

Adverse obstetric outcome
after
early pregnancy complications

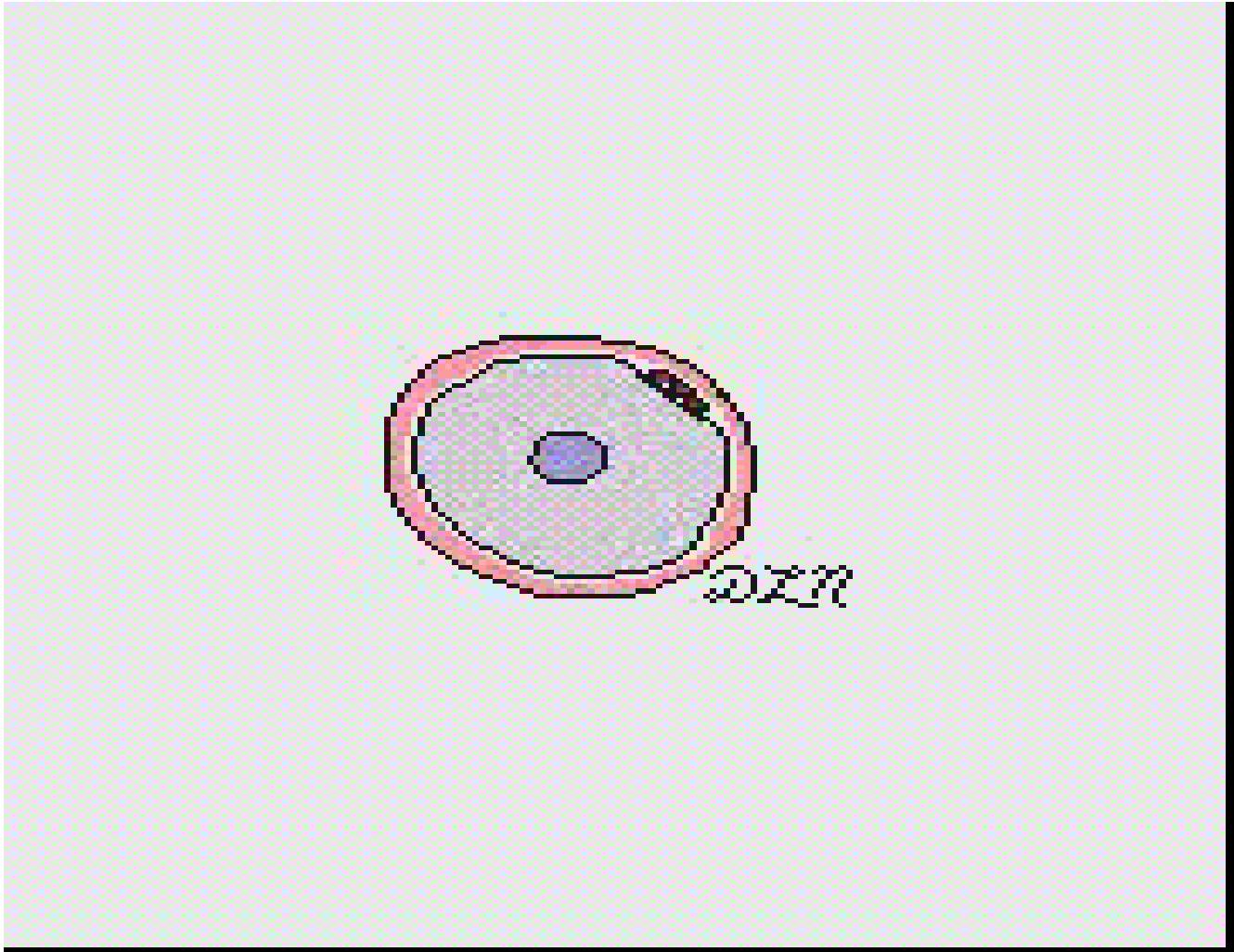


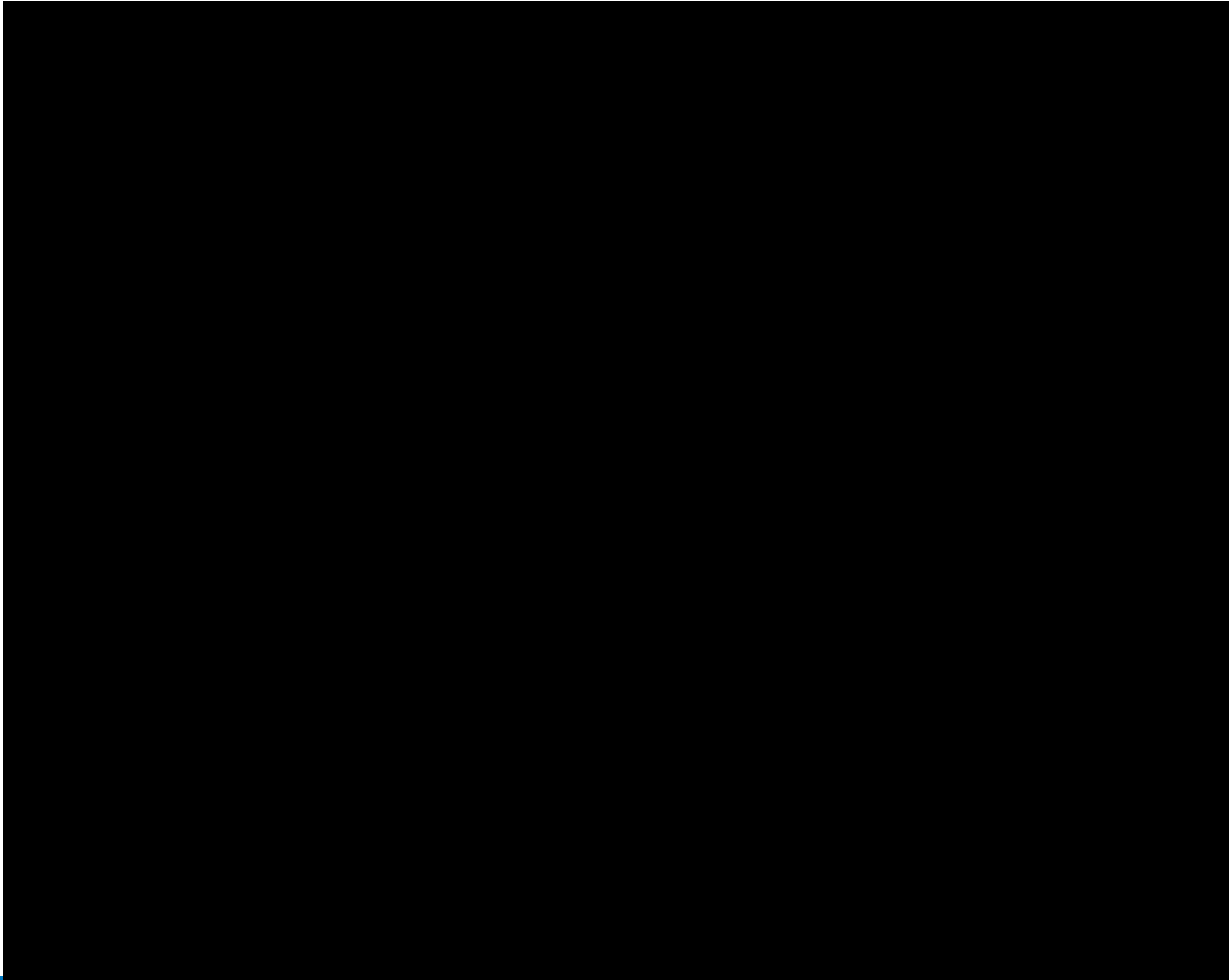
Roy Farquharson (on behalf of SIG
Early Pregnancy)

ESHRE Joint SIG meeting

Valencia, December 2010







First trimester complications

- Common
- Distressing
- ?portent of miscarriage?

- Clinician
 - TVU to confirm viability (FH at 8/40= 95% success rate)
 - Reassuring and supporting the couple

- Short term consequences
- Late consequences?



LITERATURE REVIEW

Complications 1st trimester → Adverse obstetric outcome

Miscarriage

- Recurrent miscarriage
- Termination of pregnancy
- Threatened miscarriage
- Intra-uterine hematoma
 - CRL – discrepancy
 - Vanishing twin
- Hyperemesis gravidarum

- Preeclampsia
- Placental abruption
- Placenta previa
- Preterm delivery <37 weeks / <34 weeks
- SGA p<10 / Growth restriction p<5
- Low birth weight <2500g / <1500g
- Congenital malformation
- Low Apgar score <7 at 5 minutes
- Intrauterine fetal death/ Neonatal death

Previous Miscarriages

- Single miscarriage
 - Incidence ~ 11%¹
 - Incidence in subsequent pregnancy ~ 16%²
- Recurrent miscarriage
 - 3 or more miscarriages³
 - Incidence ~1%³
- Risk of adverse obstetric outcome in the subsequent pregnancy



1 Farquharson et al., 2005; 2 Knudsen et al., 1990; 3 Jauniaux et al., 2006



Previous miscarriage(s) At risk of preeclampsia?

ONE MISCARRIAGE

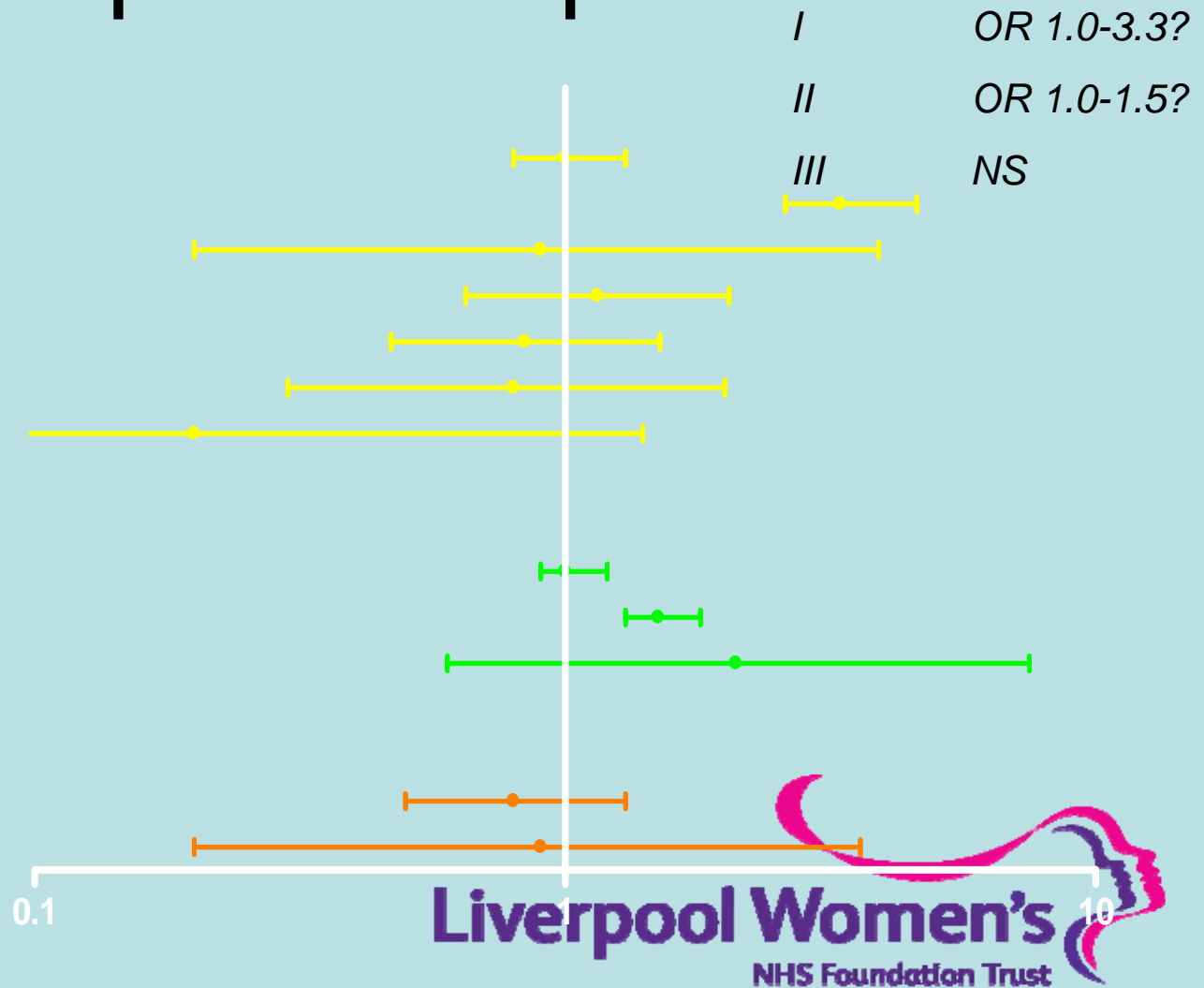
Thom '92	116/2,146
Bhattacharya '08	62/1,404
Eskanazi '91	16/50
Stone '94	14/3,314
Seidman '89	16/554
Dempsey '03	10/29
Eras '00	1/103

TWO MISCARRIAGES

Sheiner '05 M	263/7,503
Sheiner '05 S	120/7,503
Dempsey '03	8/13

RECURRENT MISCARRIAGE

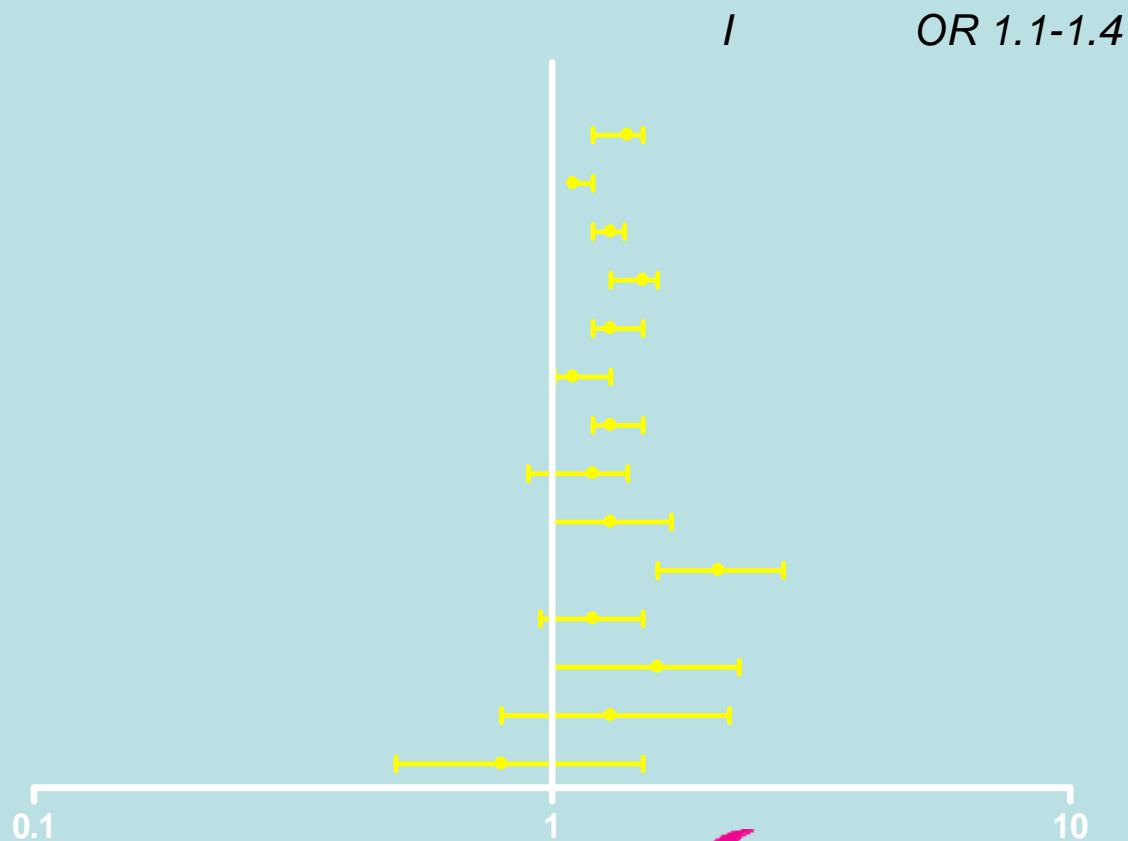
Thom '92	26/638
Hughes '91	2/88



Previous single miscarriage Risk of preterm delivery <37 weeks

ONE MISCARRIAGE

Basso '98	1.333/ 21.166
Buchmayer '04	1.293/ 21.631
Martius '98	1.069/ 13.461
Pickering '91	?/ 8.589
Smith '06	673/ 9.215
Hammoud '07	369/ 5.973
Pickering '85	?/ 3.927
Thom '92	174/ 2.146
Lang '96	?/?
Bhattacharya '08	128/ 1.404
Lekea '90	117/ 1.291
El-Bastawissi '03	69/ 143
Schoenbaum '80	17/189
Nguyen '04	16/164



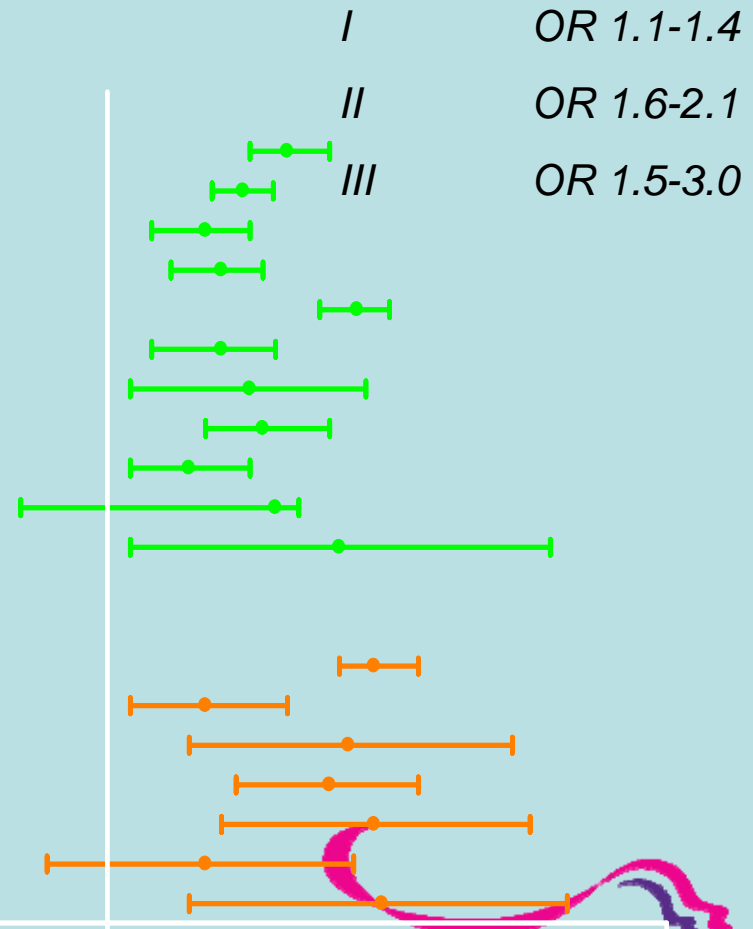
Previous two or more miscarriages Risk of preterm delivery <37 weeks

TWO MISCARRIAGES

Basso '98	432/ 5.268
Martius '98	309/ 2.788
Smith '06	178/ 1.792
Buchmayer '04	146/ 1.742
Pickering '91	?/ 1.524
Hammoud '07	88/ 908
Lang '96	?/ ?
Pickering '85	?/ 689
Lekea '90	73/ 439
El-Bastawissi '03	31/ 57
Nguyen '04	8/ 33

RECURRENT MISCARRIAGE

Martius '98	151/ 639
Thom '92	63/ 638
Lang '96	?/ ?
Hammoud '07	36/ 225
Lekea '90	?/ ?
Hughes '91	11/88
Jivraj '01	7 /61



0.1

10

Previous miscarriage(s) Risk of very preterm delivery <34 weeks

ONE MISCARRIAGE

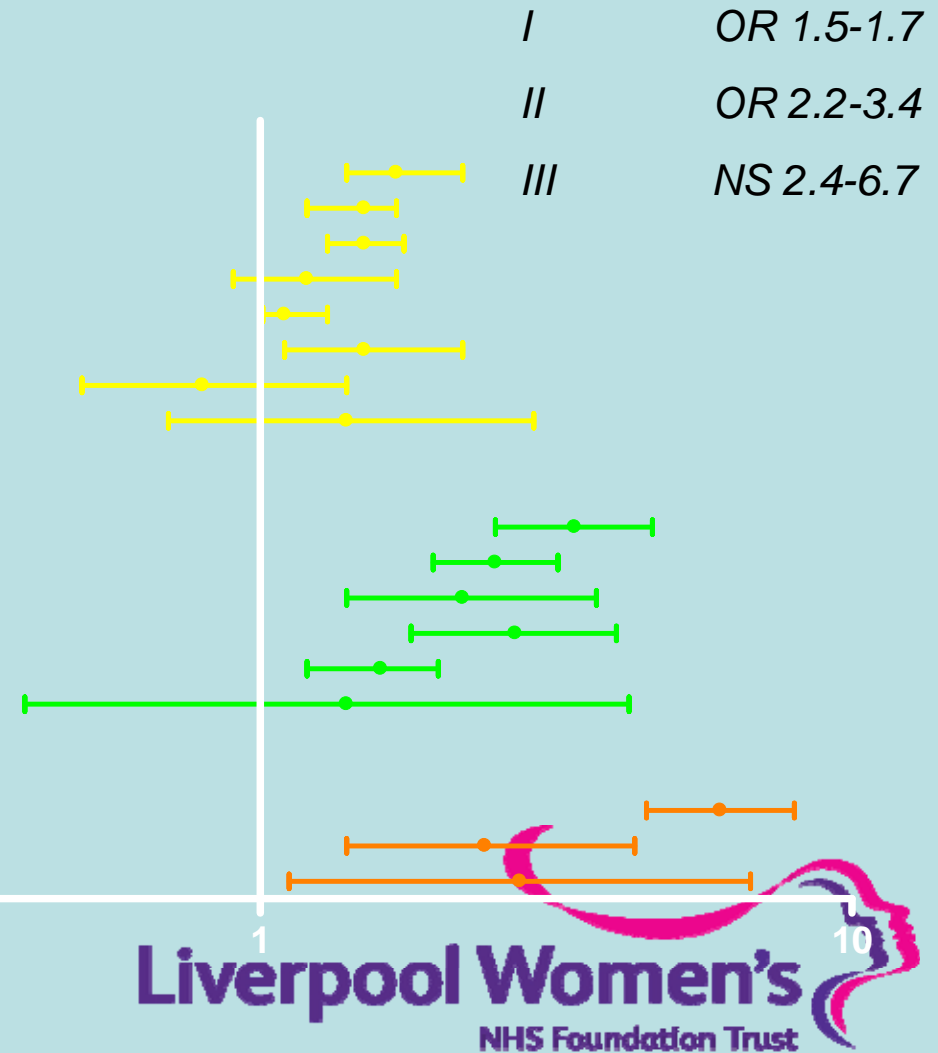
Basso '98	466/ 21.166
Buchmayer '04	219/ 21.631
Martius '98	195/ 13.461
Smith '06	138/ 9.215
Hammoud '07	92/ 5.973
Bhattacharya '08	39/ 1.404
Thom '92	26/ 2.146
El-Bastawissi '03	16/ 90

TWO MISCARRIAGES

Basso '98	158/ 5.268
Martius '98	71/ 2.788
Smith '06	56/ 1.792
Buchmayer '04	44/ 1.742
Hammoud '07	6/ 908
El-Bastawissi '03	6/ 32

RECURRENT MISCARRIAGE

Martius '98	52/ 639
Thom '92	27/ 638
Hammoud '07	5/ 225



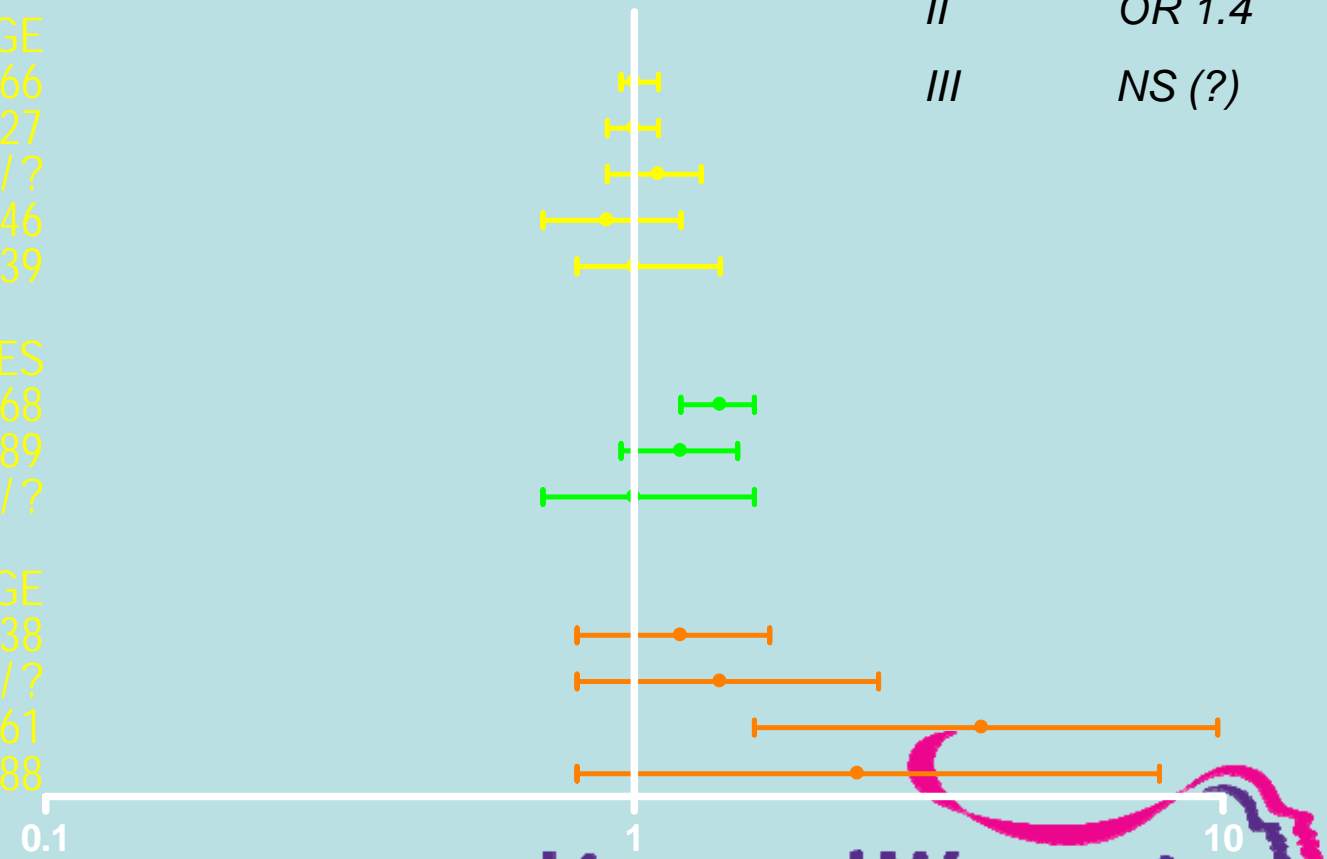
Previous miscarriage(s) Risk of small for gestational age

ONE MISCARRIAGE
 Basso '98 1.291/ 21.166
 Pickering '85 ?/ 3.927
 Lang '96 ?/ ?
 Thom '92 94/ 2.146
 Parazzini '07 96/ 439

TWO MISCARRIAGES
 Basso '98 395/ 5.268
 Pickering '85 ?/ 689
 Lang '96 ?/ ?

RECURRENT MISCARRIAGE
 Thom '92 41/ 638
 Lang '96 ?/ ?
 Jivraj '01 5/ 61
 Hughes '91 3/ 88

I NS
 II OR 1.4
 III NS (?)



Risk of adverse outcome in subsequent pregnancy

OR/ *RR	Miscarriage			Termination of pregnancy	
	1	≥2	≥3	1	≥2
Preeclampsia	1.0-3.3 ^{1,2}	1.0-1.5 ⁴	-	ns	ns
Placental abruption	ns	1.5 ⁴	-	ns	ns
Placenta previa	ns	1.7 ⁴	*6.0 ⁴	ns	ns
Preterm <37	1.1-1.4 ^{3,5}	1.6-2.1 ^{3,5}	*1.5-3.0 ^{1,6}	1.1-1.3 ^{6,8}	1.6-2.3 ^{6,8}
Preterm <34	1.5-1.7 ^{3,5}	2.2-3.4 ^{3,5}	*2.4-6.7 ^{1,6}	1.3-1.5 ^{7,8}	1.8-2.9 ^{7,8}
SGA p<10	ns	1.4 ⁵	? ¹	ns	ns
LBW <2500	ns	? ^{4,5}	*2.0 ⁴	ns	ns
LBW <1500	ns	ns	-	? ^{9,10}	? ⁹
Cong. Malformation	ns	ns	*1.8 ⁴	ns	ns
Low AS	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Intrauterine Fetal death	1.9 ²	ns	ns	ns	ns



1 Thom et al. 1992; 2 Bhattacharya et al., 2008; 3 Buchmayer et al., 2004; 4 Sheiner et al., 2005; 5 Binstock et al., 1998; 6 Martius et al., 1998; 7 Moreau et al 2005; 8 Ancel et al., 2004; 9 Lumley 1985; 10 Reime et al 2008

Threatened miscarriage & Haematoma

- Blood loss first trimester
 - Incidence 14-20%^{1,2}
 - ~50% will miscarry¹⁻³
 - After confirmation of viability → 2-14% chance of miscarriage³⁻⁵
- Intrauterine haematoma
 - Incidence 18-39% in women with a threatened miscarriage^{6,7}
 - When <9 weeks → the risk of miscarriage 2.5 higher⁷⁻¹⁰
- Risk of adverse obstetric outcome in the ongoing pregnancy



1 Everett 1997; 2 Weiss et al., 2004; 3 Wijesiriwardana et al., 2006; 4 Johns et al., 2006; 5 Schauburger et al., 2005; 6 Johns et al., 2003; 7 Pedersen and Mantoni 1990; 8 Lett et al., 2006; 9 Maso et al., 2005; 5 Ball et al., 2005; 10 Nagy et al., 2003



Threatened miscarriage & Haematoma Risk of preeclampsia

Normal NS
Heavy NS
Hematoma OR 4.0

THREATENED MISCARRIAGE

Wijesiriwardana '06 432/ 7.627

Weiss L '04 340/ 14.160

Johns '06 ?/ 214

HEMATOMA

Nagy '03 15/ 187

Makikallio '01 0/22



0.1

Threatened miscarriage & Haematoma

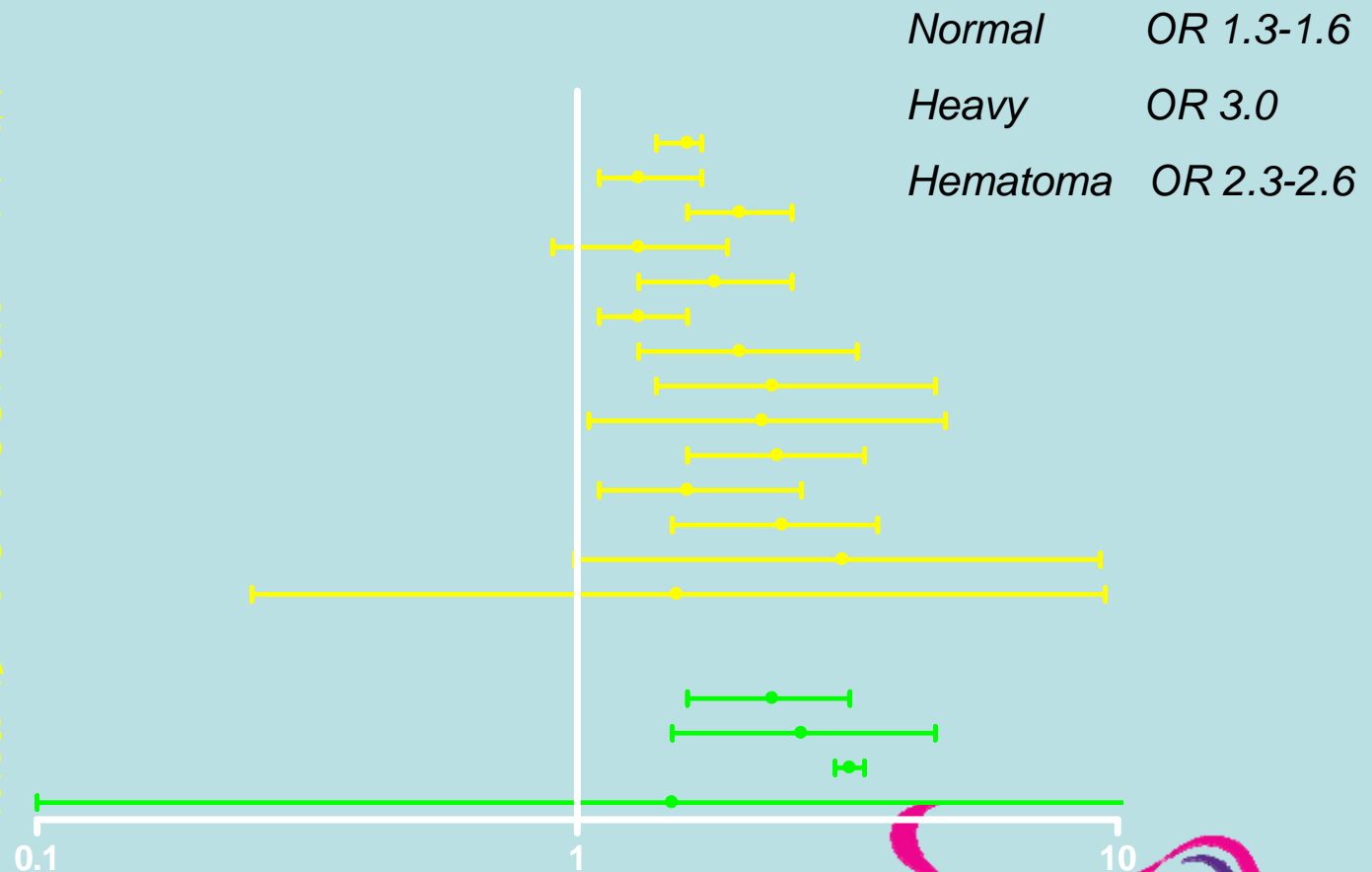
Risk of preterm delivery <37 weeks

THREATENED MISCCARRIAGE

Wijesiriwardana '06	737/ 7.627
Weiss '04	191/ 2.094
Williams '91	124/ 1.174
Strobino '89	41/ 611
Sipila '92	40/ 601
Yang '04	?/ 472
Mulik '04	66/ 458
Johns '06	22/ 214
Hertz '85	16/ 259
Funderburk '80	33/ 259
De Sutter '06	29/ 253
Nguyen '04	31/ 141
Johns '03	11/ 129
Das '96	3/ 55

HEMATOMA

Nagy '03	30/ 187
Ball '89	8/ 238
Sauerbrei '86	7/ 22
Makikallio '01	2/ 22



Threatened miscarriage & Haematoma

Risk of very preterm delivery <34 weeks

Normal OR 1.9

Heavy No data

Hematoma No data

THREATENED MISCARRIAGE

Wijesiriwardana '06 274/ 7.627

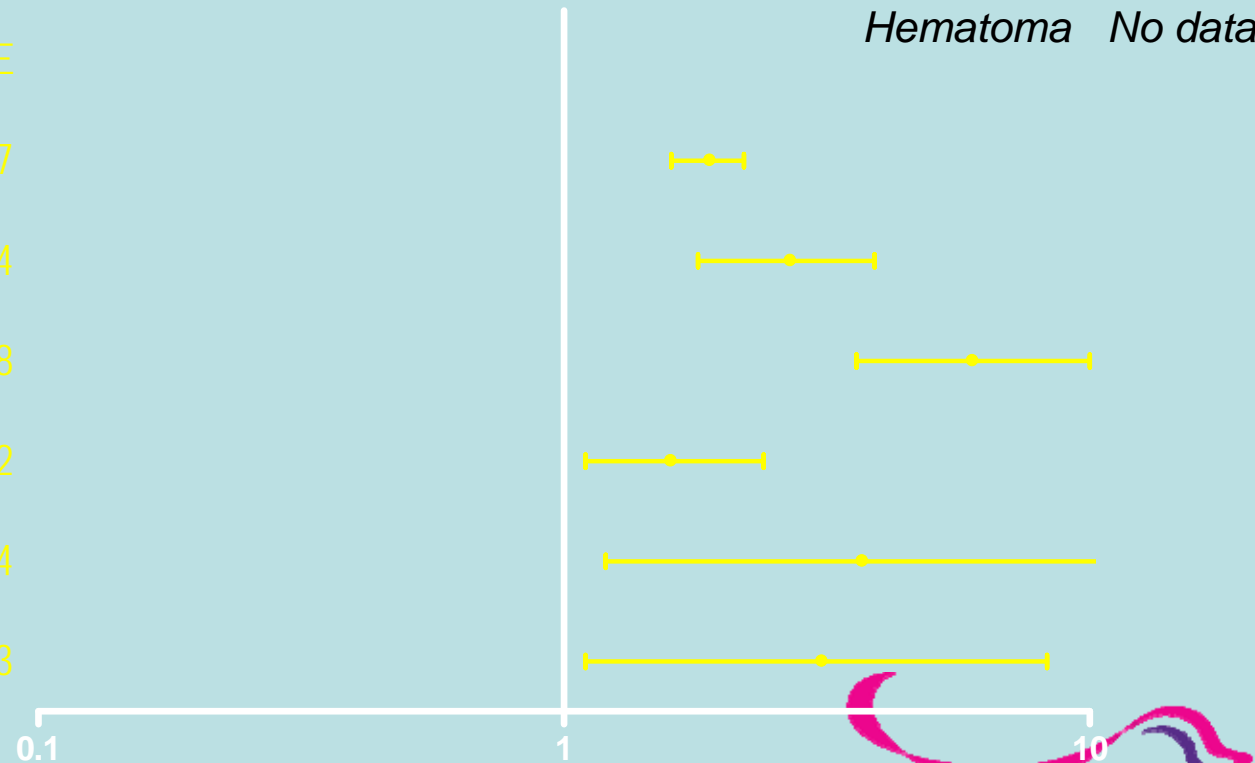
Williams '91 47/ 1.174

Mulik '04 22/ 458

Yang '04 ?/ 472

Johns '06 13/ 214

De Sutter '06 6/ 253



Threatened miscarriage & Haematoma

Risk of small for gestational age

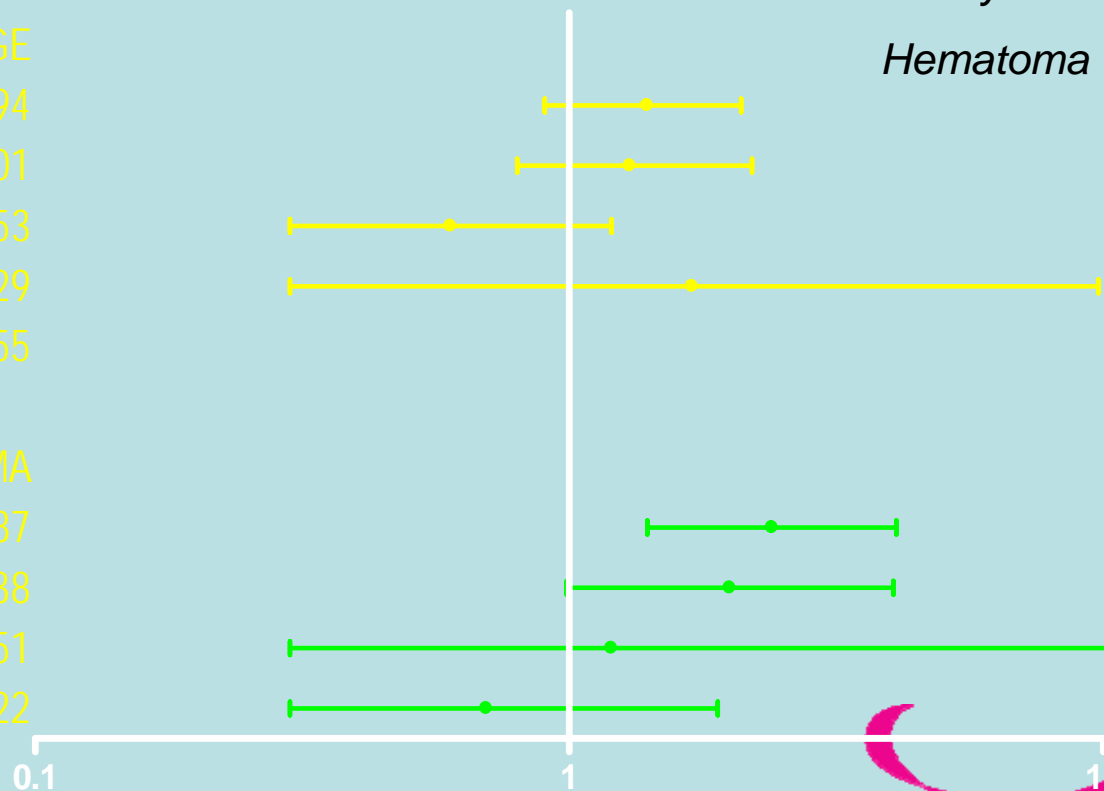
THREATENED MISCARRIAGE

Weiss L '04	31/ 2094
Sipila '92	14/ 601
De Sutter '06	8/ 253
Johns '03	3/ 129
Das '96	1/55

HEMATOMA

Nagy '03	13/ 187
Ball '96	14/ 238
Johns '03	2/ 51
Makikallio '01	1/ 22

Normal NS
 Heavy OR 2.6
 Hematoma OR 2.0-2.4



Risk of adverse outcome in INDEX pregnancy

OR / *RR	Threatened Miscarriage	Intrauterine haematoma	CRL discrepancy	Vanishing twin	Hyperemesis gravidarum
Preeclampsia	ns	*4.0 ⁴	-	ns	ns
Placental abruption	1.2-1.6 ^{1,2}	*5.6 ⁴	-	ns	-
Placenta previa	1.8 ²	-	-	ns	-
Preterm <37	1.3-1.6 ^{1,2}	*2.3-2.6 ^{4,5}	-	1.6 ⁹	*3.0 ¹¹
Very preterm <34	1.9 ²	-	2.0 ⁷	3.0 ⁹	-
IUGR p<5	-	-	2.8 ⁷	-	-
SGA p<10	ns	2.0-*2.4 ^{4,5}	1.1 ⁸	1.6 ¹⁰	1.4-*1.5 ^{11,12}
LBW <2500	*1.2-2.3 ^{2,3}	-	1.7 ⁷	2.0 ⁹	1.5-*2.8 ^{11,12}
LBW <1500	*2.2 ³	-	-	3.0 ⁹	1.4 ¹²
Cong. Malformation	ns	ns	-	ns	ns
Low Apgar Score	ns	*2.6 ⁴	-	-	*5.0 ¹¹
Intrauterine Fetal Death	ns	2.8 ⁵	ns	ns	ns



1 Weiss et al. 2003; 2 Wijesiriwardana et al, 2006; 3 Williams et al, 1991; 4 Nagy et al. 2003; 5 Ball et al, 1996; 7 Smith et al. 1998; 8 Bukowski et al. 2007; 9 Pinborg et al. 2005; 10 Pinborg et al. 2007; 11 Dodds et al. 2006; 12 Bailit et al. 2005

Conclusion (1)

- Data from our literature review indicate that early pregnancy complications are predictors for subsequent adverse obstetric outcome
- The increased risks are related to the severity of the 1st trimester complication
- Some associations are based on a few small, retrospective series, with poor stratification bias and poor matching of cases and controls
- And some of these associations have a small increased risk and therefore the clinical relevance can be questionable



Conclusion (2)

- The risk of preeclampsia was increased in women with an intrauterine haematoma and possibly after previous miscarriages
- The risk of preterm birth was increased after any of the early pregnancy complications
- More epidemiologically-based studies, using National Birth Registries, are needed to confirm these findings and this would be especially useful for pregnancy following idiopathic recurrent miscarriage (eg ALIFE and SPIN RCT's)

Vanishing Twin phenomenon

- IVF-population (~5%)
- Spontaneous reduction of a multiple pregnancy
- Incidence 10-30%¹⁻³
- Studies: IVF population
- Vanishing twin IVF pregnancies, which were spontaneous reduced from twin to single pregnancies, were compared to single IVF pregnancies



1 Dickey et al., 2002; 2 Landy and Keith 1998; 3 Pinborg et al., 2005



Vanishing Twin: Risk of Preeclampsia and SGA

PREECLAMPSIA

*Pinborg 2007

Chasen 2006

X

SGA

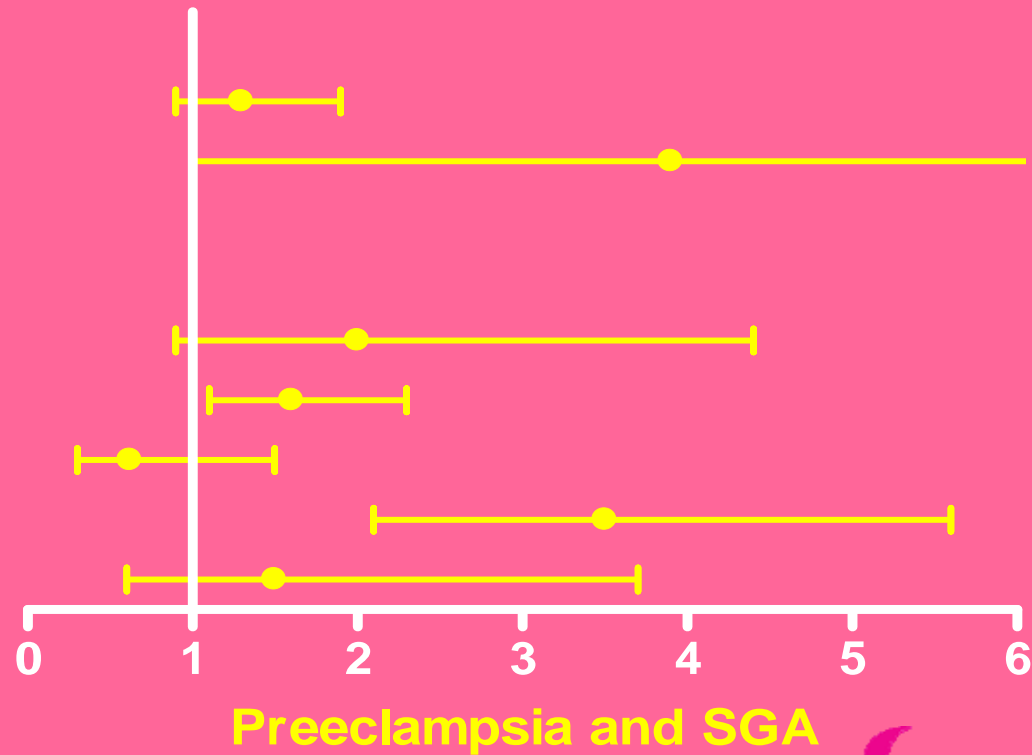
Shebl 2007

*Pinborg 2007

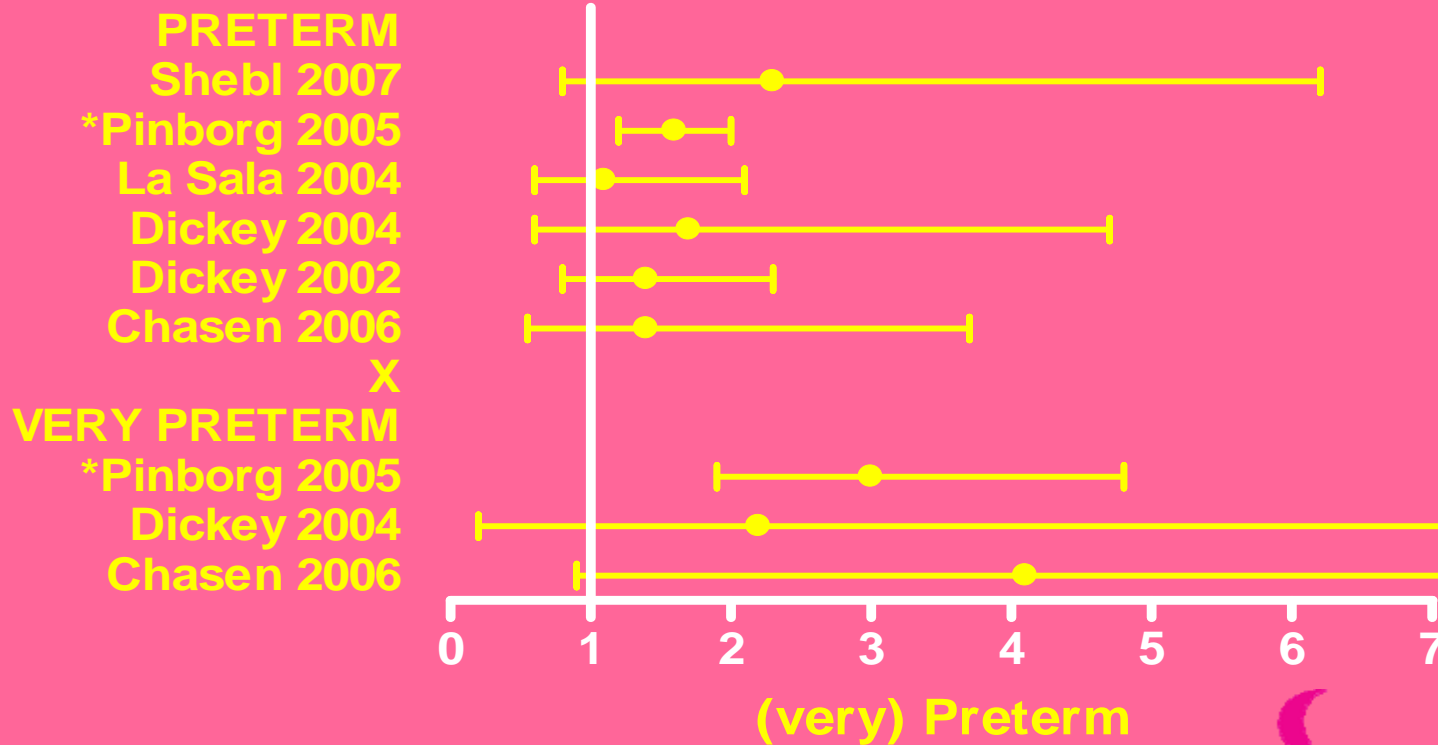
La Sala 2004

Dickey 2002

Chasen 2006



Vanishing Twin: Risk of Preterm <37 weeks and very Preterm <34 weeks



Vanishing twin; Preterm

<i>Preterm delivery <37 weeks</i>			Case	Control	OR	95% CI	%Case	%Control	Signi
Chasen et al	2006	Retrospective	55	168			12,7%	8,9%	NS
Dickey et al	2002	Retrospective	140	4.683			11,4%	8,3%	0,05
Dickey et al	2004	Retrospective	41	261			12,2%	7,3%	NS
La Sala et al	2004	Retrospective	62	437			19,3%	17,7%	NS
Pinborg et al	2005	Retrospective	642	5.237	1,6	1,2-2,0	13,2%	9,0%	0,001
Shebl et al	2007	Retrospective	46	92			19,6%	8,7%	0,067
<i>Very preterm delivery <32 weeks</i>									
Chasen et al	2006	Retrospective	55	168			7,3%	1,8%	0,04
Dickey et al	2004	Retrospective	41	261			2,4%	1,1%	NS
Pinborg et al	2005	Retrospective	642	5.237	3,0	1,9-4,8	3,8%	1,3%	0,001

Vanishing Twin; SGA-LBW

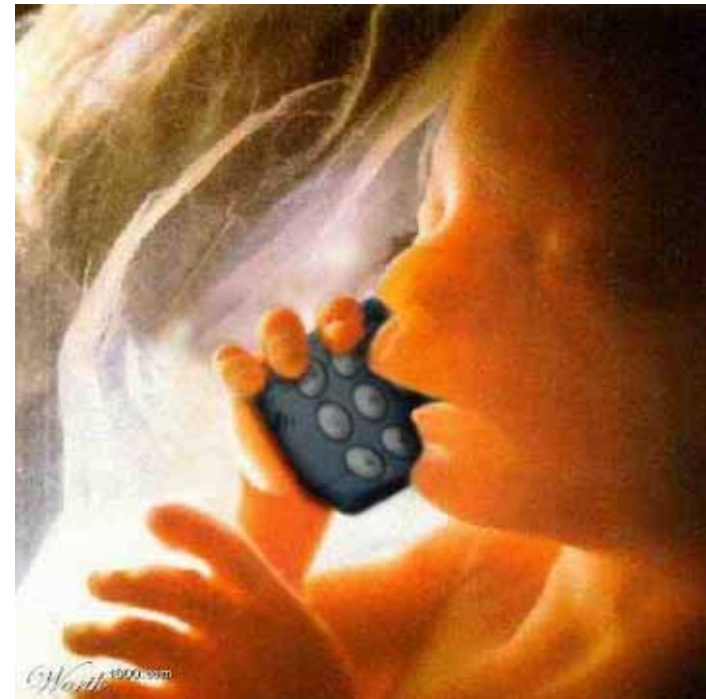
Low birth weight <2500g			Case	Control	OR	95%CI	%Case	%Cont rol	Signi	
La Sala et al	2004	Retrospective	62	437			9,7%	8,9%	NS	
Pinborg et al	2007	Retrospective	642	5.237	1,7	1,1-2,7			S	
			187	424	2,8	1,1-7,1			S	vanishing twin = 8 wks
Pinborg et al	2005	Retrospective	642	5.237	2,0	1,5-2,6	11,7%	6,3%	0,001	
Shebl et al	2007	Retrospective	46	92			26,1%	12,0%	0,036	
Very low birth weight <1500g										
La Sala et al	2004	Retrospective	62	437			3,2%	2,7%	NS	
Pinborg et al	2005	Retrospective	642	5.237	3,0	1,9-4,7	4,1%	1,5%	0,001	
Small for gestational age <10th										
Chasen et al	2006	Retrospective	55	168			14,5%	9,6%	NS	
Dickey et al	2002	Retrospective	140	4.683			15,7%	4,5%	NS	
La Sala et al	2004	Retrospective	62	437			9,7%	15,6%	NS	
Pinborg et al	2007	Retrospective	642	5.237	1,6	1,1-2,3			S	
			187	424	2,1	0,99-4,4			NS	Vanishing twin = 8 wks
Shebl et al	2007	Retrospective	46	92			32,6%	16,3%	0,029	

Acknowledgements

- Erasmus University Medical Center, Rotterdam
 - Niek Exalto, Robert Oppenraij
- Liverpool Women's Hospital, Liverpool
 - Roy Farquharson
- Rigshospitalet University Hospital, Copenhagen
 - Ole Christiansen
- Instituto Valenciano de Infertilidad Foundation, Valencia
 - Joson Horcajadas
- University College London
 -  Eric Jauniaux



Questions



NHS

Liverpool Women's
NHS Foundation Trust

Unresolved Questions

- Would screening early pregnancy events help in pregnancy management?
- Would risk assessment at antenatal booking improve our detection of adverse pregnancy outcome?
- Should scanning assessment of early pregnancy be extended beyond just viability and growth data?

Further Research Questions

- Would larger prospective observational studies help in risk assessment following EP events eg haematoma visualisation?
- Are patient symptoms reliable witnesses?
- Is there a place for treatment interventions?

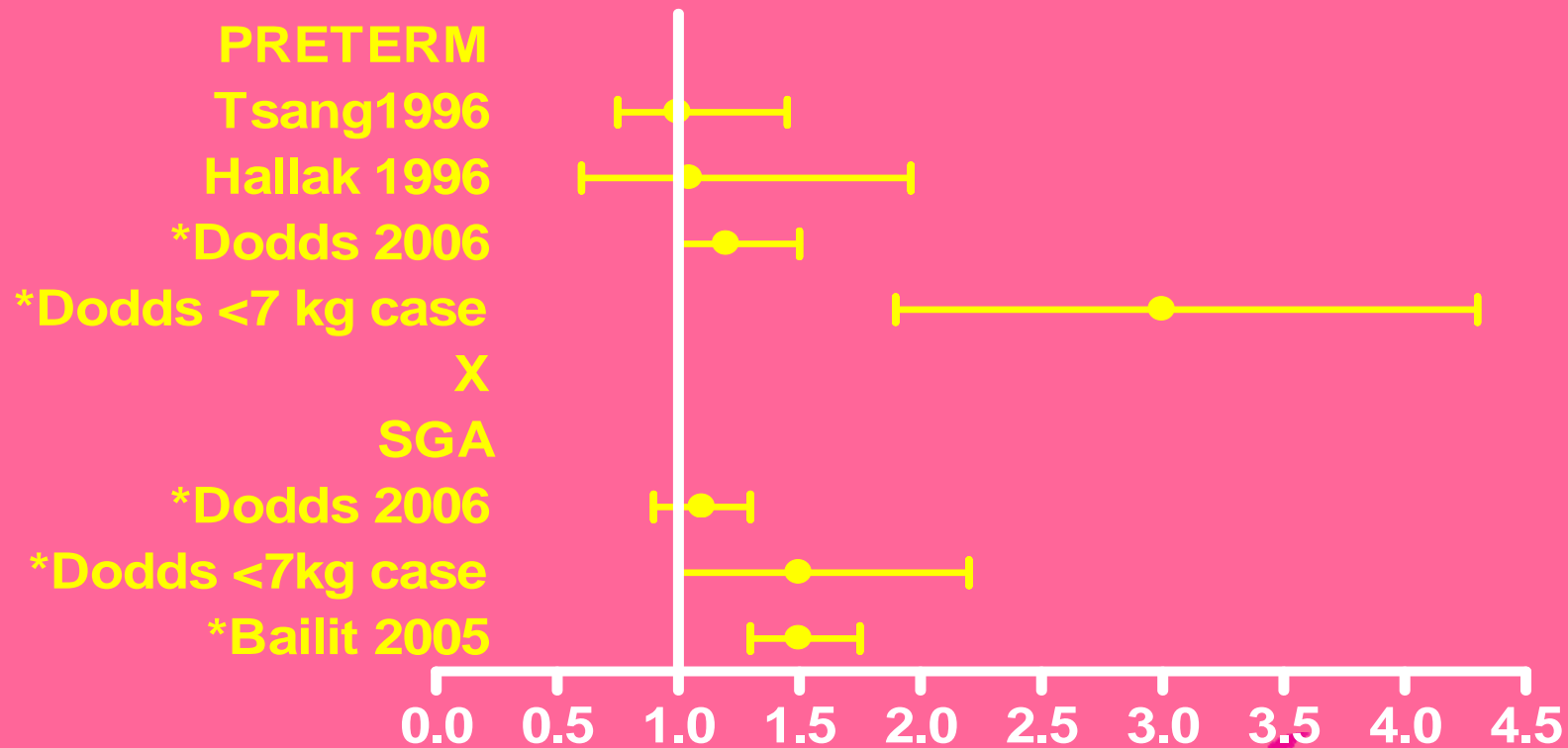
Hyperemesis gravidarum

- Incidence 0.3-1.5%
- Exact etiology remains unknown and therefore the treatment remains symptomatic
- Decreased risk of miscarriage OR 0.3, (95% CI 0.2-0.3)¹
- No increased risk of preeclampsia^{2,6}



1 Maconochie et al 2007; 2 Dodds et al 2006; 3 Hallak et al 1996; 4 Tsang et al 1996; 5 Bailit et al 2005; 6 Bashiri et al 1996; 7 Hou et al 1994; 8 Gross et al 1989; 9 Kawamura et al 2008

Hyperemesis: Preterm < 37 weeks and SGA



Preterm <37 weeks and SGA

CRL discrepancy

- If measured Crown-Rump Length (CRL) is smaller than expected (2-6 days)
 - Associated with higher risk of miscarriage¹
 - Associated with aneuploidy²⁻⁶
 - Related to birthweight^{7,8}
-
- If there is a CRL discrepancy: Dating issue or very early growth restriction?



1 Reljic 2001; 2 Kuhn et al 1995; 3 Schermer et al 1997; 4 Bahado-Sing et al 1997; 5 Falcon et al 2005; 6 Goldstein et al 1996; 7 Bukowski et al 2007; 8 Leung et al 2008; 9 Smith et al 1998

Hyperemesis Gravidarum

Preterm	Jaar	Opzet	Case	Control	OR	95% CI	%Case	%Cont	Sign	
Dodds et al	2000	Retrospective	1.270	154.821	1,2	1,0-1,5	6,5%	5,4%	S	
			144	127.835	3,0	1,9-4,3	13,9%	4,9%	S	Weight gain < 7kg
			144		1,4	0,9-2,1			NS	Weight gain < 7kg in Case and controls
Hallak et al	1996	Retrospective	98	12.335			11,2%	10,7%	NS	
Tsang et al	1996	Retrospective	193	12.857			23,0%	22,0%	NS	
Low birth weight <2500g										
Bailit et al	2005	Retrospective	2.270	486.505			7,8%	5,1%	0,01	
Dodds et al	2006	Retrospective	1.270	154.821	1,3	1,0-1,7	5,7%	4,6%	S	
			144	127.835	2,8	1,7-4,3	12,5%	4,2%	S	Weight gain < 7kg
			144		1,3	0,8-2,0			NS	Weight gain < 7kg in Case and controls
Very low birth weight <1500g										
Bailit et al	2005	Retrospective	2.270	486.505			1,5%	1,1%	0,04	
Small for gestation p<10										
Bailit et al	2005	Retrospective	2.270	486.505			29,2%	20,8%	0,01	
Dodds et al	2006	Retrospective	1.270	154.821	1,1	0,9-1,3	10,8%	10,0%	NS	
			144	127.835	1,5	1,0-2,2	14,6%	10,0%	S	Weight gain < 7kg
			144		1,1	0,7-1,5			NS	Weight gain < 7kg in Case and controls

