansen OB, Mathiesen O, Husth M, Lauritsen JG, Grunnet N. Placebo-controlled trial of active immunization with third party leukocytes in recurrent miscarriage. <i>Acta obstetrica et gynecologica Scandinavica</i> 1994;73: 261-268.   | Included in chapter on treatment unexplained RPL                       |
| Christiansen OB, Mathiesen O, Husth M, Rasmussen KL, Ingerslev HJ, Lauritsen JG, Grunnet N. Placebo-controlled trial of treatment of unexplained secondary recurrent spontaneous abortions and recurrent late spontaneous abortions with i.v. immunoglobulin. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1995;10: 2690-2695.   | Included in review Egerup 2015- included in chapter on unexplained RPL |
| Christiansen OB, Pedersen B, Rosgaard A, Husth M. A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial of intravenous immunoglobulin in the prevention of recurrent miscarriage: evidence for a therapeutic effect in women with secondary recurrent miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2002;17: 809-816. | Included in review Egerup 2015- included in chapter on unexplained RPL |
| Clark P, Walker ID, Langhorne P, Crichton L, Thomson A, Greaves M, Whyte S, Greer IA. SPIN (Scottish Pregnancy Intervention) study: a multicenter, randomized controlled trial of low-molecular-weight heparin and low-dose aspirin in women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Blood</i> 2010;115: 4162-4167.    | Included in review de Jong 2014  |
| Clifford K, Rai R, Watson H, Franks S, Regan L. Does suppressing luteinising hormone secretion reduce the miscarriage rate? Results of a randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ (Clinical research ed)</i> 1996;312: 1508-1511.  | Included in question 11  |
| Coulam CB, Krysa L, Stern JJ, Bustillo M. Intravenous immunoglobulin for treatment of recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1995;34: 333-337.  | Included in review Egerup 2015- included in chapter on unexplained RPL |
| Couto E, Barini R, Pinto e Silva JL, de Moraes DR, de Carvalho LM. Anticardiolipin antibody in recurrent spontaneous aborting and fertile women. <i>Sao Paulo medical journal</i> 1998;116: 1760-1765.  | Not treatment  |
| Daya S, Gunby J. The effectiveness of allogeneic leukocyte immunization in unexplained primary recurrent spontaneous abortion. Recurrent Miscarriage Immunotherapy Trialists Group. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1994;32: 294-302.  | recent systematic review available                                     |
| Daya S, Gunby J, Porter F, Scott J, Clark DA. Critical analysis of intravenous immunoglobulin therapy for recurrent miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 1999;5: 475-482.  | More recent systematic review available                                |
| de Jong PG, Kaandorp S, Di Nisio M, Goddijn M, Middeldorp S. Aspirin and/or heparin for women with unexplained recurrent miscarriage with or without inherited thrombophilia. <i>The Cochrane database of systematic reviews</i> 2014;7: Cd004734.  | Included in chapter on treatment unexplained RPL                       |
| Deligiannidis A, Parapanissiou E, Mavroudi A, Papastavrou T. Neonatal thrombocytopenia as side effect of immunotherapy for recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2007;57: 167-168.   | Case report emphasizing the potential risk of LIT                      |

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| Dendrinos S, Sakkas E, Makrakis E. Low-molecular-weight heparin versus intravenous immunoglobulin for recurrent abortion associated with antiphospholipid antibody syndrome. <i>International journal of gynaecology and obstetrics</i> 2009;104: 223-225.  | Not relevant for this question  |
| Dolitzky M, Inbal A, Segal Y, Weiss A, Brenner B, Carp H. A randomized study of thromboprophylaxis in women with unexplained consecutive recurrent miscarriages. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2006;86: 362-366.   | Included in meta-analysis de Jong 2014, included in question 16                     |
| Elmahashi MO, Elbareg AM, Essadi FM, Ashur BM, Adam I. Low dose aspirin and low-molecular-weight heparin in the treatment of pregnant Libyan women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>BMC research notes</i> 2014;7: 23.  | Late start of treatment   |
| Empson M, Lassere M, Craig J, Scott J. Prevention of recurrent miscarriage for women with antiphospholipid antibody or lupus anticoagulant. <i>The Cochrane database of systematic reviews</i> 2005: Cd002859.  | Not relevant for this question  |
| Farquharson RG, Quenby S, Greaves M. Antiphospholipid syndrome in pregnancy: a randomized, controlled trial of treatment. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology</i> 2002;100: 408-413.   | Not relevant for this question  |
| Fawzy M, Shokeir T, El-Tatongy M, Warda O, El-Refaiey AA, Mosbah A. Treatment options and pregnancy outcome in women with idiopathic recurrent miscarriage: a randomized placebo-controlled study. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2008;278: 33-38.  | Included in meta-analysis de Jong 2014, included in question 16                     |
| Gatenby PA, Cameron K, Simes RJ, Adelstein S, Bennett MJ, Jansen RP, Shearman RP, Stewart GJ, Whittle M, Doran TJ. Treatment of recurrent spontaneous abortion by immunization with paternal lymphocytes: results of a controlled trial. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1993;29: 88-94.                             | Included in meta-analysis Wong 2014, included in question 16                        |
| Gharesifard B, Zolghadri J, Foroughinia L, Tavazoo F, Samsami Dehaghani A. Effectiveness of leukocyte immunotherapy in primary recurrent spontaneous abortion (RSA). <i>Iranian journal of immunology</i> 2007;4: 173-178.  | Non randomized comparison of outcome in LIT treated and non-LIT treated RM patients |
| Giancotti A, La Torre R, Spagnuolo A, D'Ambrosio V, Cerekja A, Piazze J, Chistolini A. Efficacy of three different antithrombotic regimens on pregnancy outcome in pregnant women affected by recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>The journal of maternal-fetal &amp; neonatal medicine</i> 2012;25: 1191-1194.                                | Included in meta-analysis de Jong 2014, included in question 16                     |
| Glueck CJ, Gogenini S, Munjal J, Tracy T, Prankoff J, Wang P. Factor V Leiden mutation: a treatable etiology for sporadic and recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2008;89: 410-416.  | Not relevant for this question  |
| Goel N, Tuli A, Choudhry R. The role of aspirin versus aspirin and heparin in cases of recurrent abortions with raised anticardiolipin antibodies. <i>Medical science monitor</i> 2006;12: Cr132-136.   | Not relevant for this question  |
| Gomaa MF, Elkholi AG, El-Said MM, Abdel-Salam NE. Combined oral prednisolone and heparin versus heparin: the effect on peripheral NK cells and clinical outcome in patients with unexplained recurrent miscarriage. A double-blind placebo randomized controlled trial. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2014;290: 757-762. | Included in review Dan 2015, included in question 16                                |
| Haas DM, Ramsey PS. Progestogen for preventing miscarriage. <i>The Cochrane database of systematic reviews</i> 2013;10: Cd003511.   | Included in chapter on treatment unexplained RPL                                    |
| Harrison RF. Treatment of habitual abortion with human chorionic gonadotropin: results of open and placebo-controlled studies. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 1985;20: 159-168.  | Included in Cochrane review Morley 2013   |
| Hasegawa I, Takakuwa K, Goto S, Yamada K, Sekizuka N, Kanazawa K, Tanaka K. Effectiveness of prednisolone/aspirin therapy for recurrent aborters with antiphospholipid antibody. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1992;7: 203-207.   | Not relevant for this question  |
| Hutton B, Sharma R, Fergusson D, Timmouth A, Hebert P, Jamieson J, Walker M. Use of intravenous immunoglobulin for treatment of recurrent miscarriage: a systematic review. <i>BJOG</i> 2007;114: 134-142.  | Included in chapter on treatment unexplained RPL                                    |
| Illeni MT, Marelli G, Parazzini F, Acaia B, Boccione L, Bontempelli M, Faden D, Fedele L, Maffei A, Radici E. Immunotherapy and recurrent abortion: a randomized clinical trial. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1994;9: 1247-1249.   | Included in meta-analysis Wong 2014, included in question 16                        |
| Jablonowska B, Selbing A, Palfi M, Ernerudh J, Kjellberg S, Lindton B. Prevention of recurrent spontaneous abortion by intravenous  | Included in review Egerup 2015- included in chapter on unexplained RPL              |

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| immunoglobulin: a double-blind placebo-controlled study. Human reproduction 1999;14: 838-841.  |   |
| Kaandorp SP, Goddijn M, van der Post JA, Hutten BA, Verhoeve HR, Hamulyak K, Mol BW, Folkeringa N, Nahuis M, Papatsonis DN et al. Aspirin plus heparin or aspirin alone in women with recurrent miscarriage. The New England journal of medicine 2010;362: 1586-1596.  | Included in meta-analysis de Jong 2014, included in question 16 |
| Kalra S, Tuli A, Choudhry R, Raheja S. Prevalence of anticardiolipin antibody IgG in recurrent first trimester abortions and the role of aspirin in its prevention. Medical science monitor : international medical journal of experimental and clinical research 2003;9: Cr213-216.   | Not relevant for this question                                  |
| Karami N, Boroujerdnia MG, Nikbakht R, Khodadadi A. Enhancement of peripheral blood CD56(dim) cell and NK cell cytotoxicity in women with recurrent spontaneous abortion or in vitro fertilization failure. Journal of reproductive immunology 2012;95: 87-92.   | Included in chapter on diagnosis                                |
| Karhukorpi J, Laitinen T, Kivela H, Tiilikainen A, Hurme M. IL-1 receptor antagonist gene polymorphism in recurrent spontaneous abortion. Journal of reproductive immunology 2003;58: 61-67.   | Not relevant for this question                                  |
| Krause M, Sonntag B, Klamroth R, Heinecke A, Scholz C, Langer C, Scharrer I, Greb RR, von Eckardstein A, Nowak-Gottl U. Lipoprotein (a) and other prothrombotic risk factors in Caucasian women with unexplained recurrent miscarriage. Results of a multicentre case-control study. Thrombosis and haemostasis 2005;93: 867-871.      | Not relevant for this question                                  |
| Kumar A, Begum N, Prasad S, Aggarwal S, Sharma S. Oral dydrogesterone treatment during early pregnancy to prevent recurrent pregnancy loss and its role in modulation of cytokine production: a double-blind, randomized, parallel, placebo-controlled trial. Fertility and sterility 2014.  | Included in chapter on treatment unexplained RPL                |
| Kutteh WH. Antiphospholipid antibody-associated recurrent pregnancy loss: treatment with heparin and low-dose aspirin is superior to low-dose aspirin alone. American journal of obstetrics and gynecology 1996;174: 1584-1589.  | Not relevant for this question                                  |
| Kutteh WH, Yetman DL, Carr AC, Beck LA, Scott RT, Jr. Increased prevalence of antithyroid antibodies identified in women with recurrent pregnancy loss but not in women undergoing assisted reproduction. Fertility and sterility 1999;71: 843-848.  | Not relevant for this question                                  |
| Kutteh WH, Yetman DL, Chantilis SJ, Crain J. Effect of antiphospholipid antibodies in women undergoing in-vitro fertilization: role of heparin and aspirin. Human reproduction (Oxford, England) 1997;12: 1171-1175.   | Not relevant for this question                                  |
| Kwak JY, Kwak FM, Ainbinder SW, Ruiz AM, Beer AE. Elevated peripheral blood natural killer cells are effectively downregulated by immunoglobulin G infusion in women with recurrent spontaneous abortions. American journal of reproductive immunology 1996;35: 363-369.   | Not relevant for this question                                  |
| Laskin CA, Spitzer KA, Clark CA, Crowther MR, Ginsberg JS, Hawker GA, Kingdom JC, Barrett J, Gent M. Low molecular weight heparin and aspirin for recurrent pregnancy loss: results from the randomized, controlled HepASA Trial. The Journal of rheumatology 2009;36: 279-287.  | Not relevant for this question                                  |
| Lund M, Nielsen HS, Hviid TV, Steffensen R, Nyboe Andersen A, Christiansen OB. Hereditary thrombophilia and recurrent pregnancy loss: a retrospective cohort study of pregnancy outcome and obstetric complications. Human reproduction 2010;25: 2978-2984.  | Not relevant for this question                                  |
| Mak A, Cheung MW, Cheak AA, Ho RC. Combination of heparin and aspirin is superior to aspirin alone in enhancing live births in patients with recurrent pregnancy loss and positive anti-phospholipid antibodies: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials and meta-regression. Rheumatology (Oxford, England) 2010;49: 281-288. | Not relevant for this question                                  |
| Mantha S, Bauer KA, Zwicker JJ. Low molecular weight heparin to achieve live birth following unexplained pregnancy loss: a systematic review. Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis : JTH 2010;8: 263-268.   | Not recurrent pregnancy loss                                    |
| Morley LC, Simpson N, Tang T. Human chorionic gonadotrophin (hCG) for preventing miscarriage. The Cochrane database of systematic reviews 2013;1: Cd008611.  | Included in question 11   |
| Mowbray JF, Gibbings C, Liddell H, Reginald PW, Underwood JL, Beard RW. Controlled trial of treatment of recurrent spontaneous abortion by immunisation with paternal cells. Lancet 1985;1: 941-943.   | Included in chapter on treatment unexplained RPL                |

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| Mueller-Eckhardt G, Mallmann P, Neppert J, Lattermann A, Melk A, Heine O, Pfeiffer R, Zingsem J, Domke N, Mohr-Pennert A. Immunogenetic and serological investigations in nonpregnant and in pregnant women with a history of recurrent spontaneous abortions. German RSA/IVIG Study Group. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1994;27: 95-109. | Included in chapter on diagnosis   |
| Neppert J, Mueller-Eckhardt G, Neumeyer H, Malchus R, Kiefel V, Gerhard I, Kuhn U, Westphal E, Harpprecht J. Pregnancy-maintaining antibodies: workshop report (Giessen, 1988). <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1989;15: 159-167.  | workshop report  |
| Nielsen HS, Wu F, Aghai Z, Steffensen R, van Halteren AG, Spierings E, Christiansen OB, Miklos D, Goulmy E. H-Y antibody titers are increased in unexplained secondary recurrent miscarriage patients and associated with low male : female ratio in subsequent live births. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2010;25: 2745-2752.                             | Included in chapter on diagnosis   |
| Ober C, Karrison T, Odem RR, Barnes RB, Branch DW, Stephenson MD, Baron B, Walker MA, Scott JR, Schreiber JR. Mononuclear-cell immunisation in prevention of recurrent miscarriages: a randomised trial. <i>Lancet</i> 1999;354: 365-369.  | Included in meta-analysis Wong 2014, included in question 16   |
| Ogasawara MS, Aoki K, Katano K, Ozaki Y, Suzumori K. Factor XII but not protein C, protein S, antithrombin III, or factor XIII is a predictor of recurrent miscarriage. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2001;75: 916-919.   | Not treatment  |
| Opatrny L, David M, Kahn SR, Shrier I, Rey E. Association between antiphospholipid antibodies and recurrent fetal loss in women without autoimmune disease: a metaanalysis. <i>The Journal of rheumatology</i> 2006;33: 2214-2221.   | Not treatment  |
| Pandey MK, Agrawal S. Induction of MLR-Bf and protection of fetal loss: a current double blind randomized trial of paternal lymphocyte immunization for women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>International immunopharmacology</i> 2004;4: 289-298.  | Included in meta-analysis Wong 2014, included in question 16   |
| Pandey MK, Thakur S, Agrawal S. Lymphocyte immunotherapy and its probable mechanism in the maintenance of pregnancy in women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2004;269: 161-172.  | Not relevant for this question   |
| Pattison NS, Chamley LW, Birdsall M, Zanderigo AM, Liddell HS, McDougall J. Does aspirin have a role in improving pregnancy outcome for women with the antiphospholipid syndrome? A randomized controlled trial. <i>American journal of obstetrics and gynecology</i> 2000;183: 1008-1012.   | Not relevant for this question   |
| Perino A, Vassiliadis A, Vucetich A, Colacurci N, Menato G, Cignitti M, Semprini AE. Short-term therapy for recurrent abortion using intravenous immunoglobulins: results of a double-blind placebo-controlled Italian study. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1997;12: 2388-2392.  | Included in review Egerup 2015- included in chapter on unexplained RPL                                   |
| Perricone R, De Carolis C, Giacomelli R, Guarino MD, De Sanctis G, Fontana L. GM-CSF and pregnancy: evidence of significantly reduced blood concentrations in unexplained recurrent abortion efficiently reverted by intravenous immunoglobulin treatment. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2003;50: 232-237.                        | Irrelevant outcome measure. Changes in GM-CSF in plasma after Ivlg to RM patients, No untreated controls |
| Perricone R, De Carolis C, Kroegler B, Greco E, Giacomelli R, Cipriani P, Fontana L, Perricone C. Intravenous immunoglobulin therapy in pregnant patients affected with systemic lupus erythematosus and recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Rheumatology (Oxford, England)</i> 2008;47: 646-651.   | Not relevant for this question - SLE   |
| Petri M, Golbus M, Anderson R, Whiting-O'Keefe Q, Corash L, Hellmann D. Antinuclear antibody, lupus anticoagulant, and anticardiolipin antibody in women with idiopathic habitual abortion. A controlled, prospective study of forty-four women. <i>Arthritis Rheum</i> 1987;30: 601-606.  | Not relevant for this question   |
| Quenby S, Kalumbi C, Bates M, Farquharson R, Vince G. Prednisolone reduces preconceptual endometrial natural killer cells in women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2005;84: 980-984.  | Included in chapter on diagnosis   |
| Rai R, Cohen H, Dave M, Regan L. Randomised controlled trial of aspirin and aspirin plus heparin in pregnant women with recurrent miscarriage associated with phospholipid antibodies (or antiphospholipid antibodies). <i>BMJ</i> 1997;314: 253-257.  | Not relevant for this question   |

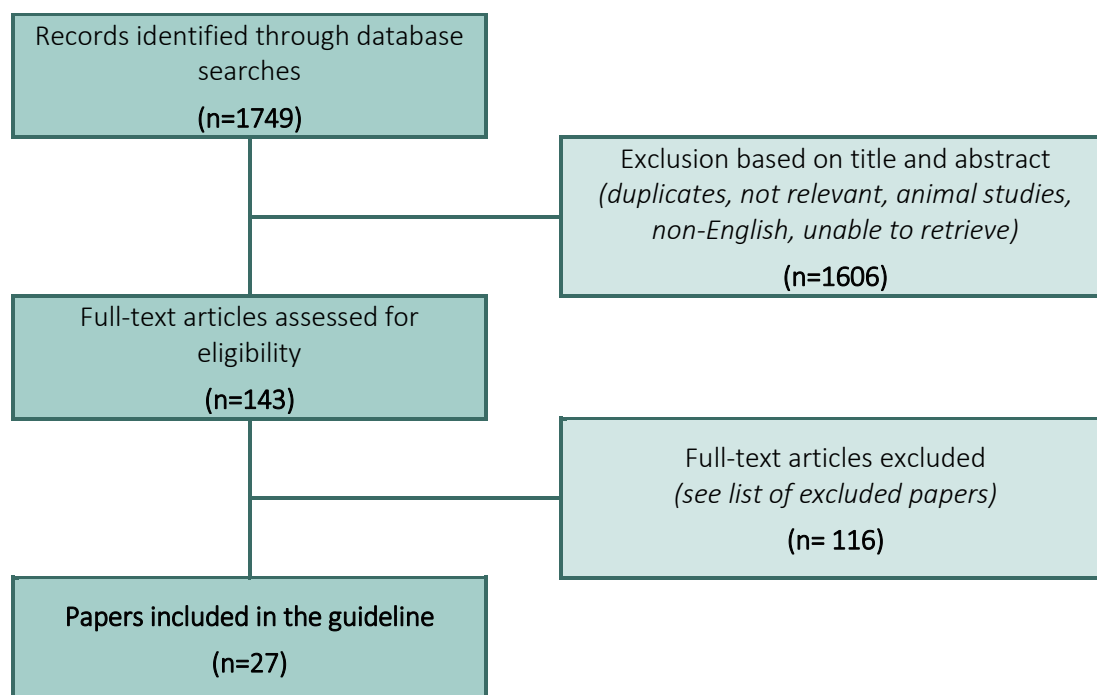


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| Ramhorst R, Agriello E, Zittermann S, Pando M, Larriba J, Irigoyen M, Cortelezzi M, Auge L, Lombardi E, Etchepareborda JJ et al. Is the paternal mononuclear cells' immunization a successful treatment for recurrent spontaneous abortion? American journal of reproductive immunology 2000;44: 129-135.                             | Not relevant for this question   |
| Russell P, Anderson L, Lieberman D, Tremellen K, Yilmaz H, Cheerala B, Sacks G. The distribution of immune cells and macrophages in the endometrium of women with recurrent reproductive failure I: Techniques. Journal of reproductive immunology 2011;91: 90-102.   | not treatment  |
| Russu M, Stanculescu R, Nastasia S, Paun M, Mubarak N, Marin JA, Lachanas I. Pregnancy outcomes following preconception, early and late administration of vaginal micronized progesterone for recurrent pregnancy loss Ginecologo. 2009, pp. 10-15.   | Not relevant for this question   |
| Scarpellini F, Sbracia M. Use of granulocyte colony-stimulating factor for the treatment of unexplained recurrent miscarriage: a randomised controlled trial. Human reproduction 2009;24: 2703-2708.  | Included in chapter on treatment unexplained RPL                       |
| Steck T, Giess R, Suetterlin MW, Bolland M, Wiest S, Poehls UG, Dietl J. Leukaemia inhibitory factor (LIF) gene mutations in women with unexplained infertility and recurrent failure of implantation after IVF and embryo transfer. European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology 2004;112: 69-73.            | Not relevant for this question   |
| Steffensen R, Christiansen OB, Bennett EP, Jersild C. HLA-E polymorphism in patients with recurrent spontaneous abortion. Tissue antigens 1998;52: 569-572.   | Not relevant for this question   |
| Stephenson MD, Dreher K, Houlihan E, Wu V. Prevention of unexplained recurrent spontaneous abortion using intravenous immunoglobulin: a prospective, randomized, double-blinded, placebo-controlled trial. American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989) 1998;39: 82-88.  | Included in review Egerup 2015- included in chapter on unexplained RPL |
| Stephenson MD, Kutteh WH, Purkiss S, Librach C, Schultz P, Houlihan E, Liao C. Intravenous immunoglobulin and idiopathic secondary recurrent miscarriage: a multicentered randomized placebo-controlled trial. Human reproduction (Oxford, England) 2010;25: 2203-2209.   | Included in review Egerup 2015- included in chapter on unexplained RPL |
| Stern C, Chamley L, Hale L, Kloss M, Speirs A, Baker HW. Antibodies to beta2 glycoprotein I are associated with in vitro fertilization implantation failure as well as recurrent miscarriage: results of a prevalence study. Fertility and sterility 1998;70: 938-944.  | Non-systematic review  |
| Stern JJ, Coulam CB. Current status of immunologic recurrent pregnancy loss. Current opinion in obstetrics & gynecology 1993;5: 252-259.  | Non-systematic review  |
| Su MT, Lin SH, Chen YC. Association of sex hormone receptor gene polymorphisms with recurrent pregnancy loss: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Fertility and sterility 2011;96: 1435-1444.e1431.  | Not relevant for this question   |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Ozaki Y, Sonta S, Makino T, Suzumori K. Exposure to bisphenol A is associated with recurrent miscarriage. Human reproduction 2005;20: 2325-2329.   | Not relevant for this question   |
| Tebo AE, Jaskowski TD, Hill HR, Branch DW. Clinical relevance of multiple antibody specificity testing in anti-phospholipid syndrome and recurrent pregnancy loss. Clinical and experimental immunology 2008;154: 332-338.  | Not relevant for this question   |
| Triolo G, Ferrante A, Ciccio F, Accardo-Palumbo A, Perino A, Castelli A, Giarratano A, Licata G. Randomized study of subcutaneous low molecular weight heparin plus aspirin versus intravenous immunoglobulin in the treatment of recurrent fetal loss associated with antiphospholipid antibodies. Arthritis Rheum 2003;48: 728-731. | Included in review Egerup 2015- included in chapter on unexplained RPL |
| Tuuppala M, Marttunen M, Soderstrom-Anttila V, Foudila T, Ailus K, Palosuo T, Ylikorkala O. Low-dose aspirin in prevention of miscarriage in women with unexplained or autoimmune related recurrent miscarriage: effect on prostacyclin and thromboxane A2 production. Human reproduction 1997;12: 1567-1572.                         | Included in review de Jong 2014; included in question 16               |
| Umapathy S, Shankarkumar A, Ramrakhiyani V, Ghosh K. Role of anti-human lymphocyte culture cytotoxic antibodies in recurrent spontaneous pregnancy loss women. Journal of human reproductive sciences 2011;4: 17-19.  | Not relevant for this question   |

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| Unander AM, Norberg R, Arfors L, Enskog A, Haeger M, Lindholm A, Robbins D, Siosteen C, Soderstrom T, Stigendal L et al. Opinions on treatment of women with habitual abortion based on investigations for blocking antibody and autoantibodies. American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989) 1991;26: 32-37. | Non-systematic review                            |
| van den Boogaard E, Vissenberg R, Land JA, van Wely M, van der Post JA, Goddijn M, Bisschop PH. Significance of (sub)clinical thyroid dysfunction and thyroid autoimmunity before conception and in early pregnancy: a systematic review. Human reproduction update 2011;17: 605-619.  | Not relevant for this question                   |
| Vaquero E, Lazzarin N, De Carolis C, Valensise H, Moretti C, Ramanini C. Mild thyroid abnormalities and recurrent spontaneous abortion: diagnostic and therapeutical approach. American journal of reproductive immunology 2000;43: 204-208.   | Discussed in question 11                         |
| Visser J, Ulander VM, Helmerhorst FM, Lampinen K, Morin-Papunen L, Bloemenkamp KW, Kaaja RJ. Thromboprophylaxis for recurrent miscarriage in women with or without thrombophilia. HABENOX: a randomised multicentre trial. Thrombosis and haemostasis 2011;105: 295-301.   | Not relevant for this question                   |
| Wong L, Porter T, Jesus G. Recurrent early pregnancy loss and antiphospholipid antibodies: where do we stand? Lupus 2014;23: 1226-1228.  | Non-systematic review                            |
| Wong LF, Porter TF, Scott JR. Immunotherapy for recurrent miscarriage. The Cochrane database of systematic reviews 2014;10: Cd000112.  | Included in chapter on treatment unexplained RPL |
| Zhang B, Liu T, Wang Z. Association of tumor necrosis factor- $\alpha$ gene promoter polymorphisms (-308G/A, -238G/A) with recurrent spontaneous abortion: a meta-analysis. Human immunology 2012;73: 574-579.   | Included in chapter on diagnosis                 |
| Ziakas PD, Pavlou M, Voulgarelis M. Heparin treatment in antiphospholipid syndrome with recurrent pregnancy loss: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Obstetrics and gynecology 2010;115: 1256-1262.  | Not relevant for this question                   |

## 16. WHICH THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS SHOULD BE OFFERED TO PATIENTS WITH UNEXPLAINED RPL TO INCREASE LIVE BIRTH RATE?

### Flowchart



### List of excluded papers

| EXCLUSION CRITERIA   |  |
|--|--|
| Agrawal S, Kishore R, Halder A, Sharma A, Sharma RK, Das V, Shukla BR, Agarwal SS. Outcome of pregnancy in women with recurrent spontaneous abortion following immunotherapy with allogeneic lymphocytes. Human reproduction 1995;10: 2280-2284.                                     | Non-randomised study of outcome in LIT treated RM patients who produced or did not produce blocking antibodies after LIT |
| Agrawal S, Pandey MK, Pandey A. Prevalence of MLR blocking antibodies before and after immunotherapy. Journal of hematotherapy & stem cell research 2000;9: 257-262.   | Irrelevant outcome measure: level. of block abs  |
| Amin AF, Shaaban OM, Bediahy MA. N-acetyl cysteine for treatment of recurrent unexplained pregnancy loss. Reproductive biomedicine online 2008;17: 722-726.  | No randomization or blinding in the two cohorts  |
| Ata B, Tan SL, Shehata F, Holzer H, Buckett W. A systematic review of intravenous immunoglobulin for treatment of unexplained recurrent miscarriage. Fertility and sterility 2011;95: 1080-1085.e1081-1082.  | Questions on the criteria for inclusion and exclusion of RCTs  |
| Badawy AM, Khiary M, Sherif LS, Hassan M, Ragab A, Abdelall I. Low-molecular weight heparin in patients with recurrent early miscarriages of unknown aetiology. Journal of obstetrics and gynaecology : the journal of the Institute of Obstetrics and Gynaecology 2008;28: 280-284. | Included in meta-analysis de Jong 2014   |
| Balasch J, Creus M, Fabregues F, Civico S, Carmona F, Martorell J, Vanrell JA. In-vitro fertilization treatment for unexplained recurrent abortion: a pilot study. Human reproduction 1996;11: 1579-1582.  | Very small study, inadequate control group   |
| Bernardi LA, Cohen RN, Stephenson MD. Impact of subclinical hypothyroidism in women with recurrent early pregnancy loss. Fertility and sterility 2013;100: 1326-1331.  | Thyroxine treatment, discussed in question 11  |



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| Betts D, Smith CA, Hannah DG. Acupuncture as a therapeutic treatment option for threatened miscarriage. <i>BMC complementary and alternative medicine</i> 2012;12: 20.  | Non-systematic review  |
| Carp HJ, Ahiron R, Mashiach S, Schonfeld Y, Gazit E, Toder V. Intravenous immunoglobulin in women with five or more abortions. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> (New York, NY : 1989) 1996;35: 360-362.   | Pilot study of Ivlg to 10 patients with 5 or more miscarriages. No controls                              |
| Carp HJ, Ben-Shlomo I, Toder V, Nebel L, Mashiach S. Congenital malformations after immunotherapy for habitual abortion: is there an increase? <i>Gynecologic and obstetric investigation</i> 1993;36: 198-201.   | Study of fetal malformations in 180 pts after LIT and 85 pts who chose not to get LIT                    |
| Carp HJ, Toder V, Gazit E, Ahiron R, Torchinski A, Mashiach S, Shoenfeld Y. Further experience with intravenous immunoglobulin in women with recurrent miscarriage and a poor prognosis. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2001;46: 268-273.   | No randomization or blinding   |
| Carp HJ. Recurrent miscarriage and hCG supplementation: a review and metaanalysis. <i>Gynecological endocrinology</i> 2010;26: 712-716.   | Non-systematic review  |
| Christiansen OB, Mathiesen O, Husth M, Rasmussen KL, Ingerslev HJ, Lauritsen JG, Grunnet N. Placebo-controlled trial of treatment of unexplained secondary recurrent spontaneous abortions and recurrent late spontaneous abortions with i.v. immunoglobulin. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1995;10: 2690-2695.   | Included in review Egerup 2015   |
| Christiansen OB, Mathiesen O, Lauritsen JG, Grunnet N. Intravenous immunoglobulin treatment of women with multiple miscarriages. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1992;7: 718-722.   | Small cohort of Ivlg treated RM patients   |
| Christiansen OB, Pedersen B, Rosgaard A, Husth M. A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial of intravenous immunoglobulin in the prevention of recurrent miscarriage: evidence for a therapeutic effect in women with secondary recurrent miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2002;17: 809-816. | Included in review Egerup 2015   |
| Clark DA, Coulam CB, Daya S, Chaouat G. Unexplained sporadic and recurrent miscarriage in the new millennium: a critical analysis of immune mechanisms and treatments. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 2001;7: 501-511.  | non-systematic review  |
| Clark DA. Cell-surface CD200 may predict efficacy of paternal mononuclear leukocyte immunotherapy in treatment of human recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2009;61: 75-84.  | Comparison of LBR in RM patients in relation to number of CD200+ cells injected by LIT. No control group |
| Clark P, Walker ID, Langhorne P, Crichton L, Thomson A, Greaves M, Whyte S, Greer IA. SPIN (Scottish Pregnancy Intervention) study: a multicenter, randomized controlled trial of low-molecular-weight heparin and low-dose aspirin in women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Blood</i> 2010;115: 4162-4167.    | Included in meta-analysis de Jong 2014   |
| Coomarasamy A, Truchanowicz EG, Rai R. Does first trimester progesterone prophylaxis increase the live birth rate in women with unexplained recurrent miscarriages? <i>BMJ</i> 2011;342: d1914.   | Most included studies old and low quality  |
| Coulam CB, Acacio B. Does immunotherapy for treatment of reproductive failure enhance live births? <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2012;67: 296-304.   | Non-systematic review  |
| Coulam CB, Krysa L, Stern JJ, Bustillo M. Intravenous immunoglobulin for treatment of recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1995;34: 333-337.  | Included in review Egerup 2015   |
| Coulam CB, Stephenson M, Stern JJ, Clark DA. Immunotherapy for recurrent pregnancy loss: analysis of results from clinical trials. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1996;35: 352-359.   | Review referring to older SRs on LIT and an older RCT on Ivlg  |
| Coulam CB, Stern JJ, Bustillo M. Ultrasonographic findings of pregnancy losses after treatment for recurrent pregnancy loss: intravenous immunoglobulin versus placebo. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1994;61: 248-251.  | Not a RCT and outcome is not relevant to search outcome (Blighted ovum or IUFD)                          |
| Cowchock FS, Smith JB. Fertility among women with recurrent spontaneous abortions--the effect of paternal cell immunization treatment. <i>Am J Reprod Immunol</i> 1995;33: 176-181.   | Comparing LIT before conception with LIT after conception. Irrelevant outcome                            |
| Creus M, Calafell JM, Civico S, Fabregues F, Carmona F, Vanrell JA, Balasch J. Materno-fetal immunogenetic disparity: the biological basis for in vitro fertilization treatment in patients with unexplained recurrent abortion? <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2003;50: 420-426.         | Invalid comparison   |
| Dan S, Wei W, Yichao S, Hongbo C, Shenmin Y, Jiaxiong W, Hong L. Effect of Prednisolone Administration on Patients with Unexplained Recurrent   | Inappropriate inclusion of data Tang 2009-2013   |

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| Miscarriage and in Routine Intracytoplasmic Sperm Injection: A Meta-Analysis. <i>Am J Reprod Immunol</i> 2015;74: 89-97.  |   |
| Daya S, Gunby J, Clark DA. Intravenous immunoglobulin therapy for recurrent spontaneous abortion: a meta-analysis. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1998;39: 69-76.   | More recent systematic review available   |
| Daya S, Gunby J, Porter F, Scott J, Clark DA. Critical analysis of intravenous immunoglobulin therapy for recurrent miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 1999;5: 475-482.  | More recent systematic review available   |
| Daya S, Gunby J. The effectiveness of allogeneic leukocyte immunization in unexplained primary recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Recurrent Miscarriage Immunotherapy Trialists Group. American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1994;32: 294-302.  | recent systematic review available  |
| Deligiannidis A, Parapanisou E, Mavroudi A, Papastavrou T. Neonatal thrombocytopenia as side effect of immunotherapy for recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2007;57: 167-168.   | Case report emphasizing the potential risk of LIT   |
| Di Nisio M, Peters L, Middeldorp S. Anticoagulants for the treatment of recurrent pregnancy loss in women without antiphospholipid syndrome. <i>The Cochrane database of systematic reviews</i> 2005: Cd004734.   | Outdated Cochrane review  |
| Di Renzo GC, Giardina I, Clerici G, Mattei A, Alajmi AH, Gerli S. The role of progesterone in maternal and fetal medicine. <i>Gynecological endocrinology</i> 2012;28: 925-932.   | Non-systematic review   |
| Dolitzky M, Inbal A, Segal Y, Weiss A, Brenner B, Carp H. A randomized study of thromboprophylaxis in women with unexplained consecutive recurrent miscarriages. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2006;86: 362-366.   | Included in meta-analysis de Jong 2014  |
| Duckitt K, Qureshi A. Recurrent miscarriage. <i>Clinical evidence</i> 2011;2011.  | Review not up-to-date, last research in Jan 2010  |
| El-Far M, El-Motwally Ael G, Hashem IA, Bakry N. Biochemical role of intravaginal sildenafil citrate as a novel antiabortive agent in unexplained recurrent spontaneous miscarriage: first clinical study of four case reports from Egypt. <i>Clinical chemistry and laboratory medicine : CCLM / FESCC</i> 2009;47: 1433-1438.                         | 4 cases treated with sildenafil   |
| Elmahashi MO, Elbareg AM, Essadi FM, Ashur BM, Adam I. Low dose aspirin and low-molecular-weight heparin in the treatment of pregnant Libyan women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>BMC research notes</i> 2014;7: 23.  | Late start of treatment   |
| El-Zibdeh MY. Dydrogesterone in the reduction of recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>The Journal of steroid biochemistry and molecular biology</i> 2005;97: 431-434.   | Included in meta-analysis Haas 2013   |
| Fawzy M, Shokeir T, El-Tatongy M, Warda O, El-Refaiey AA, Mosbah A. Treatment options and pregnancy outcome in women with idiopathic recurrent miscarriage: a randomized placebo-controlled study. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2008;278: 33-38.  | Included in meta-analysis de Jong 2014  |
| Gatenby PA, Cameron K, Simes RJ, Adelstein S, Bennett MJ, Jansen RP, Shearman RP, Stewart GJ, Whittle M, Doran TJ. Treatment of recurrent spontaneous abortion by immunization with paternal lymphocytes: results of a controlled trial. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1993;29: 88-94.   | Included in meta-analysis Wong 2014   |
| Gharesifard B, Zolghadri J, Foroughinia L, Tavazoo F, Samsami Dehaghani A. Effectiveness of leukocyte immunotherapy in primary recurrent spontaneous abortion (RSA). <i>Iranian journal of immunology</i> :2007;4: 173-178.   | Non randomized comparison of outcome in LIT treated and non-LIT treated RM patients                   |
| Ghosh S, Chattopadhyay R, Goswami S, Chaudhury K, Chakravarty B, Ganesh A. Assessment of sub-endometrial blood flow parameters following dydrogesterone and micronized vaginal progesterone administration in women with idiopathic recurrent miscarriage: a pilot study. <i>The journal of obstetrics and gynaecology research</i> 2014;40: 1871-1876. | Comparisons of two different ways of administration is not relevant.<br>No info about treatment start |
| Giancotti A, La Torre R, Spagnuolo A, D'Ambrosio V, Cerekja A, Piazze J, Chistolini A. Efficacy of three different antithrombotic regimens on pregnancy outcome in pregnant women affected by recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>The journal of maternal-fetal &amp; neonatal medicine</i> 2012;25: 1191-1194.  | Included in meta-analysis de Jong 2014  |

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| Gilman-Sachs A, Harris D, Beer A, Beaman KD. Inhibition of binding of anti-CD3 antibodies to paternal lymphocytes correlates with failure of immunotherapy for treatment of recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1990;17: 41-51.                                     | Study of the predictive value of two color flow cytometry cross match abs. after LIT in 34 RM patients   |
| Go KJ, Patel JC, Cunningham DL. The role of assisted reproductive technology in the management of recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Current opinion in endocrinology, diabetes, and obesity</i> 2009;16: 459-463.   | non-systematic review  |
| Gris JC, Neveu S, Tailland ML, Courtieu C, Mares P, Schved JF. Use of a low-molecular weight heparin (enoxaparin) or of a phenformin-like substance (moroxydine chloride) in primary early recurrent aborters with an impaired fibrinolytic capacity. <i>Thrombosis and haemostasis</i> 1995;73: 362-367.  | Patients selected due to presence of fibrinolytic disturbances   |
| Gris JC. LMWH have no place in recurrent pregnancy loss: debate-against the motion. <i>Thrombosis research</i> 2011;127 Suppl 3: S110-112.   | Debate, no new results   |
| Harrison RF. Human chorionic gonadotrophin (hCG) in the management of recurrent abortion; results of a multi-centre placebo-controlled study. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 1992;47: 175-179.  | Included in Cochrane review Morley 2013  |
| Harrison RF. Treatment of habitual abortion with human chorionic gonadotropin: results of open and placebo-controlled studies. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 1985;20: 159-168.   | Included in Cochrane review Morley 2013  |
| Heine O, Mueller-Eckhardt G. Intravenous immune globulin in recurrent abortion. <i>Clinical and experimental immunology</i> 1994;97 Suppl 1: 39-42.  | Non-systematic review  |
| Hirahara F, Andoh N, Sawai K, Hirabuki T, Uemura T, Minaguchi H. Hyperprolactinemic recurrent miscarriage and results of randomized bromocriptine treatment trials. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1998;70: 246-252.   | Included in question 11 (hyperprolactinemia)   |
| Hussain M, El-Hakim S, Cahill DJ. Progesterone supplementation in women with otherwise unexplained recurrent miscarriages. <i>Journal of human reproductive sciences</i> 2012;5: 248-251.  | The two groups are too different to allow valid comparisons  |
| Illeni MT, Marelli G, Parazzini F, Acaia B, Boccione L, Bontempelli M, Faden D, Fedele L, Maffei A, Radici E. Immunotherapy and recurrent abortion: a randomized clinical trial. <i>Human reproduction (Oxford, England)</i> 1994;9: 1247-1249.  | Included in meta-analysis Wong 2014  |
| Jablonowska B, Palfi M, Matthiesen L, Selbing A, Kjellberg S, Ernerudh J. T and B lymphocyte subsets in patients with unexplained recurrent spontaneous abortion: IVIG versus placebo treatment. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2002;48: 312-318.                                      | Irrelevant outcome measure: changes in T and B lymphocytes   |
| Jablonowska B, Selbing A, Palfi M, Ernerudh J, Kjellberg S, Lindton B. Prevention of recurrent spontaneous abortion by intravenous immunoglobulin: a double-blind placebo-controlled study. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1999;14: 838-841.  | Included in review Egerup 2015   |
| Jong PG, Kaandorp SP, Nisio M, Goddijn M, Middeldorp S. Aspirin or anticoagulants not effective for treating recurrent miscarriage in women without antiphospholipid syndrome: An updated systematic review. <i>Human reproduction</i> . 2013, pp. i143-i144.  | Conference abstract  |
| Kaandorp S, Di Nisio M, Goddijn M, Middeldorp S. Aspirin or anticoagulants for treating recurrent miscarriage in women without antiphospholipid syndrome. <i>The Cochrane database of systematic reviews</i> 2009: Cd004734.   | Outdated Cochrane review   |
| Kaandorp SP, Goddijn M, van der Post JA, Hutten BA, Verhoeve HR, Hamulyak K, Mol BW, Folkeringa N, Nahuis M, Papatsonis DN et al. Aspirin plus heparin or aspirin alone in women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>The New England journal of medicine</i> 2010;362: 1586-1596.                               | Included in meta-analysis de Jong 2014   |
| Katano K, Ogasawara M, Aoyama T, Ozaki Y, Kajiura S, Aoki K. Clinical trial of immunostimulation with a biological response modifier in unexplained recurrent spontaneous abortion patients. <i>Journal of clinical immunology</i> 1997;17: 472-477.   | Comparison of 23 RM injected with killed streptococcal preparation due to high NK activity, compared with 205 patients who got LIT. No random allocation |
| Kheshtchin N, Gharagozloo M, Andalib A, Ghahiri A, Maracy MR, Rezaei A. The expression of Th1- and Th2-related chemokine receptors in women with recurrent miscarriage: the impact of lymphocyte immunotherapy. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989)</i> 2010;64: 104-112. | Irrelevant outcome measure: change of T-cell receptors after LIT, nothing about pregnancy outcome  |

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| Khonina NA, Broitman EV, Shevela EY, Pasman NM, Chernykh ER. Mixed lymphocyte reaction blocking factors (MLR-Bf) as potential biomarker for indication and efficacy of paternal lymphocyte immunization in recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2013;288: 933-937.                                     | Only comparison of LBR in RM patients with and without blocking antibody. No testing of LIT             |
| Kwak JY, Kwak FM, Ainbinder SW, Ruiz AM, Beer AE. Elevated peripheral blood natural killer cells are effectively downregulated by immunoglobulin G infusion in women with recurrent spontaneous abortions. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1996;35: 363-369.  | Irrelevant outcome measure: CD56+ NK cells in RM pts. before and after Ivlg                             |
| Lash GE, Bulmer JN, Innes BA, Drury JA, Robson SC, Quenby S. Prednisolone treatment reduces endometrial spiral artery development in women with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Angiogenesis</i> 2011;14: 523-532.   | Irrelevant outcome measure: measurements of change in vascular smooth muscle cells from the endometrium |
| Lazzarin N, Vaquero E, Exacoustos C, Bertonotti E, Romanini ME, Arduini D. Low-dose aspirin and omega-3 fatty acids improve uterine artery blood flow velocity in women with recurrent miscarriage due to impaired uterine perfusion. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2009;92: 296-300.   | Irrelevant Outcome: Uterine perfusion. Not pregnancy outcome.   |
| Li L, Dou L, Leung Ping C, Chung Tony Kwok H, Wang Chi C. Chinese herbal medicines for unexplained recurrent miscarriage <i>Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews</i> . 2013. John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.  | Protocol for SR of Chinese herbal medicine, no results  |
| Li L, Dou LX, Neilson JP, Leung PC, Wang CC. Adverse outcomes of Chinese medicines used for threatened miscarriage: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 2012;18: 504-524.  | Irrelevant patient group (threatened miscarriage)   |
| Malinowski A, Prochowska A, Banasik M, Wilczynski J, Szpakowski M, Zeman K, Oszukowski P, Lerch E. Clinical and immunological condition of newborns of mothers treated for recurrent spontaneous abortions with paternal lymphocytes immunization. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 1997;73: 55-61. | no data usable for evaluating treatment effect  |
| Mantha S, Bauer KA, Zwicker JI. Low molecular weight heparin to achieve live birth following unexplained pregnancy loss: a systematic review. <i>Journal of thrombosis and haemostasis</i> : JTH 2010;8: 263-268.  | Not recurrent pregnancy loss  |
| Maruyama T, Makino T, Iwasaki K, Sugi T, Saito S, Umeuchi M, Ozawa N, Matsubayashi H, Nozawa S. The influence of intravenous immunoglobulin treatment on maternal immunity in women with unexplained recurrent miscarriage. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989)</i> 1994;31: 7-18.                            | Case series of 8 patients   |
| Miyashita Y, Waguri M, Nakanishi I, Suehara N, Fujita T. Successful pregnancy with low molecular weight heparin in two women with recurrent miscarriage of unknown etiology. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology (New York, NY : 1989)</i> 2003;49: 90-92.  | 2 cases only  |
| Monien S, Kadecki O, Baumgarten S, Salama A, Dorner T, Kiesewetter H. Use of heparin in women with early and late miscarriages with and without thrombophilia. <i>Clinical and applied thrombosis</i> 2009;15: 636-644.  | No control group or randomisation   |
| Morikawa M, Yamada H, Kato EH, Shimada S, Kishi T, Yamada T, Kobashi G, Fujimoto S. Massive intravenous immunoglobulin treatment in women with four or more recurrent spontaneous abortions of unexplained etiology: down-regulation of NK cell activity and subsets. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2001;46: 399-404.     | Case series of 14 patients, no controls   |
| Morikawa M, Yamada H, Kato EH, Shimada S, Sakuragi N, Fujimoto S, Minakami H. Live birth rate varies with gestational history and etiology in women experiencing recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 2003;109: 21-26.  | Massive Ivlg treatment compared with LDA or luteal support in a non-randomised trial in RM              |
| Morley LC, Simpson N, Tang T. Human chorionic gonadotrophin (hCG) for preventing miscarriage. <i>The Cochrane database of systematic reviews</i> 2013;1: Cd008611.   | Included in question 11   |
| Mueller-Eckhardt G. Immunotherapy with intravenous immunoglobulin for prevention of recurrent pregnancy loss: European experience. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1994;32: 281-285.  | Combined review of one RCT and some pilot studies of Ivlg   |
| Munne S, Chen S, Fischer J, Colls P, Zheng X, Stevens J, Escudero T, Oter M, Schoolcraft B, Simpson JL et al. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis reduces pregnancy loss in women aged 35 years and older with a history of recurrent miscarriages. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2005;84: 331-335.   | Invalid comparison  |



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| Nonaka T, Takakuwa K, Ooki I, Akashi M, Yokoo T, Kikuchi A, Tanaka K. Results of immunotherapy for patients with unexplained primary recurrent abortions—prospective non-randomized cohort study. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> (New York, NY : 1989) 2007;58: 530-536.  | Comparison of LBR in RM pts without block abs. who got LIT, untreated pts with block abs. and pts who did not want LIT |
| Ober C, Karrison T, Odem RR, Barnes RB, Branch DW, Stephenson MD, Baron B, Walker MA, Scott JR, Schreiber JR. Mononuclear-cell immunisation in prevention of recurrent miscarriages: a randomised trial. <i>Lancet</i> 1999;354: 365-369.   | Included in meta-analysis Wong 2014  |
| Pang LH, Li MJ, Li M, Xu H, Wei ZL. Not every subseptate uterus requires surgical correction to reduce poor reproductive outcome. <i>International journal of gynaecology and obstetrics</i> 2011;115: 260-263.   | Not relevant for this question   |
| Perino A, Vassiliadis A, Vucetich A, Colacurci N, Menato G, Cignitti M, Semprini AE. Short-term therapy for recurrent abortion using intravenous immunoglobulins: results of a double-blind placebo-controlled Italian study. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1997;12: 2388-2392.   | Included in review Egerup 2015   |
| Perricone R, De Carolis C, Giacomelli R, Guarino MD, De Sanctis G, Fontana L. GM-CSF and pregnancy: evidence of significantly reduced blood concentrations in unexplained recurrent abortion efficiently reverted by intravenous immunoglobulin treatment. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> (New York, NY : 1989) 2003;50: 232-237. | Irrelevant outcome measure. Changes in GM-CSF in plasma after Ivlg to RM patients, No untreated controls               |
| Price M, Kelsberg G, Safranek S, Damitz B. Clinical inquiries. What treatments prevent miscarriage after recurrent pregnancy loss? <i>The Journal of family practice</i> 2005;54: 892, 894.   | Non-systematic review  |
| Quenby S, Farquharson RG. Human chorionic gonadotropin supplementation in recurring pregnancy loss: a controlled trial. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1994;62: 708-710.  | Included in Cochrane review Morley 2013  |
| Raziel A, Herman A, Bukovsky I, Caspi E, Ron-el R. Intravenous immunoglobulin treatment of pregnant patients with unexplained recurrent abortions. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1996;11: 711-715.  | Small review of case-series  |
| Raziel A, Herman A, Strassburger D, Soffer Y, Bukovsky I, Ron-El R. The outcome of in vitro fertilization in unexplained habitual aborters concurrent with secondary infertility. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1997;67: 88-92.  | No new information   |
| Remohi J, Gallardo E, Levy M, Valbuena D, de los Santos MJ, Simon C, Pellicer A. Oocyte donation in women with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1996;11: 2048-2051.  | oocyte donation for unexplained RM   |
| Reznikoff-Etievant MF, Cayol V, Zou GM, Abuaf N, Robert A, Johanet C, Milliez J. Habitual abortions in 678 healthy patients: investigation and prevention. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1999;14: 2106-2109.  | Quality unacceptable   |
| Rigal D, Vermot-Desroches C, Heitz S, Bernaud J, Alfonsi F, Monier JC. Effects of intravenous immunoglobulins (IVIG) on peripheral blood B, NK, and T cell subpopulations in women with recurrent spontaneous abortions: specific effects on LFA-1 and CD56 molecules. <i>Clinical immunology and immunopathology</i> 1994;71: 309-314.               | Case series of 13 RM patients treated with Ivlg  |
| Robinson CJ. Aspirin alone or combined with nadroparin did not increase live birth rates in women with unexplained recurrent miscarriage: Commentary <i>Annals of internal medicine</i> . 2010, pp. Jc47.   | Summary of the study by Kaandorp et al NEJM 2010   |
| Salman SA, Shaaban OM, Zahran KM, Fathalla MM, Anan MA. Low molecular weight heparin (LMWH) for treatment of recurrent miscarriage negatively tested for anti phospholipid antibodies: A randomized controlled trial <i>Fertility and sterility</i> . 2012, pp. S191.   | Conference abstract  |
| Scott JR, Pattison N. Human chorionic gonadotrophin for recurrent miscarriage. <i>The Cochrane database of systematic reviews</i> 2000: Cd000101.   | Outdated Cochrane review   |
| Siklosi GS, Banhidy FG, Acs N. Fundamental role of folliculo-luteal function in recurrent miscarriage. <i>Archives of gynecology and obstetrics</i> 2012;286: 1299-1305.  | Unclear how patients and pregnancies with insuff progesterone in the placebo group were handled                        |
| Stephenson MD, Dreher K, Houlihan E, Wu V. Prevention of unexplained recurrent spontaneous abortion using intravenous immunoglobulin: a prospective, randomized, double-blinded, placebo-controlled trial. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 1998;39: 82-88.   | Included in review Egerup 2015   |
| Stephenson MD, Kutteh WH, Purkiss S, Librach C, Schultz P, Houlihan E, Liao C. Intravenous immunoglobulin and idiopathic secondary recurrent  | Included in review Egerup 2015   |

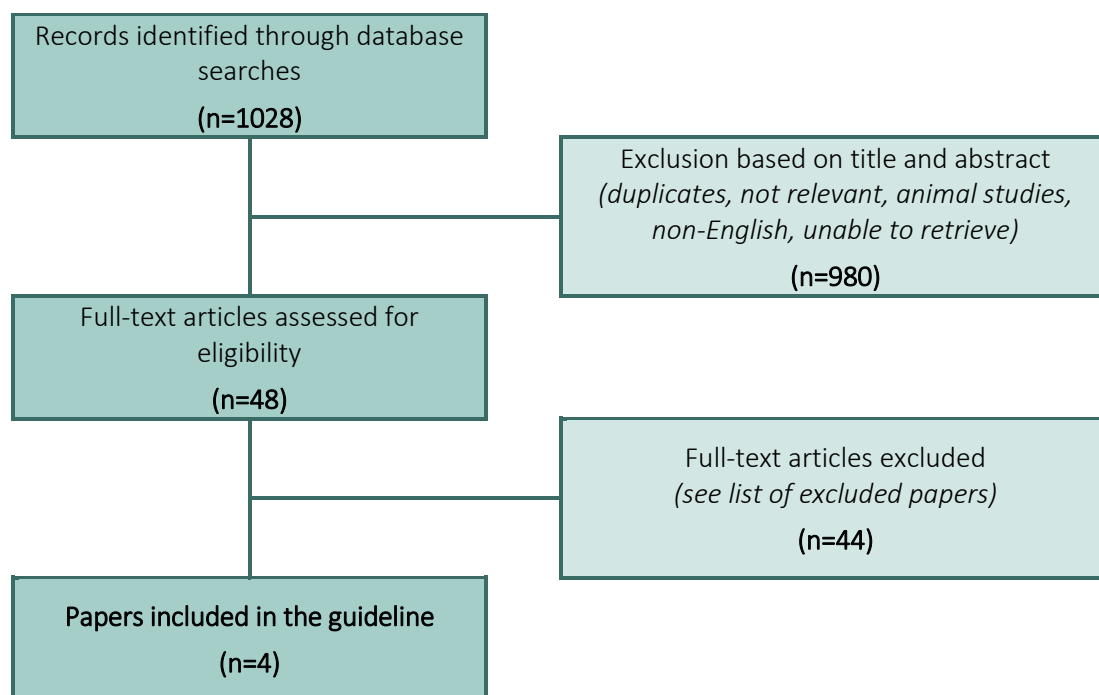
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| miscarriage: a multicentered randomized placebo-controlled trial. Human reproduction 2010;25: 2203-2209.  |  |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Ozaki Y, Nakanishi T, Sato T, Suzumori N, Kumagai K. Occasional antiphospholipid antibody positive patients with recurrent pregnancy loss also merit aspirin therapy: a retrospective cohort-control study. American journal of reproductive immunology 2008;59: 235-241.                                    | Study of RM patients with pos APL in a single test. No randomisation   |
| Szekeres-Bartho J, Balasch J. Progestagen therapy for recurrent miscarriage. Human reproduction update 2008;14: 27-35.  | Non-systematic review  |
| Szekeres-Bartho J. Progesterone-mediated immunomodulation in pregnancy: its relevance to leukocyte immunotherapy of recurrent miscarriage. Immunotherapy 2009;1: 873-882.   | Non-systematic review  |
| Tanaka T, Umesaki N, Nishio J, Maeda K, Kawamura T, Araki N, Ogita S. Neonatal thrombocytopenia induced by maternal anti-HLA antibodies: a potential side effect of allogenic leukocyte immunization for unexplained recurrent aborters. Journal of reproductive immunology 2000;46: 51-57.                                       | Case report stressing the risk of neonatal thrombocytopenia after LIT  |
| Tang AW, Alfievic Z, Turner MA, Drury J, Quenby S. Prednisolone Trial: Study protocol for a randomised controlled trial of prednisolone for women with idiopathic recurrent miscarriage and raised levels of uterine natural killer (uNK) cells in the endometrium. Trials 2009;10: 102.  | Study protocol   |
| Tempfer CB, Kurz C, Bentz EK, Unfried G, Walch K, Czik U, Huber JC. A combination treatment of prednisone, aspirin, folate, and progesterone in women with idiopathic recurrent miscarriage: a matched-pair study. Fertility and sterility 2006;86: 145-148.  | The folate only group declined combined treatment. A matched subset of these was selected as controls. No information about how and when matching was done |
| Toth B, Jeschke U, Rogenhofer N, Scholz C, Wurfel W, Thaler CJ, Makriganakis A. Recurrent miscarriage: current concepts in diagnosis and treatment. Journal of reproductive immunology 2010;85: 25-32.  | Irrelevant outcome measure: Study about glycoprotein binding in placentas from early pregnancy loss  |
| Tulppala M, Marttunen M, Soderstrom-Anttila V, Ailus K, Palosuo T, Ylikorkala O. Low dose aspirin in the prevention of miscarriage in women with unexplained or autoimmune related recurrent miscarriage: effect on prostacyclin and thromboxane A2 production Human reproduction 1997, pp. 191.                                  | Conference abstract  |
| Tulppala M, Marttunen M, Soderstrom-Anttila V, Foudila T, Ailus K, Palosuo T, Ylikorkala O. Low-dose aspirin in prevention of miscarriage in women with unexplained or autoimmune related recurrent miscarriage: effect on prostacyclin and thromboxane A2 production. Human reproduction 1997;12: 1567-1572.                     | Included in meta-analysis de Jong 2014   |
| Tzafettas J, Petropoulos P, Psarra A, Delkos D, Papaloukas C, Giannoulis H, Kalogiros G, Gkoutzioulis F. Early antiplatelet and antithrombotic therapy in patients with a history of recurrent miscarriages of known and unknown aetiology. European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology 2005;120: 22-26. | No controls or randomisation   |
| Unander AM, Norberg R, Arfors L, Enskog A, Haeger M, Lindholm A, Robbins D, Siosteen C, Soderstrom T, Stigendal L et al. Opinions on treatment of women with habitual abortion based on investigations for blocking antibody and autoantibodies. American journal of reproductive immunology 1991;26: 32-37.                      | Non-systematic review  |
| van den Heuvel MJ, Peralta CG, Hatta K, Han VK, Clark DA. Decline in number of elevated blood CD3(+) CD56(+) NKT cells in response to intravenous immunoglobulin treatment correlates with successful pregnancy. American journal of reproductive immunology 2007;58: 447-459.  | Observational study: of LBR in relation to different NK cell subsets after Ivlg  |
| van Iddekinge B, Hofmeyr GJ, Bezwoda WR, Wadee AA, Van Rooy P. Recurrent spontaneous abortion: histocompatibility between partners, response to immune therapy, and subsequent reproductive performance. American journal of reproductive immunology 1993;30: 37-44.  | Case-series of 16 RM patients, reviews available   |
| Vaquero E, Lazzarin N, De Carolis C, Valensise H, Moretti C, Ramanini C. Mild thyroid abnormalities and recurrent spontaneous abortion: diagnostic and therapeutical approach. American journal of reproductive immunology 2000;43: 204-208.  | Thyroxine treatment, discussed in question 11  |
| Vissenberg R, Goddijn M. Is there a role for assisted reproductive technology in recurrent miscarriage? Seminars in reproductive medicine 2011;29: 548-556.   | non-systematic review  |



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| Visser J, Ulander VM, Helmerhorst FM, Lampinen K, Morin-Papunen L, Bloemenkamp KW, Kaaja RJ. Thromboprophylaxis for recurrent miscarriage in women with or without thrombophilia. HABENOX: a randomised multicentre trial. <i>Thrombosis and haemostasis</i> 2011;105: 295-301.                                      | Included in meta-analysis de Jong 2014   |
| Walch K, Hefler L, Nagele F. Oral dydrogesterone treatment during the first trimester of pregnancy: the prevention of miscarriage study (PROMIS). A double-blind, prospectively randomized, placebo-controlled, parallel group trial. <i>The journal of maternal-fetal &amp; neonatal medicine</i> 2005;18: 265-269. | Protocol for RCT, no results   |
| Walch KT, Huber JC. Progesterone for recurrent miscarriage: truth and deceptions. <i>Best practice &amp; research Clinical obstetrics &amp; gynaecology</i> 2008;22: 375-389.  | Non-systematic review  |
| Yamada H, Kishida T, Kobayashi N, Kato EH, Hoshi N, Fujimoto S. Massive immunoglobulin treatment in women with four or more recurrent spontaneous primary abortions of unexplained aetiology. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1998;13: 2620-2623.  | Case report 11 pts treated with Ivlg   |
| Yamada H, Morikawa M, Furuta I, Kato EH, Shimada S, Iwabuchi K, Minakami H. Intravenous immunoglobulin treatment in women with recurrent abortions: increased cytokine levels and reduced Th1/Th2 lymphocyte ratio in peripheral blood. <i>American journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2003;49: 84-89.           | Irrelevant outcome measure: changes in Th cytokines after Ivlg in 9 RM patients              |
| Yokoo T, Takakuwa K, Ooki I, Kikuchi A, Tamura M, Tanaka K. Alteration of TH1 and TH2 cells by intracellular cytokine detection in patients with unexplained recurrent abortion before and after immunotherapy with the husband's mononuclear cells. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2006;85: 1452-1458.              | Irrelevant outcome: changes in Th cell subsets after LIT                                     |
| Yovich JL, Turner SR, Draper R. Medroxyprogesterone acetate therapy in early pregnancy has no apparent fetal effects. <i>Teratology</i> 1988;38: 135-144.  | Irrelevant outcome: fetal malformations in progesterone vs non-progesterone treated cohorts. |
| Zolghadri J, Momtahan M, Alborzi S, Mohammadinejad A, Khosravi D. Pregnancy outcome in patients with early recurrent abortion following laparoscopic tubal cornual interruption of a fallopian tube with hydrosalpinx. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2006;86: 149-151.  | Very small study – hydrosalpinx discussed in question 12                                     |

## 17. WHICH THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS COULD BE OFFERED TO ALL PATIENTS, IRRESPECTIVE OF A CAUSE, TO INCREASE LIVE BIRTH RATE?

### Flowchart



### List of excluded papers

|   | EXCLUSION CRITERIA  |
|---|---|
| Arck PC, Hecher K, Solano ME. B Cells in Pregnancy: Functional Promiscuity or Tailored Function? <i>Biology of reproduction</i> 2014.   | theory only   |
| Bailey S, Bailey C, Boivin J, Cheong Y, Reading I, Macklon N. A feasibility study for a randomised controlled trial of the Positive Reappraisal Coping Intervention, a novel supportive technique for recurrent miscarriage. <i>BMJ Open</i> 2015;5: e007322. | proposed feasibility study  |
| Basille C, Frydman R, El Aly A, Hesters L, Fanchin R, Tachdjian G, Steffann J, LeLorc'h M, Achour-Frydman N. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis: state of the art. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 2009;145: 9-13. | Non-systematic review   |
| Betts D, Smith CA, Hannah DG. Acupuncture as a therapeutic treatment option for threatened miscarriage. <i>BMC complementary and alternative medicine</i> 2012;12: 20.  | threatened miscarriage  |
| Carp HJ, Dirnfeld M, Dor J, Grudzinskas JG. ART in recurrent miscarriage: preimplantation genetic diagnosis/screening or surrogacy? <i>Human reproduction</i> 2004;19: 1502-1505.   | Included in review Franssen 2011, included in question 10                                   |
| Carrington B, Sacks G, Regan L. Recurrent miscarriage: pathophysiology and outcome. <i>Current opinion in obstetrics &amp; gynecology</i> 2005;17: 591-597.   | Published before systematic review Franssen 2011 and Musters 2011 (included in question 10) |
| Christiansen OB, Nielsen HS, Kolte AM. Future directions of failed implantation and recurrent miscarriage research. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2006;13: 71-83.  | Non-systematic review – not enough evidence   |

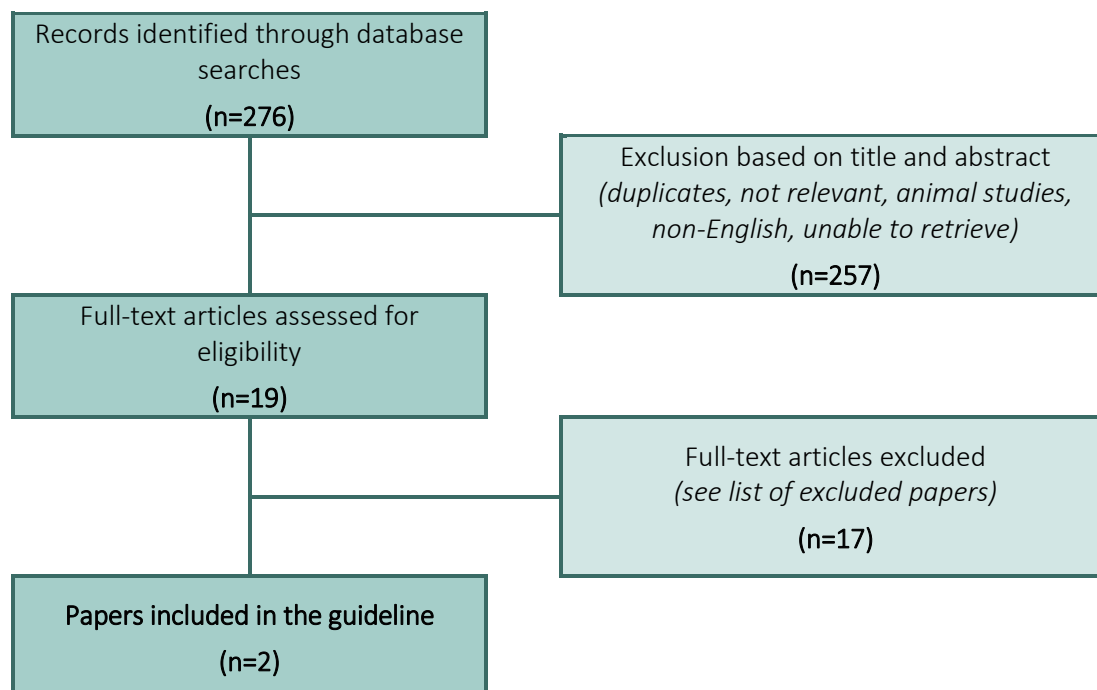
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| Christiansen OB, Nybo Andersen AM, Bosch E, Daya S, Delves PJ, Hviid TV, Kutteh WH, Laird SM, Li TC, van der Ven K. Evidence-based investigations and treatments of recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2005;83: 821-839.  | Non-systematic review   |
| Doroski DM. How <i>Humanae vitae</i> has advanced reproductive health. <i>The Linacre quarterly</i> 2014;81: 286-294.   | infertility only miscarriage rates not reported   |
| Engels H, Eggermann T, Caliebe A, Jelska A, Schubert R, Schuler HM, Panasiuk B, Zaremba J, Latos-Bielenska A, Jakubowski L et al. Genetic counseling in Robertsonian translocations der(13;14): frequencies of reproductive outcomes and infertility in 101 pedigrees. <i>American journal of medical genetics Part A</i> 2008;146a: 2611-2616. | Infertility – not RPL   |
| Fausser BC. Preimplantation genetic screening: the end of an affair? <i>Human reproduction (Oxford, England)</i> 2008;23: 2622-2625.  | editorial   |
| Franssen MT, Musters AM, van der Veen F, Repping S, Leschot NJ, Bossuyt PM, Goddijn M, Korevaar JC. Reproductive outcome after PGD in couples with recurrent miscarriage carrying a structural chromosome abnormality: a systematic review. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 2011;17: 467-475.  | RPL with chromosomal abnormality - included in question 10                                  |
| Go KJ, Patel JC, Cunningham DL. The role of assisted reproductive technology in the management of recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Current opinion in endocrinology, diabetes, and obesity</i> 2009;16: 459-463.  | Non-systematic review   |
| Hatasaka HH, Varner MW. Recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Current opinion in obstetrics &amp; gynecology</i> 1994;6: 503-509.  | Non-systematic review   |
| Jauniaux E, Farquharson RG, Christiansen OB, Exalto N. Evidence-based guidelines for the investigation and medical treatment of recurrent miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction (Oxford, England)</i> 2006;21: 2216-2222.  | Guideline   |
| Keymolen K, Staessen C, Verpoest W, Michiels A, Bonduelle M, Haentjens P, Vanderelst J, Liebaers I. A proposal for reproductive counselling in carriers of Robertsonian translocations: 10 years of experience with preimplantation genetic diagnosis. <i>Human reproduction (Oxford, England)</i> 2009;24: 2365-2371.                          | Carriers of Robertsonian translocations   |
| Li L, Dou LX, Neilson JP, Leung PC, Wang CC. Adverse outcomes of Chinese medicines used for threatened miscarriage: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Human reproduction update</i> 2012;18: 504-524.   | Cochrane review of 2016 (same authors) included   |
| Li L, Leung PC, Chung TK, Wang CC. Systematic Review of Chinese Medicine for Miscarriage during Early Pregnancy. <i>Evidence-based complementary and alternative medicine : eCAM</i> 2014;2014: 753856.   | Cochrane review of 2016 (same authors) included   |
| Li L, Tang LY, Man GC, Yeung BH, Lau CB, Leung PC, Wang CC. Potential reproductive toxicity of Largehead Atractylodes Rhizome, the most commonly used Chinese medicine for threatened miscarriage. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2011;26: 3280-3288.  | threatened miscarriage  |
| Li TC. Recurrent miscarriage: principles of management. <i>Human reproduction</i> 1998;13: 478-482.   | Expert opinion  |
| Munne S, Chen S, Fischer J, Colls P, Zheng X, Stevens J, Escudero T, Oter M, Schoolcraft B, Simpson JL et al. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis reduces pregnancy loss in women aged 35 years and older with a history of recurrent miscarriages. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2005;84: 331-335.  | Included in review Musters 2011, included in question 10                                    |
| Musters AM, Repping S, Korevaar JC, Mastenbroek S, Limpens J, van der Veen F, Goddijn M. Pregnancy outcome after preimplantation genetic screening or natural conception in couples with unexplained recurrent miscarriage: a systematic review of the best available evidence. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 2011;95: 2153-2157.              | Included in question 10   |
| Nardo LG, Sallam HN. Progesterone supplementation to prevent recurrent miscarriage and to reduce implantation failure in assisted reproduction cycles. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2006;13: 47-57.   | Published before systematic review Franssen 2011 and Musters 2011 (included in question 10) |
| Ota K, Dambaeva S, Han AR, Beaman K, Gilman-Sachs A, Kwak-Kim J. Vitamin D deficiency may be a risk factor for recurrent pregnancy losses by increasing cellular immunity and autoimmunity. <i>Human reproduction</i> 2014;29: 208-219.   | Included in question 11   |
| Pellicer A, Rubio C, Vidal F, Minguez Y, Gimenez C, Egozcue J, Remohi J, Simon C. In vitro fertilization plus preimplantation genetic diagnosis in patients with recurrent miscarriage: an analysis of chromosome   | Small study, not relevant for this question   |

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| abnormalities in human preimplantation embryos. <i>Fertility and sterility</i> 1999;71: 1033-1039.   |   |
| Ray JG, Laskin CA. Folic acid and homocyst(e)ine metabolic defects and the risk of placental abruption, pre-eclampsia and spontaneous pregnancy loss: A systematic review. <i>Placenta</i> 1999;20: 519-529.   | Not RPL   |
| Remohi J, Gallardo E, Levy M, Valbuena D, de los Santos MJ, Simon C, Pellicer A. Oocyte donation in women with recurrent pregnancy loss. <i>Human reproduction (Oxford, England)</i> 1996;11: 2048-2051.   | Small study (8 patients) with high FSH  |
| Rubio C, Buendia P, Rodrigo L, Mercader A, Mateu E, Peinado V, Delgado A, Milan M, Mir P, Simon C et al. Prognostic factors for preimplantation genetic screening in repeated pregnancy loss. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2009;18: 687-693.   | Not treatment   |
| Rubio C, Rodrigo L, Perez-Cano I, Mercader A, Mateu E, Buendia P, Remohi J, Simon C, Pellicer A. FISH screening of aneuploidies in preimplantation embryos to improve IVF outcome. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2005;11: 497-506.  | Published before systematic review<br>Franssen 2011 and Musters 2011<br>(included in question 10) |
| Ruixue W, Hongli Z, Zhihong Z, Rulin D, Dongfeng G, Ruizhi L. The impact of semen quality, occupational exposure to environmental factors and lifestyle on recurrent pregnancy loss <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> . 2013, pp. 1513-1518.  | Included in question 7 (not treatment)  |
| Santjohanser C, Knieper C, Franz C, Hirv K, Meri O, Schleyer M, Wurfel W, Toth B. Granulocyte-colony stimulating factor as treatment option in patients with recurrent miscarriage. <i>Archivum immunologiae et therapiae experimentalis</i> 2013;61: 159-164.   | Included in question 16   |
| Shields LE, Serafini PC, Schenken RS, Moore CM. Chromosomal analysis of pregnancy losses in patients undergoing assisted reproduction. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 1992;9: 57-60.   | Published before systematic review<br>Franssen 2011 and Musters 2011<br>(included in question 10) |
| Stephenson M, Kutteh W. Evaluation and management of recurrent early pregnancy loss. <i>Clinical obstetrics and gynecology</i> 2007;50: 132-145.   | Non-systematic review   |
| Sugiura-Ogasawara M, Ozaki Y, Suzumori N. Management of recurrent miscarriage. <i>The journal of obstetrics and gynaecology research</i> 2014;40: 1174-1179.   | expert opinion psychological support needed   |
| Swanson A, Strawn E, Lau E, Bick D. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis: technology and clinical applications. <i>WMJ : official publication of the State Medical Society of Wisconsin</i> 2007;106: 145-151.  |   |
| Tham E, Schliep K, Stanford J. Natural procreative technology for infertility and recurrent miscarriage: outcomes in a Canadian family practice. <i>Canadian family physician Medecin de famille canadien</i> 2012;58: e267-274.   | infertility only miscarriage rates not reported   |
| Toth B, Jeschke U, Rogenhofer N, Scholz C, Wurfel W, Thaler CJ, Makrigiannakis A. Recurrent miscarriage: current concepts in diagnosis and treatment. <i>Journal of reproductive immunology</i> 2010;85: 25-32.  | theory only   |
| Tzafettas J, Petropoulos P, Psarra A, Delkos D, Papaloukas C, Giannoulis H, Kalogiros G, Gkoutzioulis F. Early antiplatelet and antithrombotic therapy in patients with a history of recurrent miscarriages of known and unknown aetiology. <i>European journal of obstetrics, gynecology, and reproductive biology</i> 2005;120: 22-26. | Not relevant for this question  |
| Tzioras S, Polyzos NP, Economides DL. How do you solve the problem of recurrent miscarriage? <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2009;19: 296-297.  | Non-systematic review   |
| Van den Berg MM, Vissenberg R, Goddijn M. Recurrent miscarriage clinics. <i>Obstetrics and gynecology clinics of North America</i> 2014;41: 145-155.   | Included for organization of care   |
| van den Boogaard E, Goddijn M, Leschot NJ, Veen F, Kremer JA, Hermens RP. Development of guideline-based quality indicators for recurrent miscarriage. <i>Reproductive biomedicine online</i> 2010;20: 267-273.  | Not relevant for question   |
| Vidal F, Gimenez C, Rubio C, Simon C, Pellicer A, Santalo J, Egozcue J. FISH preimplantation diagnosis of chromosome aneuploidy in recurrent pregnancy wastage. <i>Journal of assisted reproduction and genetics</i> 1998;15: 310-313.   | 3 cases   |

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| <p>Werlin LB, Rodi I, Decherney A, Mareello E, Hill D, Munne S. Preimplantation genetic diagnosis (PGD) as a beneficial tool in women with recurrent pregnancy loss (RPL) and advanced maternal age (AMA) Fertility and sterility. 2004, pp. S241.</p> | <p>Small study</p>             |
| <p>Winger EE, Reed JL. Treatment with tumor necrosis factor inhibitors and intravenous immunoglobulin improves live birth rates in women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. American journal of reproductive immunology 2008;60: 8-16.</p>           | <p>Included in question 15</p> |

## 18. HOW SHOULD CARE FOR THE RPL PATIENT BE ORGANISED?

### Flowchart



### List of excluded papers

| EXCLUSION CRITERIA   |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Alijotas-Reig J, Garrido-Gimenez C. Current concepts and new trends in the diagnosis and management of recurrent miscarriage. Obstetrical &amp; gynecological survey 2013;68: 445-466.</b>  | Non-systematic review                               |
| <b>Cameron MJ, Penney GC. Terminology in early pregnancy loss: what women hear and what clinicians write. The journal of family planning and reproductive health care 2005;31: 313-314.</b>  | Usage of patient focused terminology in case notes. |
| <b>Christiansen OB, Steffensen R, Nielsen HS, Varming K. Multifactorial etiology of recurrent miscarriage and its scientific and clinical implications. Gynecologic and obstetric investigation 2008;66: 257-267.</b>  | no input on RM clinic organisation                  |
| <b>Habayeb OM, Konje JC. The one-stop recurrent miscarriage clinic: an evaluation of its effectiveness and outcome. Human reproduction 2004;19: 2952-2958.</b>   | Not relevant for this question                      |
| <b>Irvine CH, Cumming G. Memorial services offered following an early pregnancy loss in Scotland. The practising midwife 2015;18: 23-26.</b>   | Early pregnancy loss, not RPL                       |
| <b>Khan RA, Drudy L, Sheehan J, Harrison RF, Geary M. Early pregnancy loss: how do men feel? Irish medical journal 2004;97: 217-218.</b>   | Early pregnancy loss, not RPL                       |
| <b>Kolte AM, Bernardi LA, Christiansen OB, Quenby S, Farquharson RG, Goddijn M, Stephenson MD. Terminology for pregnancy loss prior to viability: a consensus statement from the ESHRE special interest group, early pregnancy. Human reproduction 2014.</b> | Terminology for pregnancy loss                      |
| <b>Kolte AM, Olsen LR, Mikkelsen EM, Christiansen OB, Nielsen HS. Depression and emotional stress is highly prevalent among women with recurrent pregnancy loss. Human reproduction 2015;30: 777-782.</b>  | Included in section on psychological impact of RPL  |



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| <b>Li TC. Recurrent miscarriage: principles of management. Human reproduction (Oxford, England) 1998;13: 478-482.</b>  | Non-systematic review  |
| <b>Matthiesen L, Kalkunte S, Sharma S. Multiple pregnancy failures: an immunological paradigm. American journal of reproductive immunology 2012;67: 334-340.</b>   | Not relevant for this question                                 |
| <b>Nawroth F, Foth D. One-stop recurrent miscarriage clinic and hysteroscopy--an urgent combination? Human reproduction 2005;20: 2976-2979.</b>  | Letter to the editor : comments to Habayeb OM, Konje JC.(2005) |
| <b>Nikcevic AV, Tunkel SA, Nicolaides KH. Psychological outcomes following missed abortions and provision of follow-up care. Ultrasound in obstetrics &amp; gynecology 1998;11: 123-128.</b>                                     | Not RPL  |
| <b>Nothnagle M, Prine L, Goodman S. Benefits of comprehensive reproductive health education in family medicine residency. Family medicine 2008;40: 204-207.</b>  | Reproductive health education                                  |
| <b>Nynas J, Narang P, Kolikonda MK, Lippmann S. Depression and Anxiety Following Early Pregnancy Loss: Recommendations for Primary Care Providers. The primary care companion for CNS disorders 2015;17.</b>                     | Early pregnancy loss, not RPL                                  |
| <b>Prine LW, MacNaughton H. Office management of early pregnancy loss. American family physician 2011;84: 75-82.</b>   | early pregnancy loss, not RPL                                  |
| <b>Tham E, Schliep K, Stanford J. Natural procreative technology for infertility and recurrent miscarriage: outcomes in a Canadian family practice. Canadian family physician Medecin de famille canadien 2012;58: e267-274.</b> | RPL patients not assessed separately                           |
| <b>Whitman-Elia GF, Baxley EG. A primary care approach to the infertile couple. The Journal of the American Board of Family Practice / American Board of Family Practice 2001;14: 33-45.</b>                                     | Infertility, not RPL   |