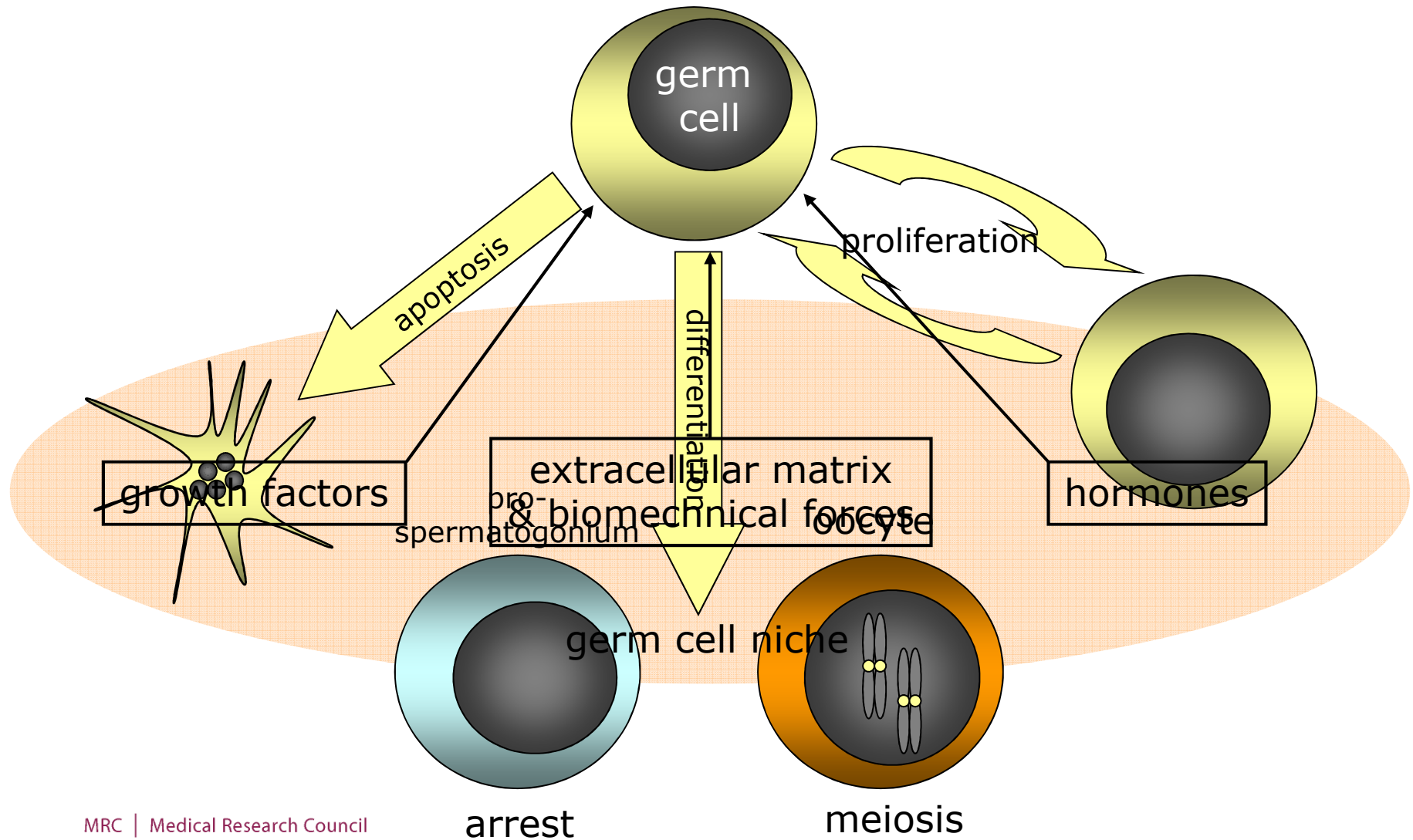


BMP signalling in the human fetal ovary is developmentally-regulated and promotes PGC apoptosis

Andrew Childs, PhD

MRC Human Reproductive Sciences Unit
Edinburgh, UK

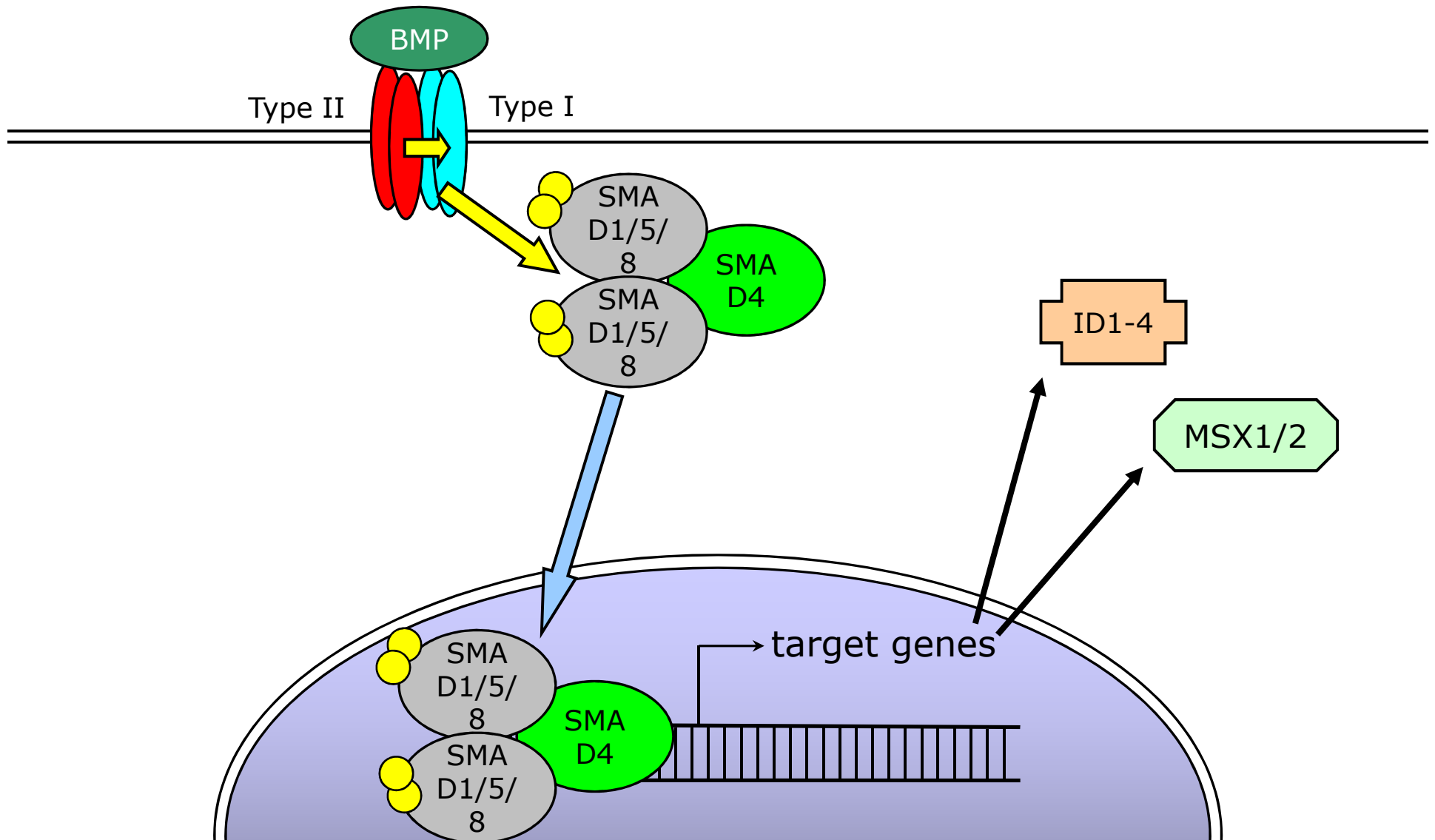
Extrinsic factors regulate germ cell fate decisions



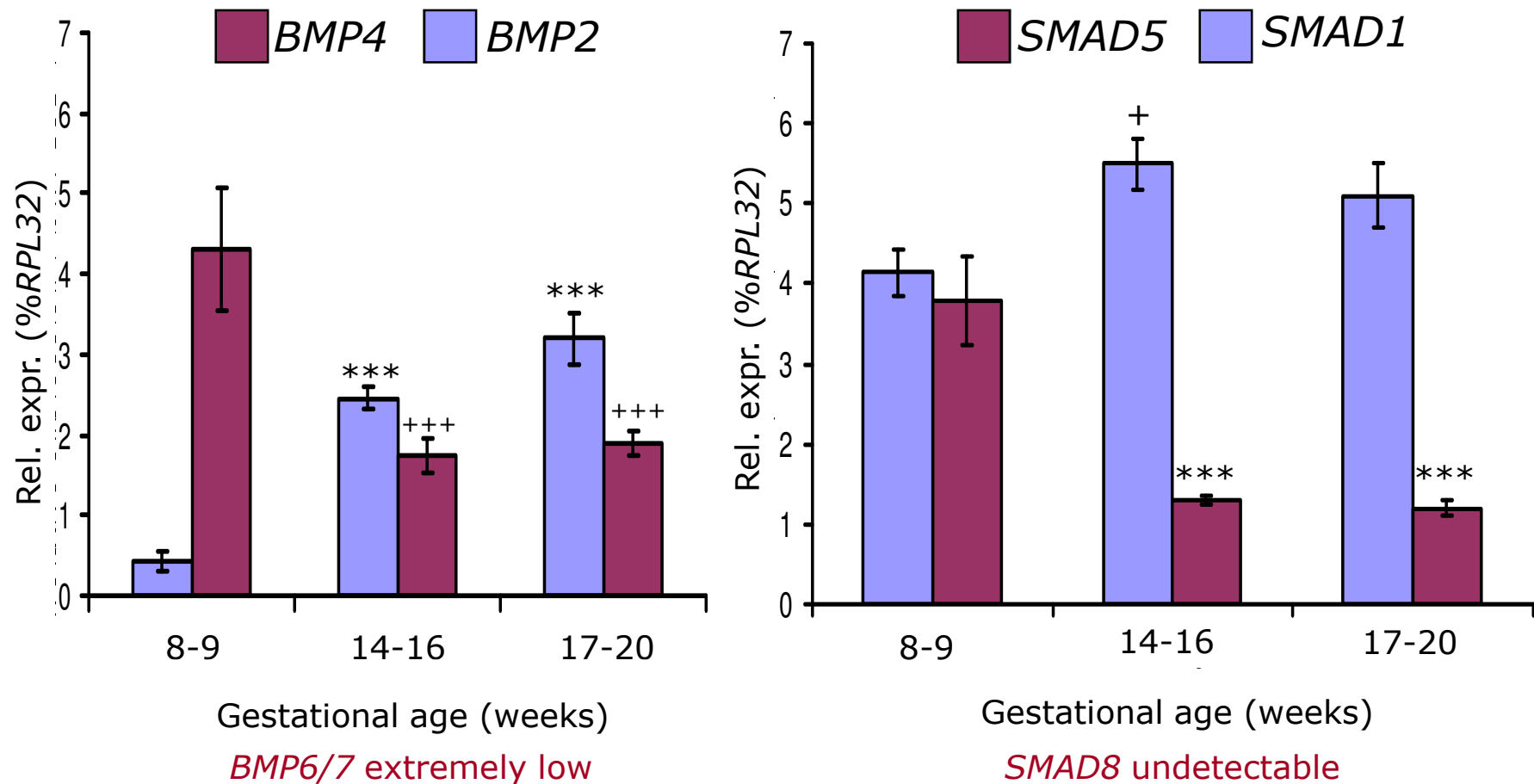
What is the function of BMP signalling in human fetal ovary?

- BMPs essential at multiple stages of gametogenesis
- BMP4 promotes proliferation of **isolated** mPGCs *in vitro*
 - Pesce *et al.*, 2002
- BMP4-treated fetal mouse ovaries contain fewer meiotic cells
 - Ross *et al.*, 2003
- No known roles for BMP4 in regulating human PGCs

The BMP signalling pathway

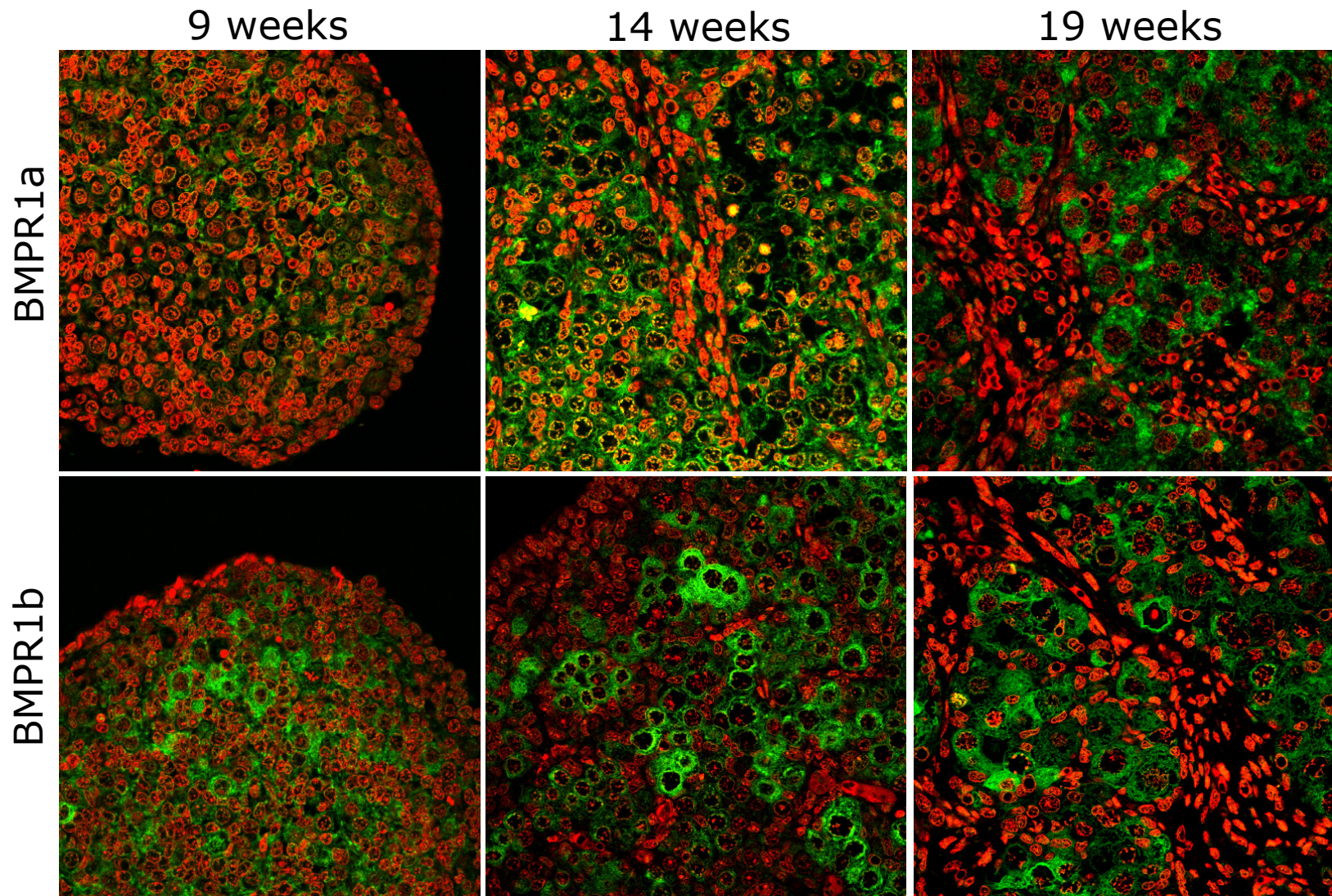


Are BMPs expressed in the human fetal ovary?



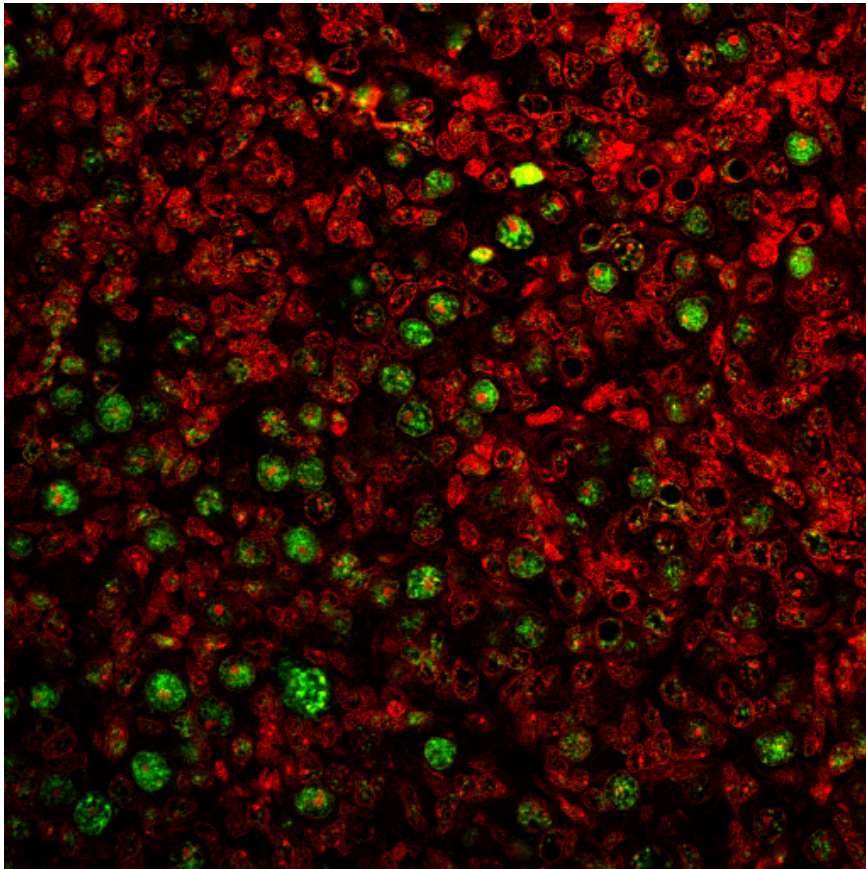
+p=0.05, 8-9 v 14-16 wks, +++p=0.001, 8-9 v 14-16/17-20 wks, ***p<0.0001, 8-9 v 14-16 wks, n=5-6

What are the targets of fetal ovarian BMP signalling?

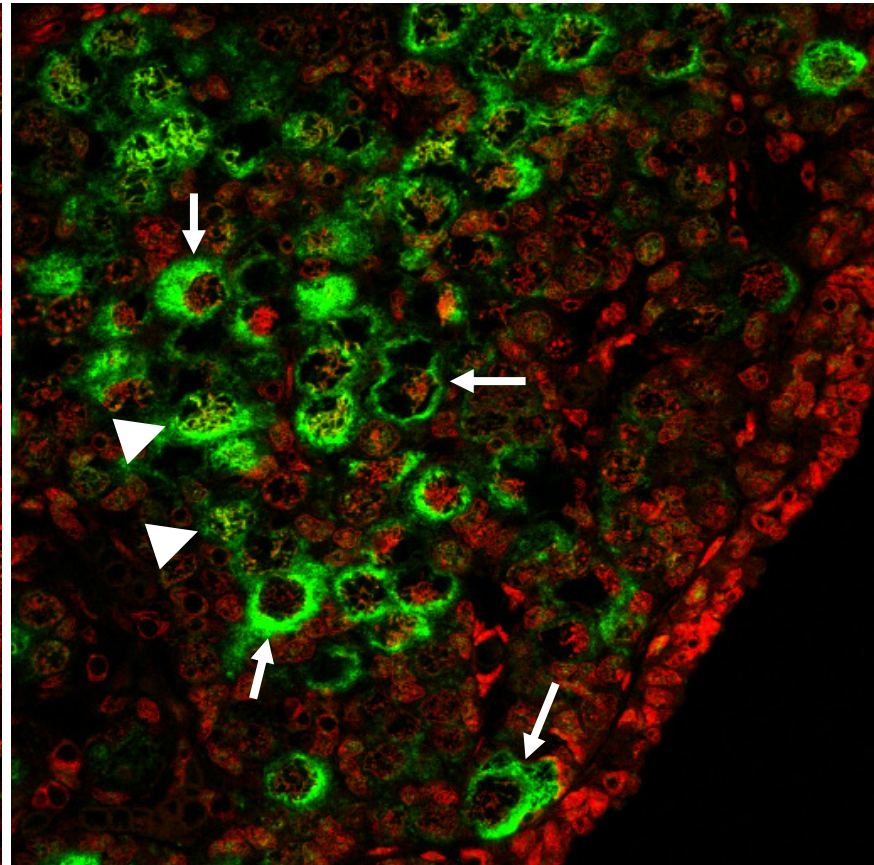


Red:propidium iodide, green:BMPR1a/b

Is BMP signalling active in the human fetal ovary?

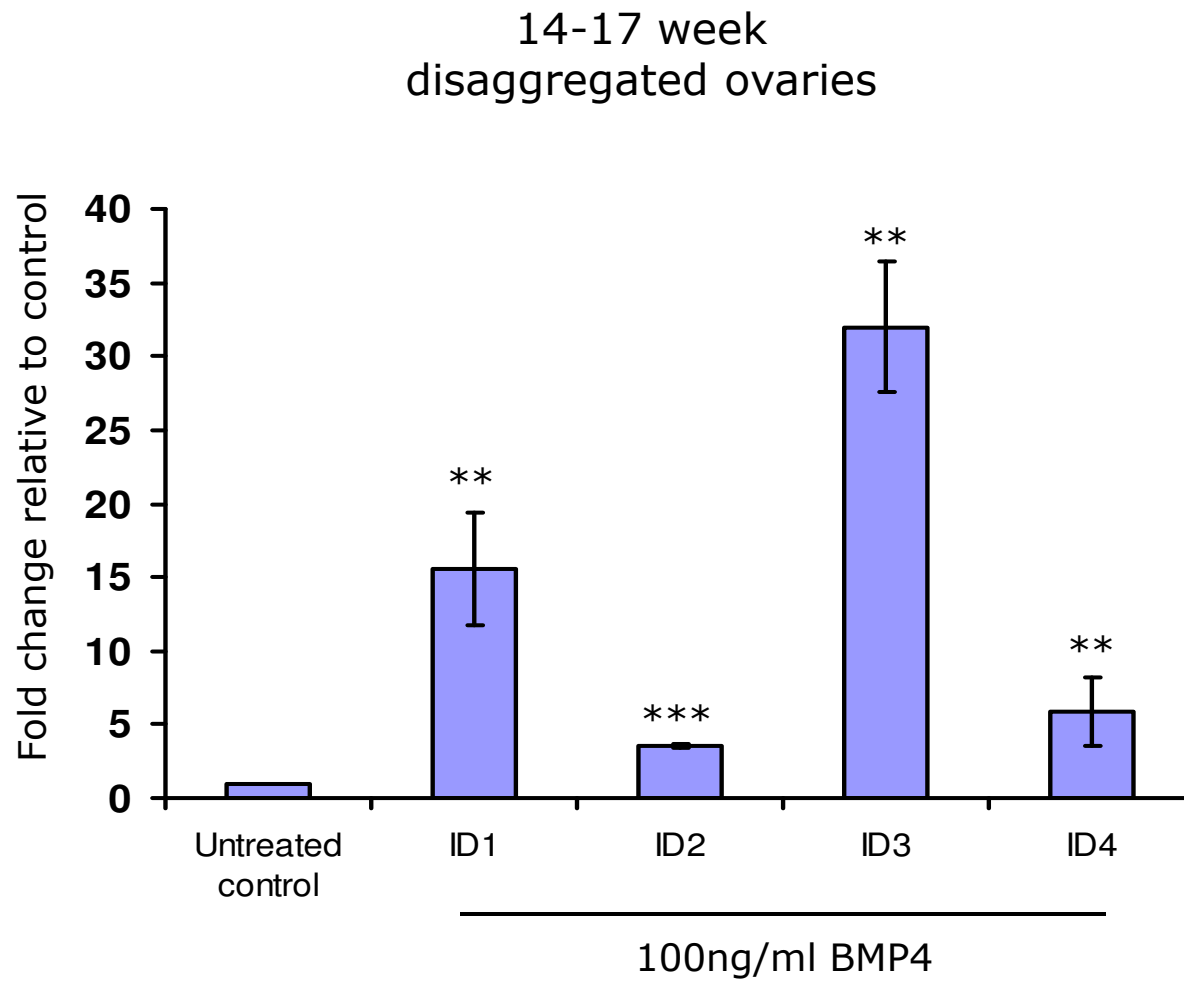


9 weeks



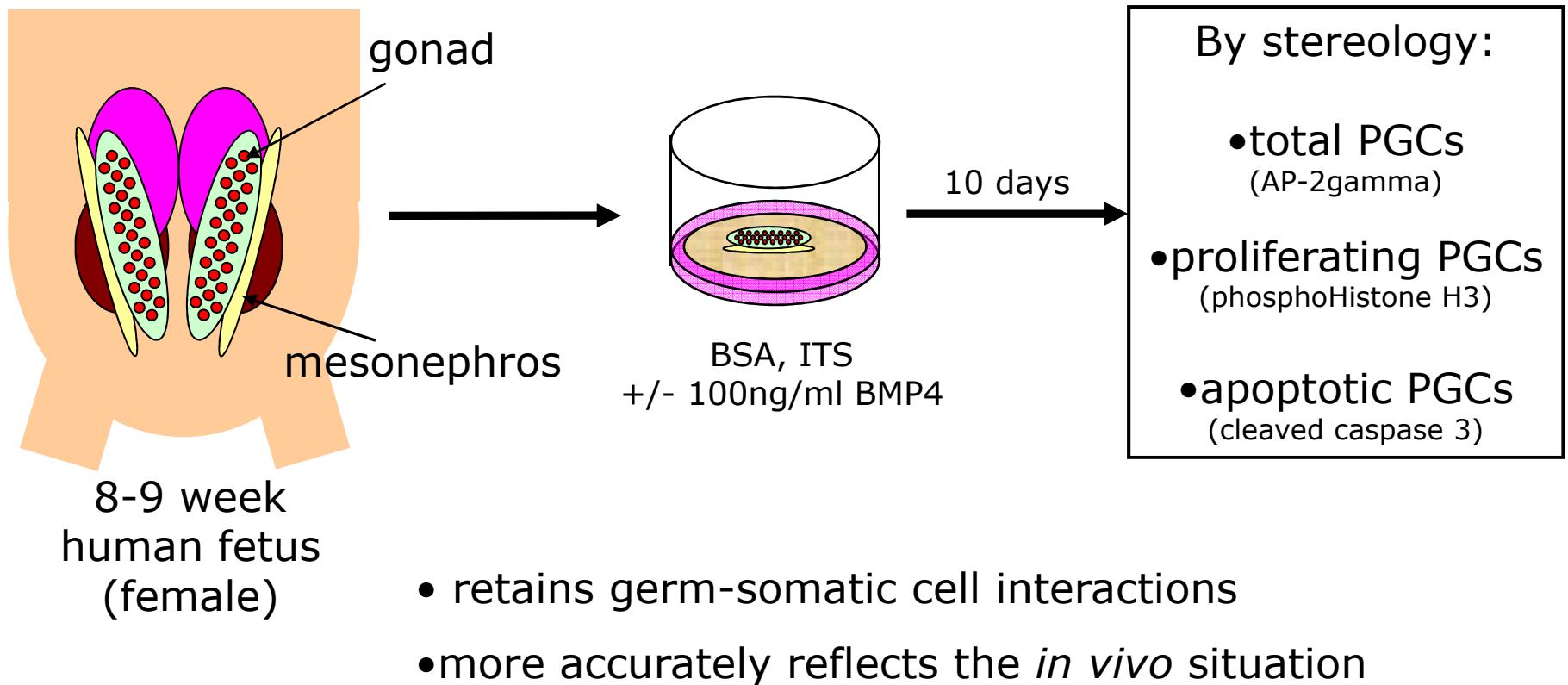
19 weeks

Re-localisation of pSMAD1/5 does not impair germ cell responsiveness to BMP4

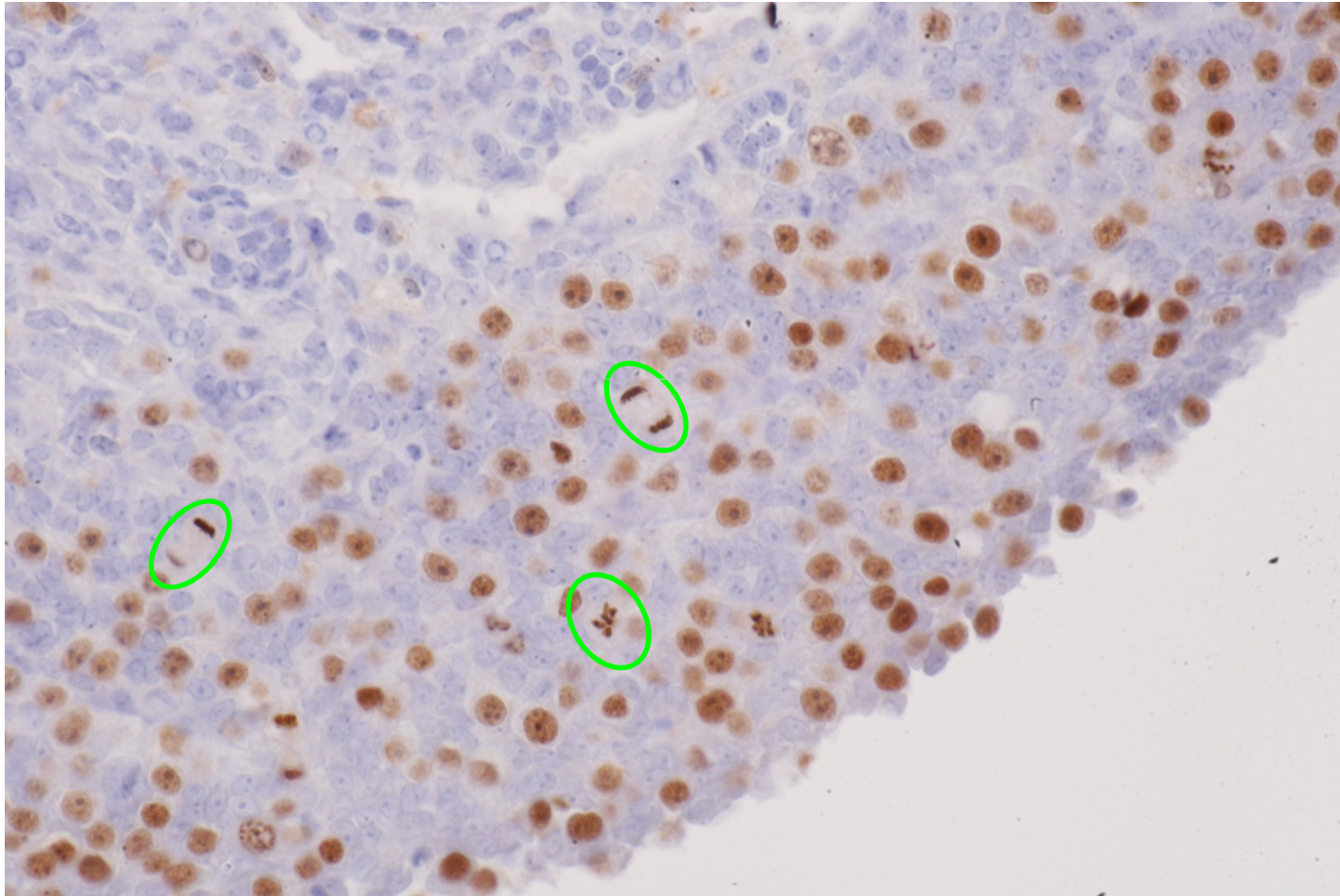


(**p<0.01,***p<0.001, n=3)

Determining the effects of BMP4 treatment on first trimester germ cells

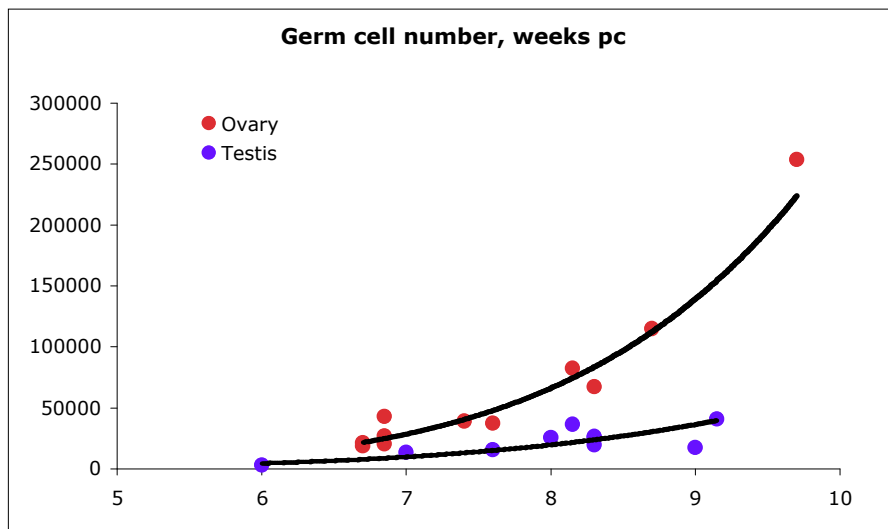


Gonadal architecture is maintained *ex vivo* in the absence of growth factor support

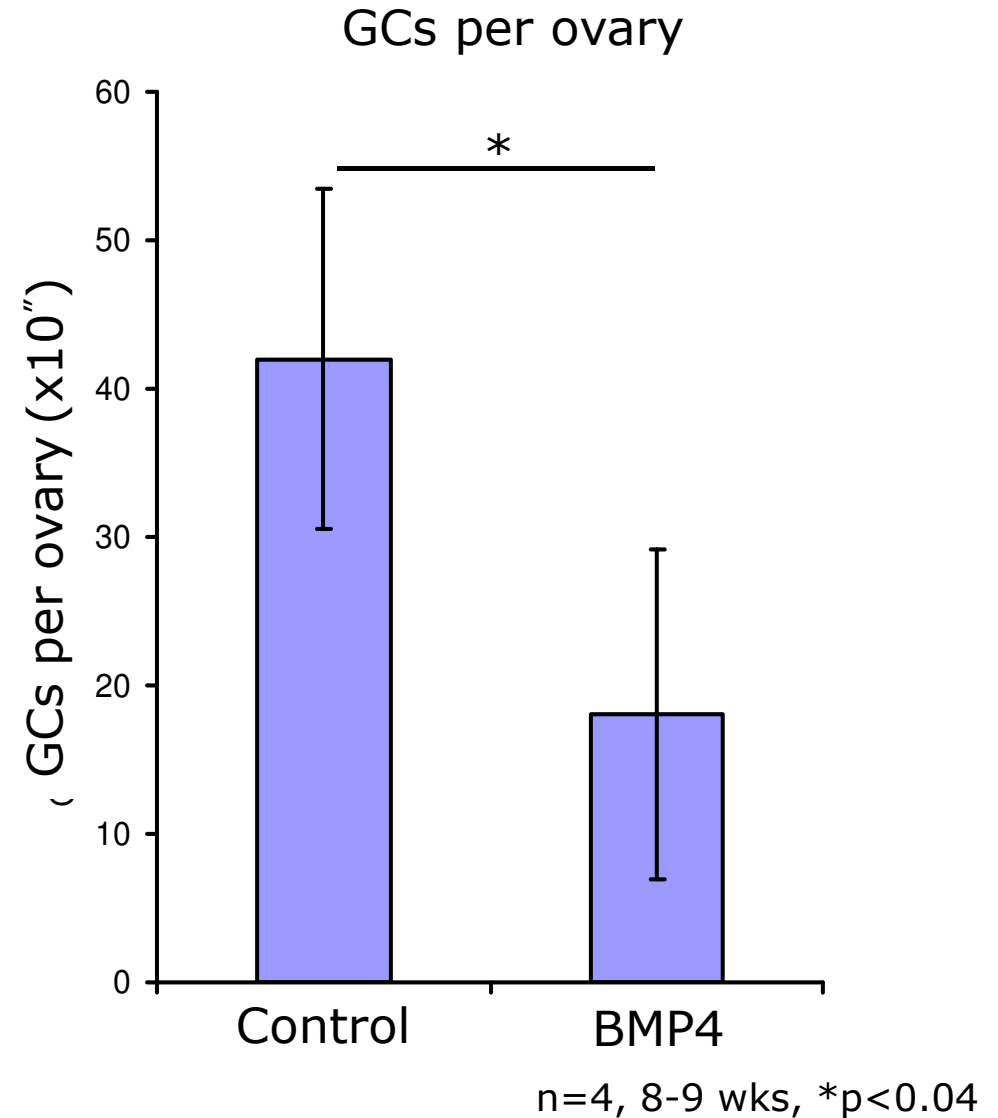


63d ovary +10d culture, GC marker: AP-2 γ

Does BMP4 treatment affect germ cell number?

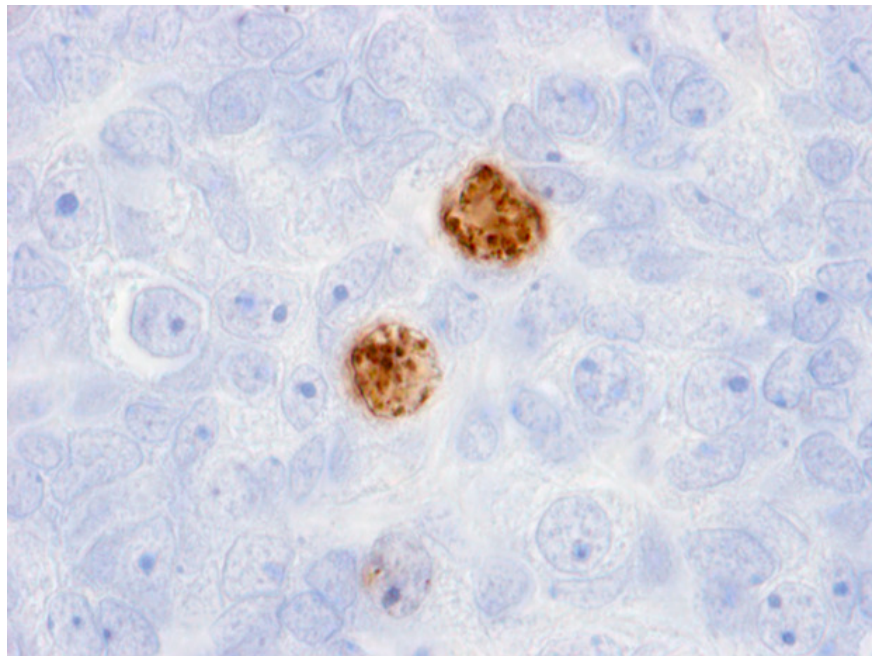


Data from Bendtsen et al 2003, 2006



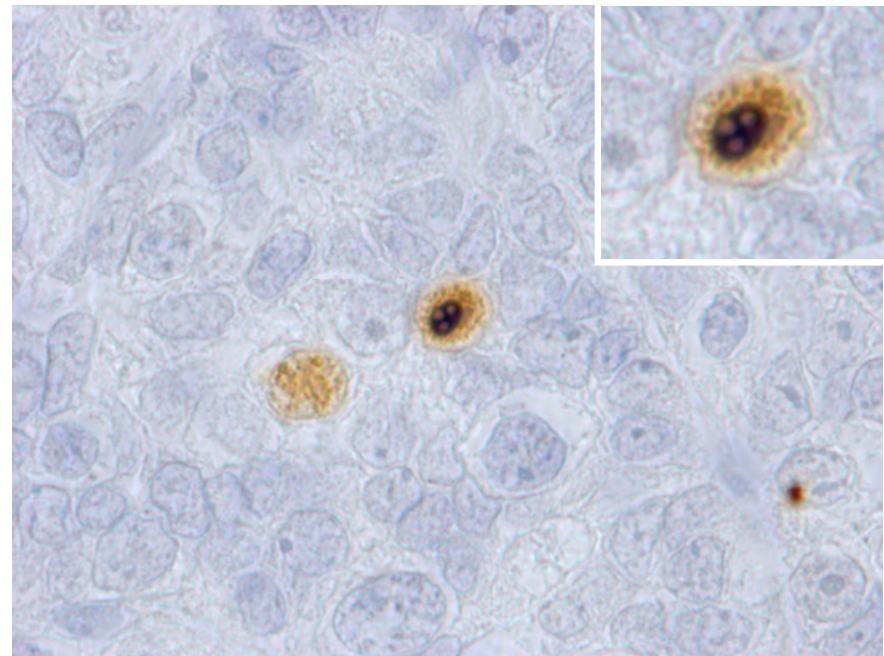
Does BMP4 inhibit proliferation or promote apoptosis?

Proliferation



phosphoHistone H3

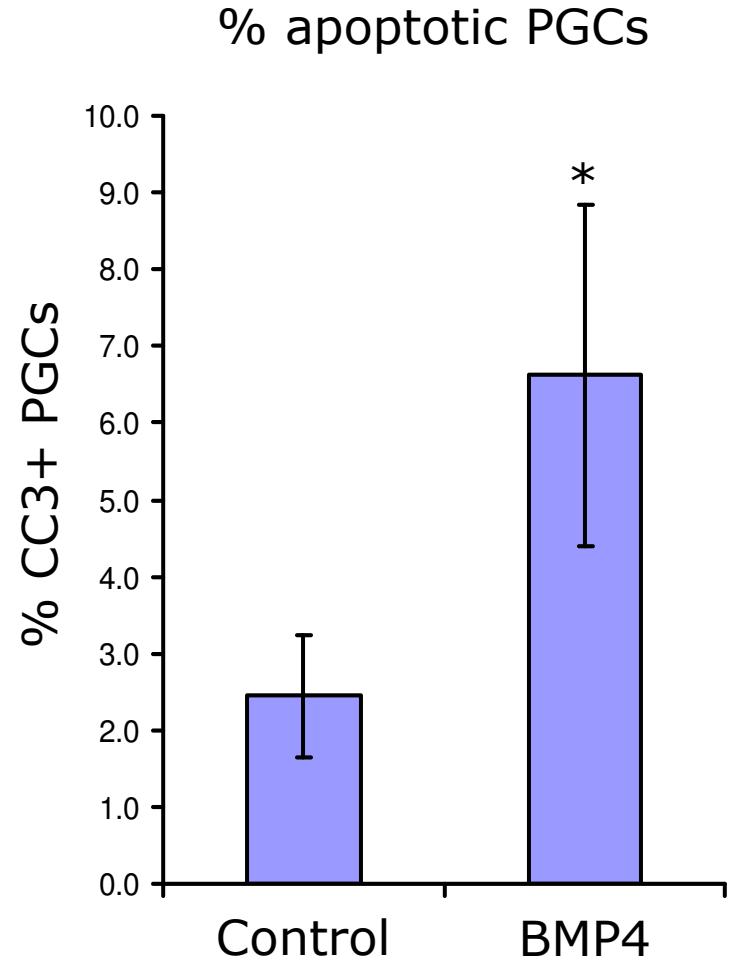
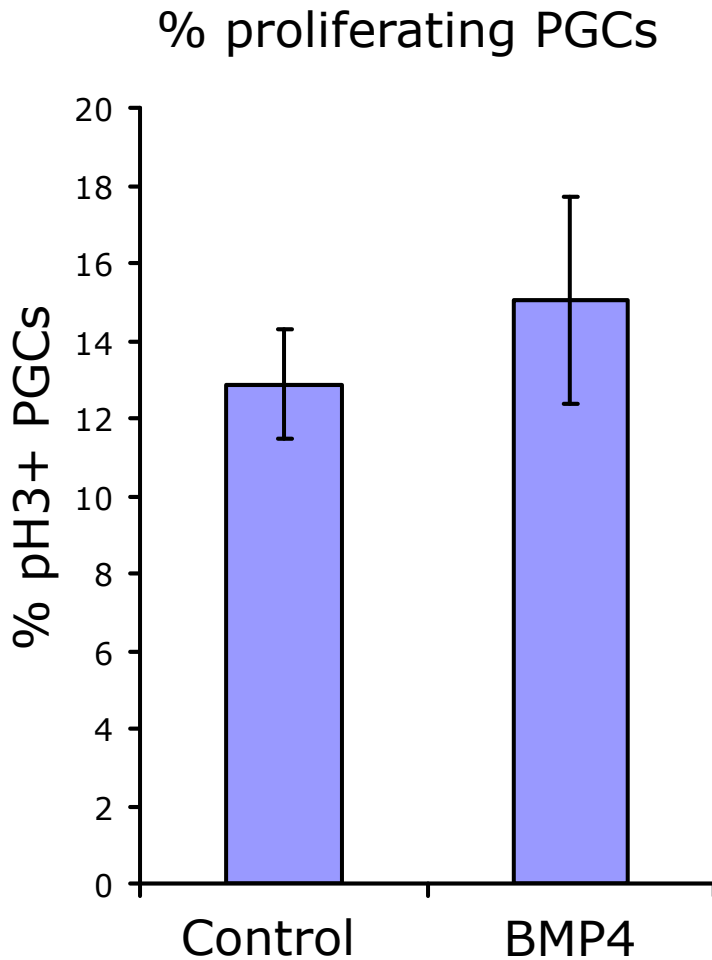
Apoptosis



Cleaved Caspase 3

63d ovary +10d culture

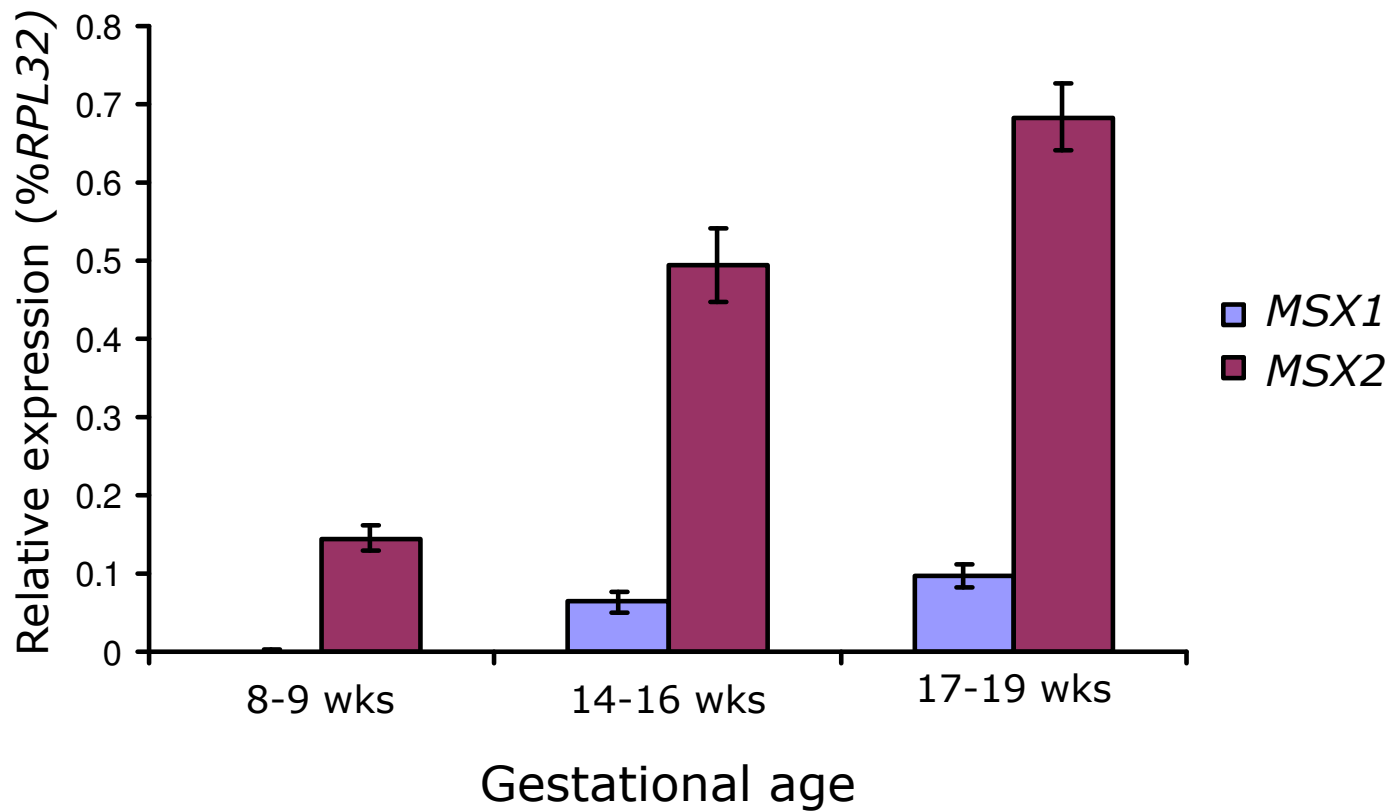
Does BMP4 inhibit proliferation or promote apoptosis?



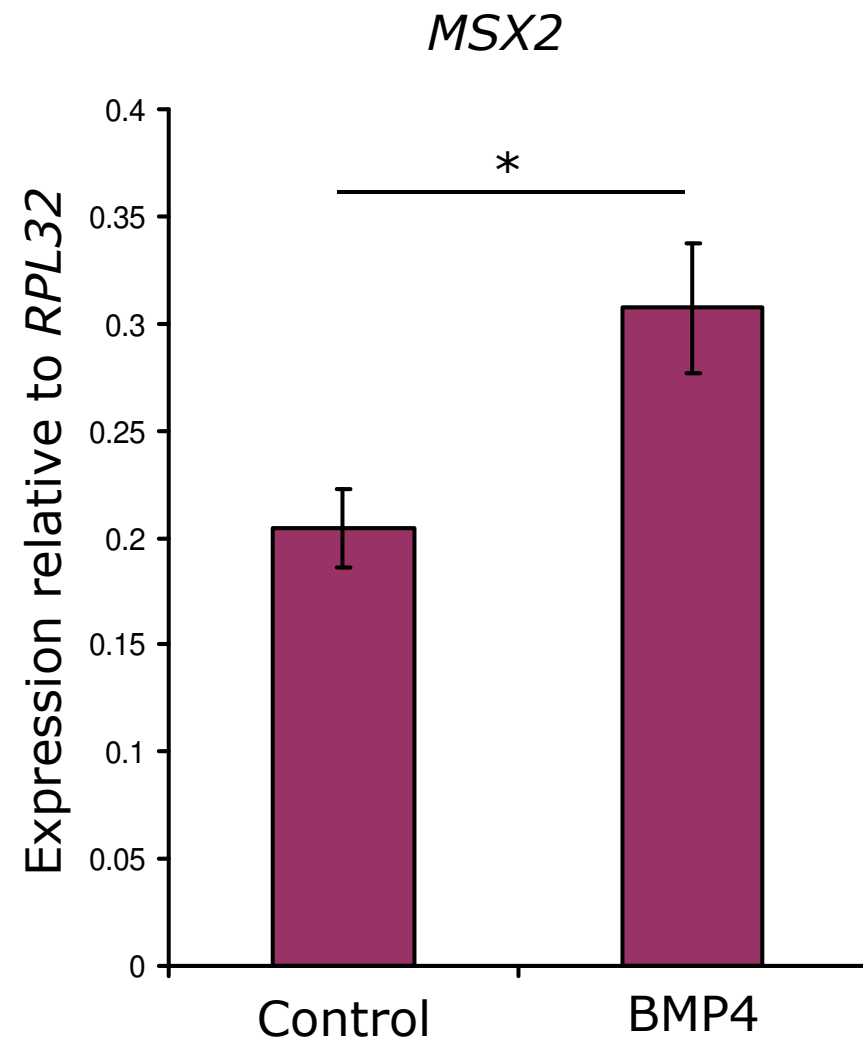
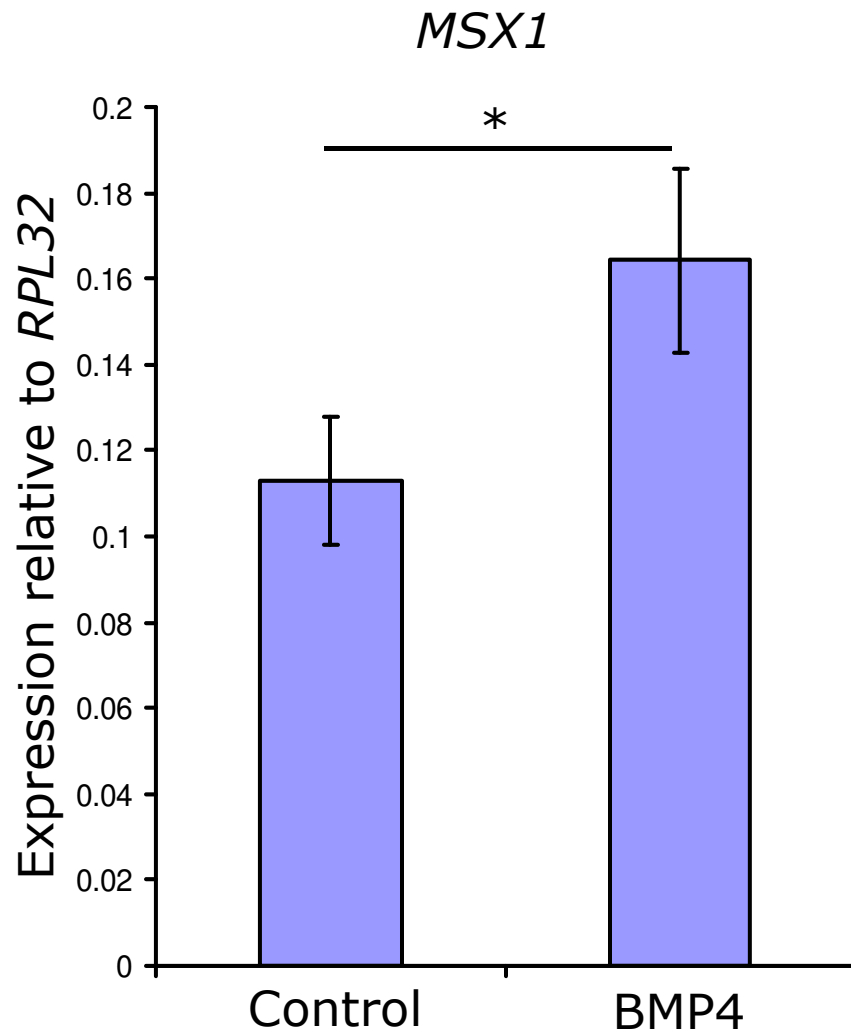
BMPs have pro-apoptotic effects in diverse developmental contexts

- Eye development
 - Trousse *et al.*, 2001
- Capillary regression
 - Kimono and Shibuya, 2003
- Inter-digital apoptosis during limb morphogenesis
 - Zou and Niswander, 1996
- Focal apoptosis during brain development
 - Graham *et al.* 1993, 1994
- Promote apoptosis in association with MSX proteins
 - *Hox*-related developmental regulators
 - expression not previously described in the gonad

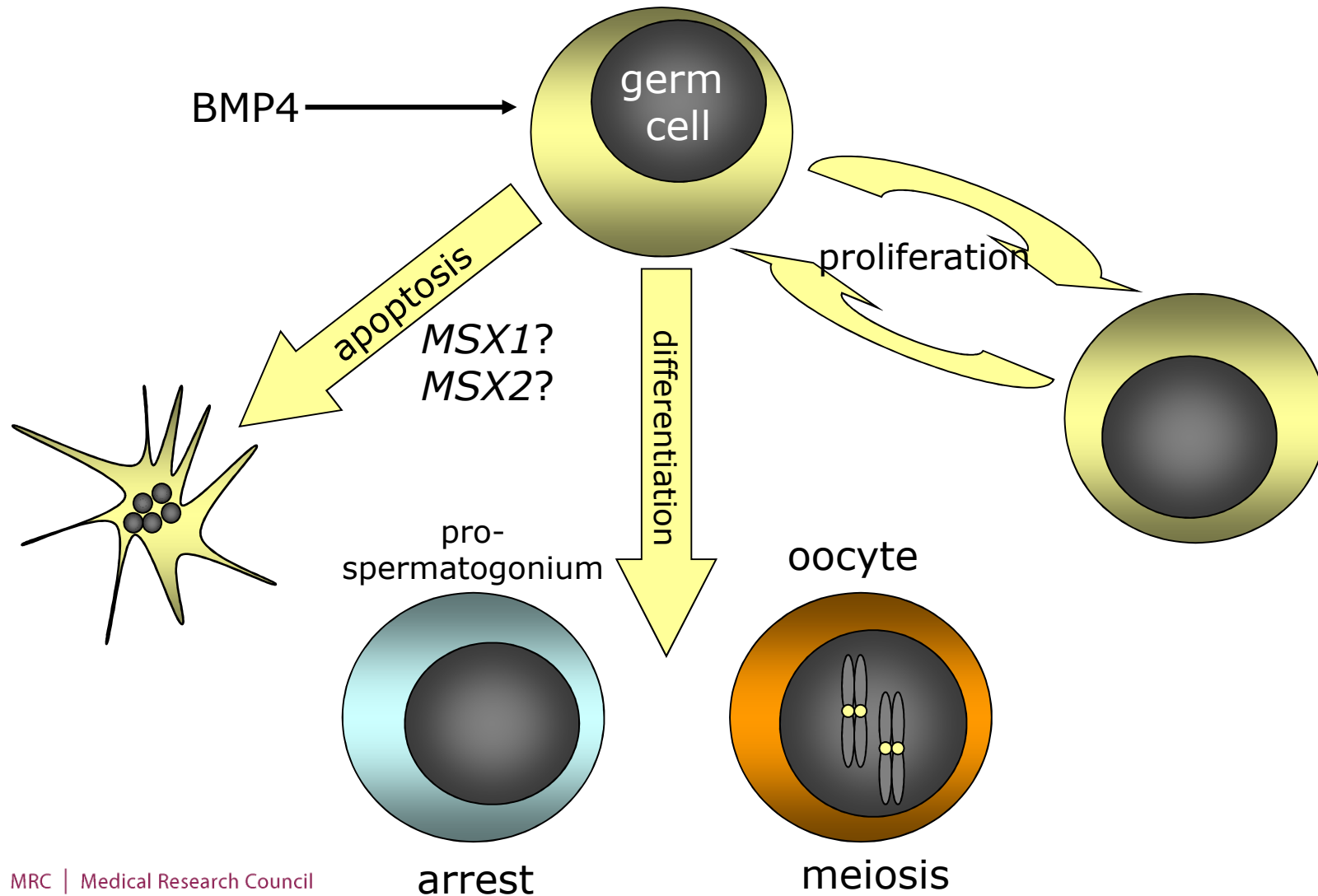
MSX genes are expressed in human fetal ovary



Does BMP4 promote *MSX* gene expression in the human fetal gonad?



BMP4 promotes apoptosis in human PGCs



Conclusions

- Expression and functionality of BMP signalling is developmentally-regulated in human fetal ovary.
- BMP4 promotes apoptosis in human ovarian PGCs.
 - May explain the reduction in meiotic cells in BMP-treated fetal mouse ovaries.
- Organ culture vs. isolated PGCs?
 - Subtle differences in developmental stage?
 - Effect of feeder cells?

Acknowledgements



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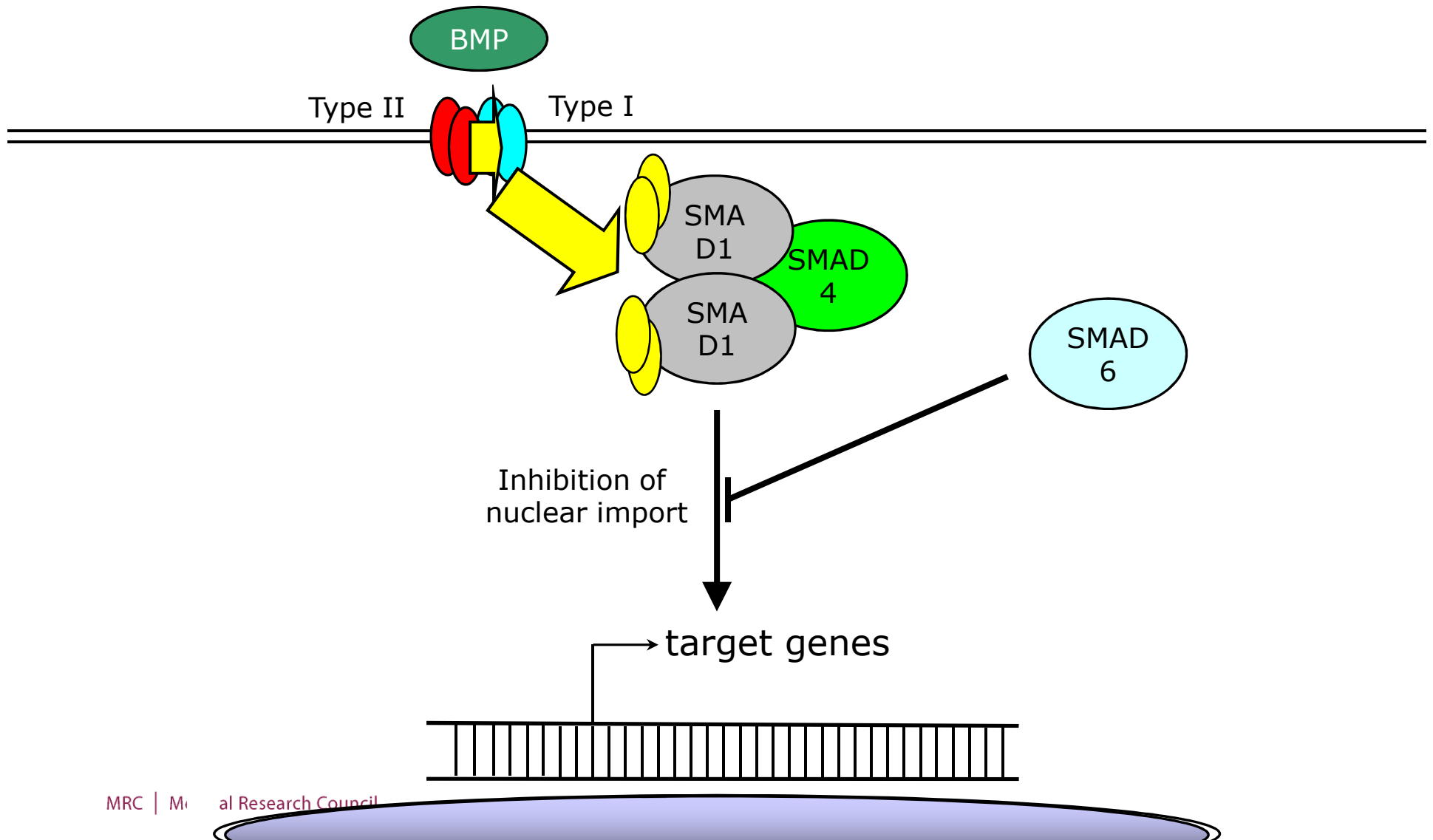
R.I.E.

Anne Saunderson
Joan Creiger
Isobel Morton
Bruntsfield Suite staff

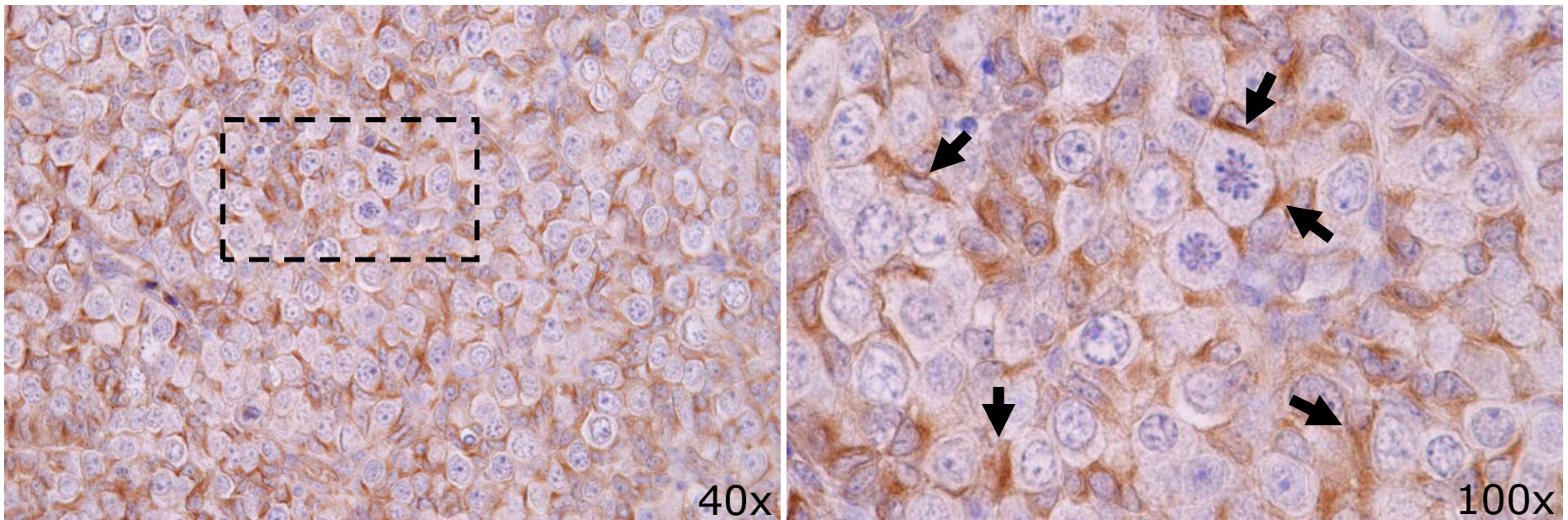


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SMAD6 can inhibit SMAD nuclear translocation by sequestering pSMAD1/5



Does SMAD6 inhibit pSMAD1/5 nuclear trans-localisation?

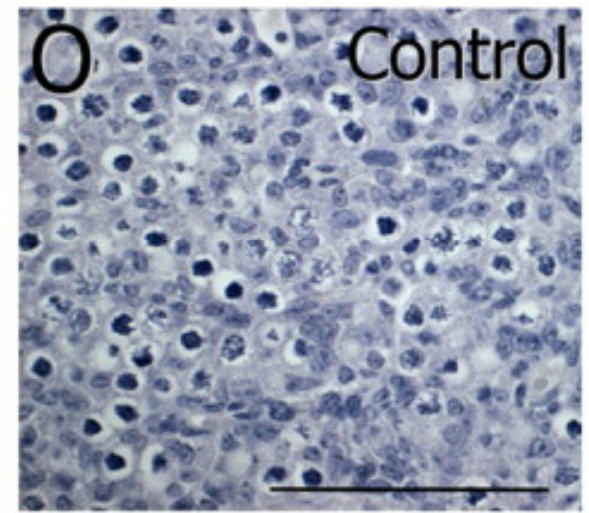
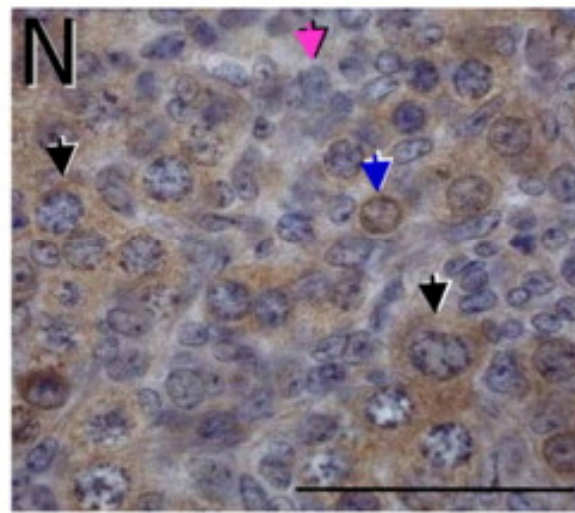
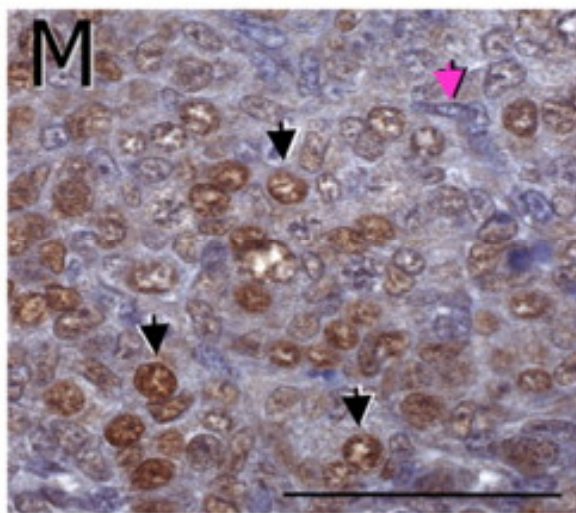


SMAD6 expressed exclusively by somatic cells

RanBP5 / Importin β 3 relocalises at meiosis in the fetal mouse ovary

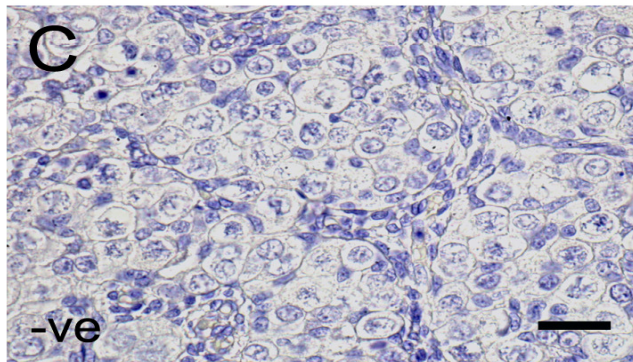
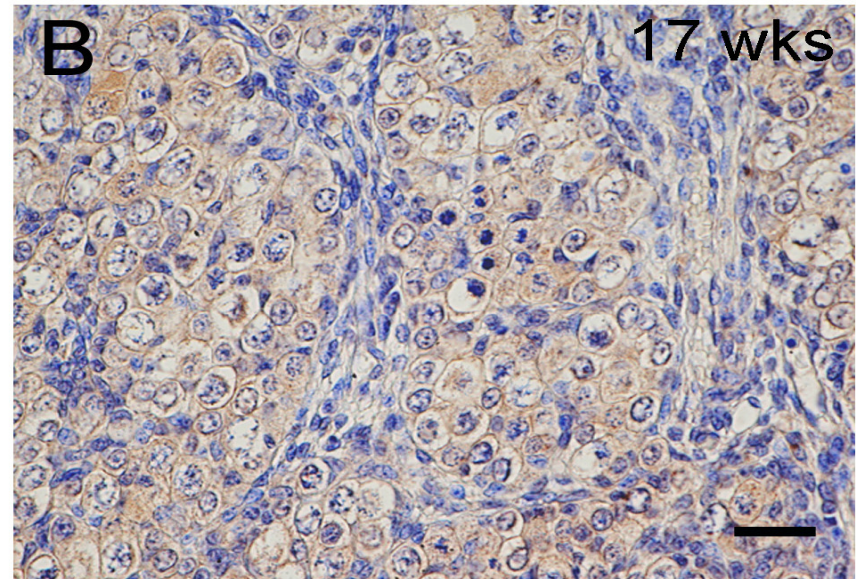
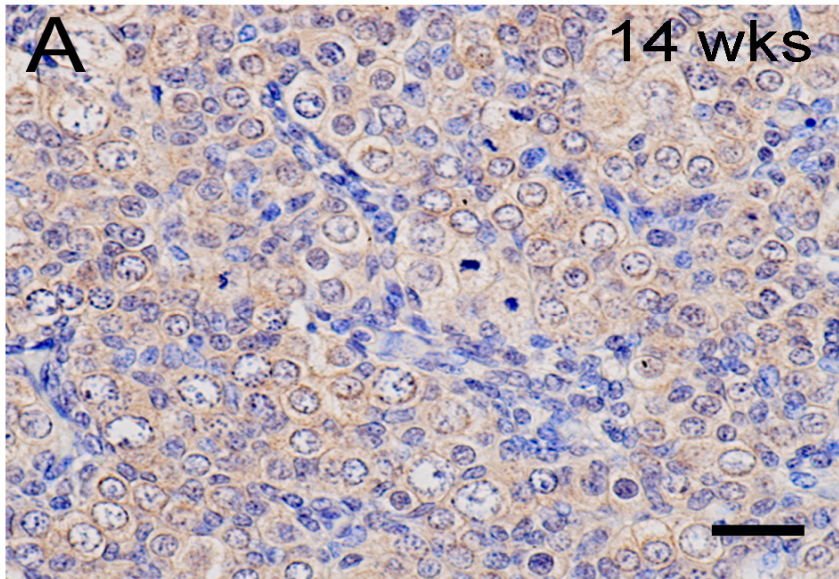
E13.5

E14.5



Hogarth *et al.* (2007) *Dev Dyn* 236:2311

Is BMP4 an autocrine factor?



Antibody specificity?

Typical cross-reaction of 5-10% with BMP2, and BMPRs

Effects of dorsomorphin on gonadal development



DMSO

10uM
Dorsomorphin



DMSO

10uM
Dorsomorphin